

Quality People. Building Solutions.

Comfort Systems USA (Arkansas), Inc.
P.O. Box 16620
Little Rock, AR 72231
Phone 501-834-3320
Fax 501-834-5416

Date: 10/4/2022

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Project: ATU – Jones Hall

Supplier: Airetech

Manufacturer: LG

Submittal: Ductless Mini-Splits (MSCU-1/MS-1 thru MS-3)

Submittal Number: 23 81 28-01

Drawing # and Installation: Mechanical Drawings

ARCHITECT

SCM Architects
1400 Kirk Rd. Suite 220
Little Rock, AR 72223
501-224-3055

ENGINEER

Pettit & Pettit
201 E. Markham, Suite 400
Little Rock, AR 72201
501-374-3731

GENERAL CONTRACTOR

Alessi Keyes Construction
10623 Maumelle Blvd.
N. Little Rock, AR 72113
501-225-6699

MECHANICAL SUBCONTRACTOR

Comfort Systems USA (Arkansas), Inc.
9924 Landers Rd.
N. Little Rock, AR 72117
501-834-3320

Notes:

CSUSA PROJECT NO.

22-620

sean@comfortar.com

ALESSI KEYES CONSTRUCTION
REVIEWED FOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE
WITH CONTRACT DOCUMENTS
Charley Dawson 10/17/2022

9924 Landers Rd.
No. Little Rock, AR 72117



Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual

EQUIPMENT: LG HEAT PUMP

PROJECT: ATU JONES HALL
LOCATION: Russellville, Arkansas

MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR: Comfort Systems USA Construction

SUBMITTED BY: Forrest Moseley
Forrest@airetechcorp.com
(501) 425-6112

Job # 71022

INSTALLATION MANUAL

AIR CONDITIONER

Please read this installation manual completely before installing the product.
Installation work must be performed in accordance with the national wiring standards
by authorized personnel only.

Please retain this installation manual for future reference after reading it thoroughly.

MULTI V™ 5

For Heat Pump / Heat Recovery system
Original instruction



MFL68980308
Rev.03_051320

www.lghvac.com
www.lg.com

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TIPS FOR SAVING ENERGY

Here are some tips that will help you minimize the power consumption when you use the air conditioner. You can use your air conditioner more efficiently by referring to the instructions below:

- Do not cool excessively indoors. This may be harmful for your health and may consume more electricity.
- Block sunlight with blinds or curtains while you are operating the air conditioner.
- Keep doors or windows closed tightly while you are operating the air conditioner.
- Adjust the direction of the air flow vertically or horizontally to circulate indoor air.
- Speed up the fan to cool or warm indoor air quickly, in a short period of time.
- Open windows regularly for ventilation as the indoor air quality may deteriorate if the air conditioner is used for many hours.
- Clean the air filter once every 2 weeks. Dust and impurities collected in the air filter may block the air flow or weaken the cooling / dehumidifying functions.

For your records

Staple your receipt to this page in case you need it to prove the date of purchase or for warranty purposes. Write the model number and the serial number here:

Model number : _____

Serial number : _____

You can find them on a label on the side of each unit.

Dealer's name : _____

Date of purchase : _____

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE APPLIANCE.

Always comply with the following precautions to avoid dangerous situations and ensure peak performance of your product.

⚠ WARNING

It can result in serious injury or death when the directions are ignored.

⚠ CAUTION

It can result in minor injury or product damage when the directions are ignored.

⚠ WARNING

- Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others. Installation of all field wiring and components **MUST** conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code 70 and the National Building Construction and Safety Code or Canadian Electrical code and National Building Code of Canada.
- The information contained in the manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments.
- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

Installation

- Have all electric work done by a licensed electrician according to "Electric Facility Engineering Standard" and "Interior Wire Regulations" and the instructions given in this manual and always use a special circuit.
 - If the power source capacity is inadequate or electric work is performed improperly, electric shock or fire may result.
- Ask the dealer or an authorized technician to install the air conditioner.
 - Improper installation by the user may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
- Always ground the product.
 - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Always install a dedicated circuit and breaker.
 - Improper wiring or installation may cause fire or electric shock.
- For re-installation of the installed product, always contact a dealer or an Authorized Service Center.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Do not install, remove, or re-install the unit by yourself (customer).
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Do not store or use flammable gas or combustibles near the air conditioner.
 - There is risk of fire or failure of product.
- Use the correctly rated breaker or fuse.
 - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Prepare for strong wind or earthquake and install the unit at the specified place.
 - Improper installation may cause the unit to topple and result in injury.
- Do not install the product on a defective installation stand.
 - It may cause injury, accident, or damage to the product.
- Use a vacuum pump or Inert(nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion.
 - There is the risk of death, injury, fire or explosion.
- When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, do not charge it with a different refrigerant from the refrigerant specified on the unit.
 - If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- Do not reconstruct to change the settings of the protection devices.
 - If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by LGE are used, fire or explosion may result.
- Ventilate before operating air conditioner when gas leaked out.
 - It may cause explosion, fire, and burn.
- Securely install the cover of control box and the panel.
 - If the cover and panel are not installed securely, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit and fire or electric shock may result.
- If the air conditioner is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit when the refrigerant leaks.
 - Consult the dealer regarding the appropriate measures to prevent the safety limit from being exceeded. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the safety limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room could result.

Operation

- Do not damage or use an unspecified power cord.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Use a dedicated outlet for this appliance.
 - There is risk of fire or electrical shock.
- Be cautious that water could not enter the product.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, or product damage.
- Do not touch the power switch with wet hands.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- When the product is soaked (flooded or submerged), contact an Authorized Service Center.
 - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Be cautious not to touch the sharp edges when installing.
 - It may cause injury.
- Take care to ensure that nobody could step on or fall onto the outdoor unit.
 - This could result in personal injury and product damage.
- Do not open the inlet grille of the product during operation. (Do not touch the electrostatic filter, if the unit is so equipped.)
 - There is risk of physical injury, electric shock, or product failure.

CAUTION

Installation

- Always check for gas (refrigerant) leakage after installation or repair of product.
 - Low refrigerant levels may cause failure of product.
- Do not install the product where the noise or hot air from the outdoor unit could damage the neighborhoods.
 - It may cause a problem for your neighbors.
- Keep level even when installing the product.
 - To avoid vibration or water leakage.
- Do not install the unit where combustible gas may leak.
 - If the gas leaks and accumulates around the unit, an explosion may result.
- Use power cables of sufficient current carrying capacity and rating.
 - Cables that are too small may leak, generate heat, and cause a fire.
- Do not use the product for special purposes, such as preserving foods, works of art, etc. It is a consumer air conditioner, not a precision refrigeration system.
 - There is risk of damage or loss of property.
- Keep the unit away from children. The heat exchanger is very sharp.
 - It can cause the injury, such as cutting the finger. Also the damaged fin may result in degradation of capacity.
- When installing the unit in a hospital, communication station, or similar place, provide sufficient protection against noise.
 - The inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or radio communication equipment may cause the air conditioner to operate erroneously, or fail to operate. On the other hand, the air conditioner may affect such equipment by creating noise that disturbs medical treatment or image broadcasting.
- Do not install the product where it is exposed to sea wind (salt spray) directly.
 - It may cause corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.
- Auto-addressing should be done in condition of connecting the power of all indoor and outdoor units. Auto-addressing should also be done in case of changing the indoor unit PCB.
- Use a firm stool or ladder when cleaning or maintaining the air conditioner.
 - Be careful and avoid personal injury.
- Do not insert hands or other objects through the air inlet or outlet while the air conditioner is plugged in.
 - There are sharp and moving parts that could cause personal injury.

Operation

- Do not use the air conditioner in special environments.
 - Oil, steam, sulfuric smoke, etc. can significantly reduce the performance of the air conditioner or damage its parts.
- Do not block the inlet or outlet.
 - It may cause failure of appliance or accident.
- Make the connections securely so that the outside force of the cable may not be applied to the terminals.
 - Inadequate connection and fastening may generate heat and cause a fire.
- Be sure the installation area does not deteriorate with age.
 - If the base collapses, the air conditioner could fall with it, causing property damage, product failure, or personal injury.
- Install and insulate the drain hose to ensure that water is drained away properly based on the installation manual.
 - A bad connection may cause water leakage.
- Be very careful about product transportation.
 - Only one person should not carry the product if it weighs more than 20 kg (44 lbs).
 - Some products use PP bands for packaging. Do not use any PP bands for a means of transportation. It is dangerous.
 - Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. Doing so may cut your fingers.
 - When transporting the outdoor unit, suspending it at the specified positions on the unit base. Also support the outdoor unit at four points so that it cannot slip sideways.
- Safely dispose of the packing materials.
 - Packing materials, such as nails and other metal or wooden parts, may cause stabs or other injuries.
 - Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children may not play with them. If children play with a plastic bag which was not torn apart, they face the risk of suffocation.
- Turn on the power at least 6 hours before starting operation.
 - Starting operation immediately after turning on the main power switch can result in severe damage to internal parts. Keep the power switch turned on during the operational season.
- Do not touch any of the refrigerant piping during and after operation.
 - It can cause a burn or frostbite.
- Do not operate the air conditioner with the panels or guards removed.
 - Rotating, hot, or high-voltage parts can cause injuries.
- Do not directly turn off the main power switch after stopping operation.
 - Wait at least 5 minutes before turning off the main power switch. Otherwise it may result in water leakage or other problems.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

2 TIPS FOR SAVING ENERGY

2 IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

5 INSTALLATION PROCESS

5 OUTDOOR UNITS INFORMATION

5 ALTERNATIVE REFRIGERANT R410A

5 SELECT THE BEST LOCATION

7 INSTALLATION SPACE

7 Individual Installation

7 LIFTING METHOD

8 INSTALLATION

8 The location of the Anchor bolts

8 Foundation for Installation

8 Preparation of Piping

10 Plumbing materials and storage methods

11 REFRIGERANT PIPING INSTALLATION

11 Precautions on Pipe connection / Valve operation

11 Connection of Outdoor units

12 Installation procedure for HR unit

12 Installation of Outdoor Unit, HR Unit, Indoor Unit Refrigerant Pipe

12 Type of HR Unit

13 Installation of Zoning Control

14 Caution

14 Precautions on Pipe connection / Valve operation

15 Connection of Outdoor units

15 Caution

16 PIPE CONNECTIONS BETWEEN INDOOR AND OUTDOOR UNIT

16 Preparation Work

17 Pipe Drawing Out during Single / Series connection

17 Refrigerant piping system

19 Preparation Work

20 Pipe Drawing Out during Single / Series connection

20 Refrigerant piping system

21 Series Outdoor Units (2 Units ~ 3 Units)

21 Pipe Connection Method between outdoor unit/indoor unit

25 Refrigerant charging

25 Branch pipe Fitting

29 Distribution Method

29 Vacuum Mode

30 Leak Test and Vacuum drying

31 Thermal insulation of refrigerant piping

32 ELECTRICAL WIRING

32 Caution

33 Control box and connecting position of wiring

33 Communication and Power Cables

34 Wiring of main power supply and equipment capacity

34 Field Wiring

38 Checking the setting of outdoor units

40 Switch for setup of HR Unit

44 Automatic Addressing

45 The Procedure of Automatic Addressing

46 Flow chart of auto pipe detection Process

47 Flow chart of manual addressing for pipe detection

47 Example of manual valve addressing (Non-Zoning setting)

48 Example of manual valve addressing (Zoning setting)

48 Method of checking the pipe detection result at HR unit

48 Identification of Manual Valve ID (Address)

48 Method of checking the pipe detection result at outdoor unit

48 Setting method of Master indoor unit in zoning

49 Group Number setting

50 Cool & Heat selector (Fn 1)

50 High Static Pressure Compensation mode (Fn 2)

50 Night Low Noise Function (Fn 3)

51 Overall HEX defrost mode (Fn 4)

51 Setting the ODU address (Fn 5)

51 Snow removal & rapid defrost (Fn 6)

52 Target pressure adjusting (Fn 8)

52 Low Ambient Kit (Fn 9)

52 High Efficiency Mode (Cooling Operation) (Fn 10)

52 Auto Dust Removal Mode (Fn 11)

53 Compressor Max. Frequency Limit (Fn 12)

53 ODU Fan Max. RPM Limit (Fn 13)

53 SLC (Smart Load Control) (Fn 14)

53 Humidity Reference Control (Fn 16)

54 Central Control Connection at Indoor Unit side (Fn 19)

54 Compressor Input Current Limit Mode (Fn 20)

54 Overall Defrost Operating in Low temperature (Heating) (Fn 22)

54 Base pan Heater operation (Fn 23)

55 Comfort Cooling operation (Id 10)

56 Self-Diagnosis Function

58 CAUTION FOR REFRIGERANT LEAK

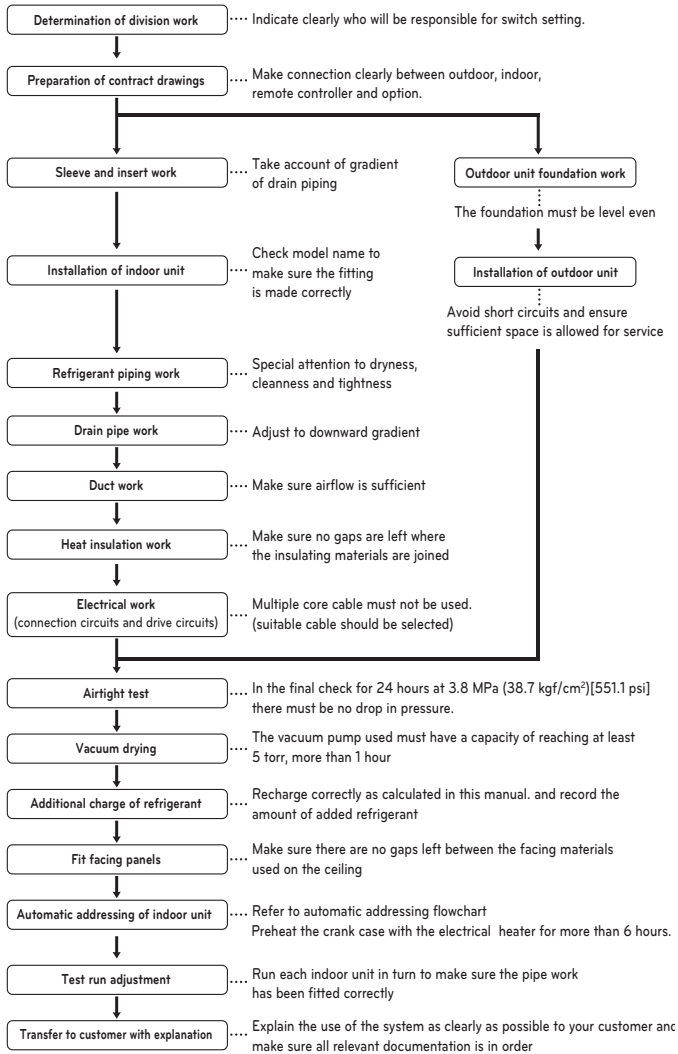
58 Introduction

58 Checking procedure of limiting concentration

59 INSTALLATION GUIDE AT THE SEASIDE

60 Model Designation

INSTALLATION PROCESS



CAUTION

- The above list indicates the order in which the individual work operations are normally carried out but this order may be varied where local conditions warrants such change.
- The thickness of the piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8 MPa (551.1 psi).
- Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. (If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.)

OUTDOOR UNITS INFORMATION

CAUTION

Combination Ratio(50~130 %)

Outdoor Number	Connection Capacity
Single outdoor units	130 %
Double outdoor units	
Triple outdoor units	

Notes : * We can guarantee the operation only within 130 % combination.

ALTERNATIVE REFRIGERANT R410A

The refrigerant R410A has the property of higher operating pressure in comparison with R22.

Therefore, all materials have the characteristics of higher resisting pressure than R22 ones and this characteristic should also be considered during the installation.

R410A is an azeotrope of R32 and R125 mixed at 50:50, so the ozone depletion potential (ODP) of R410A is 0.

CAUTION

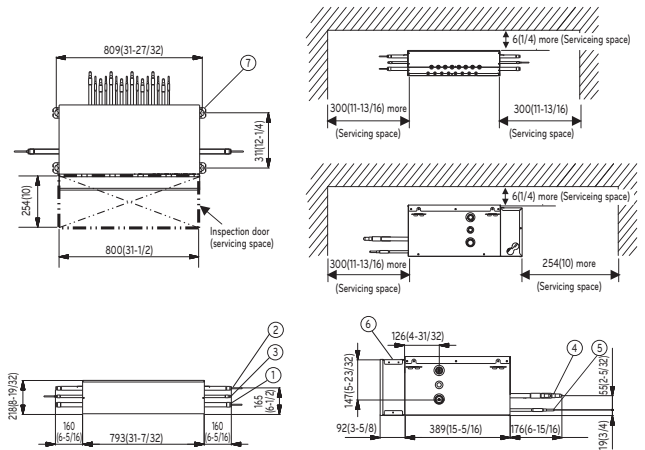
- The wall thickness of the piping should comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8 MPa [551.1 psi]
- Since R410A is a mixed refrigerant, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in its gaseous state, its composition changes and the system will not work properly.
- Do not place the refrigerant container under the direct rays of the sun to prevent it from exploding.
- For high-pressure refrigerant, any unapproved pipe must not be used.
- Do not heat pipes more than necessary to prevent them from softening.
- Be careful not to install wrongly to minimize economic loss because it is expensive in comparison with R22.

SELECT THE BEST LOCATION

Select space for installing outdoor unit, which will meet the following conditions:

- No direct thermal radiation from other heat sources
- No possibility of annoying neighbors due to noise of unit
- No exposition to strong wind
- With strength which bears weight of unit
- Note that drain flows out of unit when heating
- Because of the possibility of fire, do not install unit to the space where generation, inflow, stagnation, and leakage of combustible gas is expected.

- Avoid unit installation in a place where acidic solution and spray (sulfur) are often used.
- Do not use unit under any special environment where oil, steam and sulfuric gas exist.
- It is recommended to fence round the outdoor unit in order to prevent any person or animal from accessing the outdoor unit.
- If installation site is area of heavy snowfall, then the following directions should be observed.
 - Make the foundation as high as possible.
 - Fit a snow protection hood.
- Select installation location considering following conditions to avoid bad condition when additionally performing defrost operation.
 - Install the outdoor unit at a place well ventilated and having a lot of sunshine in case of installing the product at a place With a high humidity in winter (near beach, coast, lake, etc.) (Ex : Rooftop where there is always sunshine.)

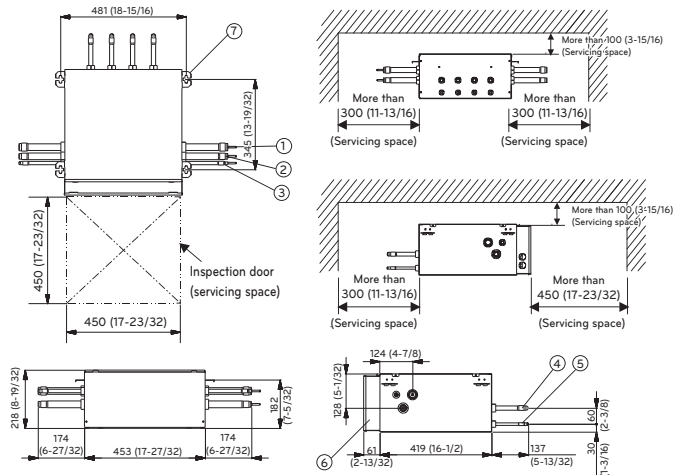


For Heat Recovery Installation

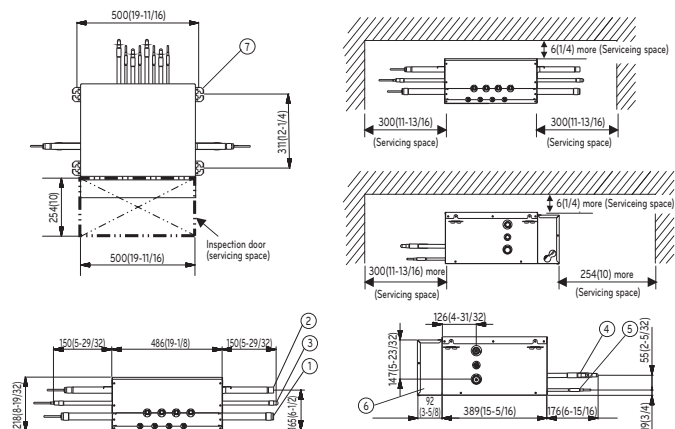
Select installation location of the HR unit suitable for following conditions

- Avoid a place where rain may enter since the HR unit is for indoor.
- Sufficient service space must be obtained.
- Refrigerant pipe must not exceed limited length.
- Avoid a place subject to a strong radiation heat from other heat source.
- Avoid a place where oil spattering, vapor spray or high frequency electric noise is expected.
- Install the unit at a place in which it is not affected by operation noise. (Installation within cell such as meeting room etc. may disturb business due to noise.)
- Place where refrigerant piping, drain piping and electrical wiring works are easy.

2 Series



3 Series



■ Unit: mm(inch)

No.	Part Name	Description	
		PRHR042A PRHR032A PRHR083A PRHR063A PRHR043A PRHR033A	PRHR022A PRHR023A
1	Low pressure Gas pipe connection port	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8) Brazing connection	Ø 22.2 (7/8) Brazing connection
2	High pressure Gas pipe connection port	Ø 22.2 (7/8) Brazing connection	Ø 19.05 (3/4) Brazing connection
3	Liquid pipe connection port	Ø 15.88 (5/8) Brazing connection (PRHR042A) Ø 12.7 (1/2) Brazing connection (PRHR032A)	Ø 9.52 (3/8) Brazing connection
4	Indoor unit Gas pipe connection port	Ø 15.88 (5/8) Brazing connection	Ø 15.88 (5/8) Brazing connection
5	Indoor unit Liquid pipe connection port	Ø 9.52 (3/8) Brazing connection	Ø 9.52 (3/8) Brazing connection
6	Control box	-	-
7	Hanger metal	M10 or M8	M10 or M8

NOTE

- Be sure to install the inspection door at the control box side.
- If reducers are used, servicing space must be increased equal to reducer's dimension.

INSTALLATION SPACE

Individual Installation

During the installation of the unit, consider service, inlet, and outlet acquire the minimum space as shown in the figures below.

Category	Installation Space	Case 1 (10 mm(13/32 inch) ≤ Side Space ≤ 49 mm(13/14 inch))	Case 2 (Side Space ≥ 49 mm(13/14 inch))
4 sides are walls		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 300 (11-13/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 100 (3-15/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 500(19-11/16)
		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 300 (11-13/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 20 (25/32)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 100 (3-15/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 100 (3-15/16)
		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 20 (25/32) F ≥ 900 (35-7/16)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 100 (3-15/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 100 (3-15/16) F ≥ 500 (19-11/16)
		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 300 (11-13/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 300 (11-13/16) E ≥ 20 (25/32) F ≥ 500 (19-11/16)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 100 (3-15/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 100 (3-15/16) E ≥ 100 (3-15/16) F ≥ 500 (19-11/16)
Rear to Rear		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) F ≥ 900 (35-7/16)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) F ≥ 600 (23-5/8)
		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 20 (25/32) F ≥ 1 200 (47-1/4)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 100 (3-15/16) F ≥ 900 (35-7/16)
		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 10 (13/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 20 (25/32) F ≥ 1 800 (70-7/8)	A ≥ 50 (1-31/32) B ≥ 500 (19-11/16) C ≥ 50 (1-31/32) D ≥ 500 (19-11/16) E ≥ 100 (3-15/16) F ≥ 1 200 (47-1/4)
Only 2 sides are walls		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 300 (11-13/16)	No limit for the height of wall
		A ≥ 10 (13/32) B ≥ 300 (11-13/16) E ≥ 20 (25/32)	No limit for the height of wall
Limitations on the height of the wall (Refer to 4 side walls)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The height of the wall on the front side must be 1 500 mm (59 inch) or less. The height of the wall on the inlet side must be 500 mm (19-11/16") or less. There is no limit to the wall on Inlet side. If the height of the walls on the front and Inlet side are higher than the limit, there must be additional space on the front and the side. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Additional Space on the front side by 1/2 of h1 - Additional Space on the inlet side by 1/2 of h2 <p>- h1 = A(Actual height) - 1 500 (59 inch) - h2 = B(Actual height) - 500 (19-11/16")</p>	
		45° or more	240 (9-1/2") or more

Seasonal wind and cautions in winter

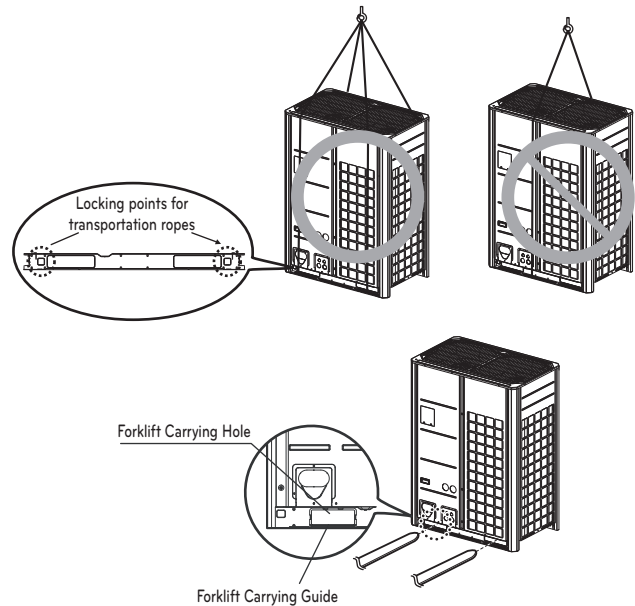
- Sufficient measures are required in a snow areas or severe cold areas in winter so that product can be operated well.
- Get ready for seasonal wind or snow in winter even in other areas.
- Install a suction and discharge duct not to let in snow or rain.
- Install the outdoor unit in such a way that it should not come in contact with snow directly.
- If snow piles up and freezes on the air suction hole, the system may malfunction. If it is installed at snowy area, attach the hood to the system.
- Install the outdoor unit at the higher installation console by 50 cm (19.7 inch) than the average snowfall (annual average snowfall) if it is installed at the area with much snowfall.
- Where snow accumulated on the upper part of the Outdoor Unit by more than 10 cm (3.9 inch), always remove snow for operation.

- The height of H frame must be more than 2 times the snowfall and its width shall not exceed the width of the product. (If width of the frame is wider than that of the product, snow may accumulate)

- Don't install the suction hole and discharge hole of the Outdoor Unit facing the seasonal wind.

LIFTING METHOD

- When carrying the suspended, unit pass the ropes under the unit and use the two suspension points each at the front and rear.
- Always lift the unit with ropes attached at four points so that impact is not applied to the unit.
- Attach the ropes to the unit at an angle of 40° or less.



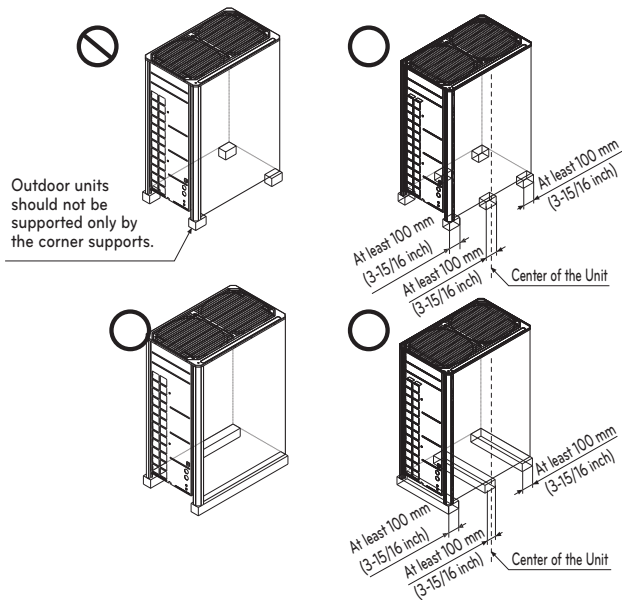
CAUTION

Be very careful while carrying the product.

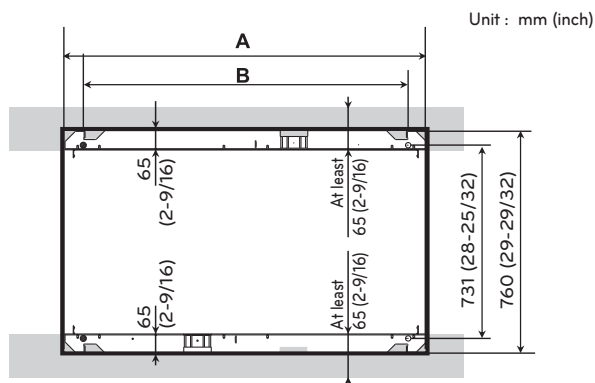
- Do not have only one person carry product if it is more than 20 kg (44 lbs).
- PP bands are used to pack some products. Do not use them as a mean for transportation because they are dangerous.
- Do not touch heat exchanger fins with your bare hands. Otherwise you may get a cut in your hands.
- Tear plastic packaging bag and scrap it so that children cannot play with it. Otherwise plastic packaging bag may suffocate children to death.
- When carrying in Outdoor Unit, be sure to support it at four points. Carrying in and lifting with 3-point support may make Outdoor Unit unstable, resulting in a fall.
- Use 2 belts of at least 8 m (26.2 ft) long.
- Place extra cloth or boards in the locations where the casing comes in contact with the sling to prevent damage.
- Hoist the unit making sure it is being lifted at its center of gravity.

INSTALLATION

- Install at places where it can endure the weight and vibration/noise of the outdoor unit.
- The outdoor unit support blocks at the bottom shall have width of at least 100 mm (3-15/16 inch) under the Unit's legs before being fixed.
- The outdoor unit support blocks should have minimum height of 200 mm (7-7/8 inch).
- Anchor bolts must be inserted at least 75 mm (2-15/16 inch).



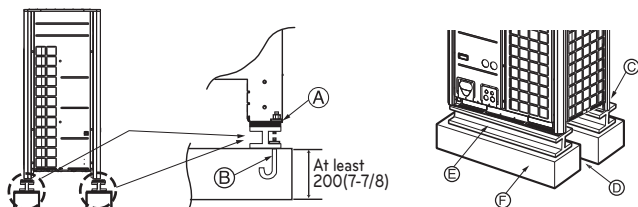
The location of the Anchor bolts



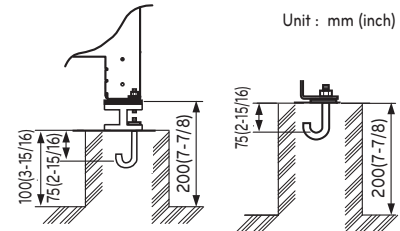
Chassis	A [mm (inch)]	B [mm (inch)]
UXA	930 (36-5/8)	748 (29-9/20)
UXB	1 240 (47-1/4)	1 040 (40-15/16)

Foundation for Installation

- Fix the unit tightly with bolts as shown below so that unit will not fall down due to earthquake or gust.
- Use the H-beam support as a base support
- Noise and vibration may occur from the floor or wall since vibration is transferred through the installation part depending on installation status. Thus, use anti-vibration materials (cushion pad) fully (The base pad shall be more than 200 mm (7-7/8 inch)).



- (A) The corner part must be fixed firmly. Otherwise, the support for the installation may be bent.
- (B) Get and use M10 Anchor bolt.
- (C) Put Cushion Pad between the outdoor unit and ground support for the vibration protection in wide area.
- (D) Space for pipes and wiring (Pipes and wirings for bottom side)
- (E) H-beam support
- (F) Concrete support

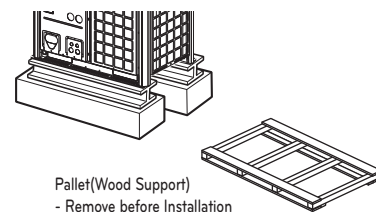


WARNING

- Install where it can sufficiently support the weight of the outdoor unit. If the support strength is not enough, the outdoor unit may drop and hurt people.
- Install where the outdoor unit may not fall in strong wind or earthquake. If there is a fault in the supporting conditions, the outdoor unit may fall and hurt people.
- Please take extra cautions on the supporting strength of the ground, water outlet treatment (treatment of the water flowing out of the outdoor unit in operation), and the passages of the pipe and wiring, when making the ground support.
- Do not use tube or pipe for water outlet in the Base panel. Use drainage instead for water outlet. The tube or pipe may freeze and the water may not be drained.

CAUTION

- Be sure to remove the Pallet(Wood Support) of the bottom side of the outdoor unit Base panel before fixing the bolt. It may cause the unstable state of the outdoor settlement, and may cause freezing of the heat exchanger resulting in abnormal operations.
- Be sure to remove the Pallet(Wood Support) of the bottom side of the outdoor unit before welding. Not removing Pallet(Wood Support) causes hazard of fire during welding.

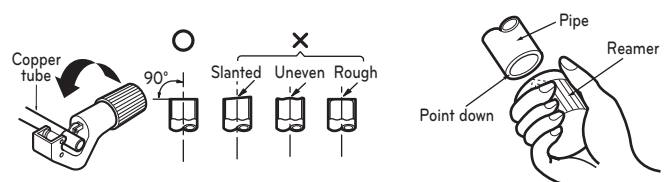


Preparation of Piping

Main cause of gas leakage is defect in flaring work. Carry out correct flaring work in the following procedure.

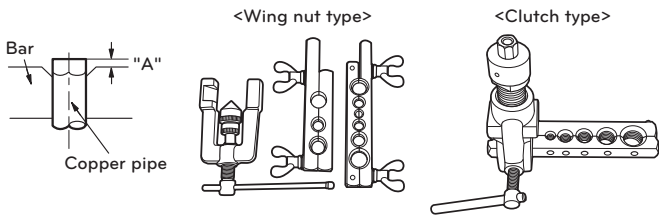
Cut the pipes and the cable

- Use the accessory piping kit or the pipes purchased locally.
- Measure the distance between the indoor and the outdoor unit.
- Cut the pipes a little longer than measured distance.
- Cut the cable 1.5 m (4.92 ft) longer than the pipe length.



Burrs removal

- Completely remove all burrs from the cut cross section of pipe/tube.
- Put the end of the copper tube/pipe to downward direction as you remove burrs in order to avoid to let burrs drop in the tubing.



Flaring work

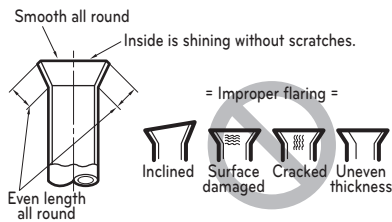
- Carry out flaring work using flaring tool as shown below.

Pipe diameter Inch (mm)	A inch (mm)	
	Wing nut type	Clutch type
Ø 1/4 (Ø 6.35)	0.04~0.05(1.1~1.3)	0~0.02 (0~0.5)
Ø 3/8 (Ø 9.52)	0.06~0.07(1.5~1.7)	
Ø 1/2 (Ø 12.7)	0.06~0.07(1.6~1.8)	
Ø 5/8 (Ø 15.88)	0.06~0.07(1.6~1.8)	
Ø 3/4 (Ø 19.05)	0.07~0.08(1.9~2.1)	

Firmly hold copper tube in a bar(or die) as indicated dimension in the table above.

Check

- Compare the flared work with figure below.
- If flare is noted to be defective, cut off the flared section and do flaring work again.



Flare shape and flare nut tightening torque

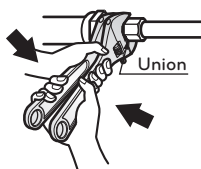
Precautions when connecting pipes

- See the following table for flare part machining dimensions.
- When connecting the flare nuts, apply refrigerant oil to the inside and outside of the flares and turn them three or four times at first. (Use ester oil or ether oil.)
- See the following table for tightening torque. (Applying too much torque may cause the flares to crack.)
- After all the piping has been connected, use nitrogen to perform a gas leak check.

Pipe size [mm (inch)]	Tightening Torque N·m (lbs·ft)	A [mm (inch)]	Flare shape
Ø 9.52 (3/8)	38±4 (28±3.0)	12.8 (0.5)~13.2 (0.52)	
Ø 12.7 (1/2)	55±6 (41±4.4)	16.2 (0.64)~16.6 (0.65)	
Ø 15.88 (5/8)	75±7 (55±5.2)	19.3 (0.76)~19.7(0.78)	

CAUTION

- Always use a charge hose for service port connection.
- After tightening the cap, check that no refrigerant leaks are present.
- When loosening a flare nut, always use two wrenches in combination. When connecting the piping, always use a spanner and torque wrench in combination to tighten the flare nut.
- When connecting a flare nut, coat the flare(inner and outer faces) with oil for R410A(PVE) and hand tighten the nut 3 to 4 turns as the initial tightening.



Opening shutoff valve

- 1 Remove the cap and turn the valve counter clockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2 Turn it until the shaft stops.
Do not apply excessive force to the shutoff valve. Doing so may break the valve body, as the valve is not a backseat type. Always use the special tool.
- 3 Make sure to tighten the cap securely.

Closing shutoff valve

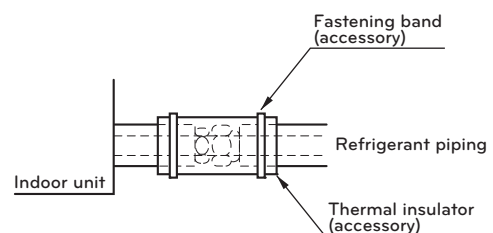
- 1 Remove the cap and turn the valve clockwise with the hexagon wrench.
- 2 Securely tighten the valve until the shaft contacts the main body seal.
- 3 Make sure to tighten the cap securely.
* For the tightening torque, refer to the table on the below.

Tightening torque

Shut off valve size (mm (inch))	Tightening torque N·m (lbs·ft) (Turn clockwise to close)						
	Shaft (valve body)			Cap (Valve lid)	Service port	Flare nut	Gas line piping attached to unit
	Closed	Opened	Hexagonal wrench				
Ø 6.35 (1/4)	6.0±0.6 (4.4±0.4)		4 mm (0.16 inch)	17.6±2.0 (13.0±1.5)		16±2 (12±1.5)	
Ø 9.52 (3/8)						38±4 (28±3.0)	
Ø 12.7 (1/2)	10.0±1.0 (7.4±0.7)			20.0±2.0 (14.8±1.5)		55±6 (41±4.4)	
Ø 15.88 (5/8)	12.0±1.2 (8.9±0.9)					5.0±0.0 (3.7±0.4)	
Ø 19.05 (3/4)	14.0±1.4 (10.3±1.0)		5 mm (0.24 inch)	25.0±2.5 (18.4±1.8)		110±10 (81.1±7.4)	
Ø 22.2 (7/8)	30.0±3.0 (22.1±2.2)					8 mm (0.31 inch)	
Ø 25.4 (1)							25±3 (18.5±2.2)

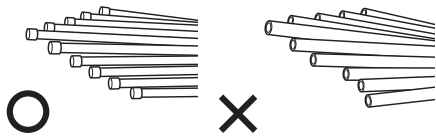
Insulation of shutoff valve

- 1 Use the heat insulation material for the refrigerant piping which has an excellent heat-resistance (over 120 °C [248 °F]).
- 2 Precautions in high humidity circumstance:
This air conditioner has been tested according to the "ISO Conditions with Mist" and confirmed that there is not any default. However, if it is operated for a long time in high humid atmosphere (dew point temperature: More than 23 °C [73.4 °F]), water drops are liable to fall. In this case, add heat insulation material according to the following procedure:
 - Heat insulation material to be prepared: EPDM (Ethylene Propylene Diene Methylene)-over 120 °C [248 °F] the heat-resistance temperature.
 - Add the insulation over 10 mm [0.39 inch] thickness at high humidity environment.



Plumbing materials and storage methods

Pipe must be able to obtain the specified thickness and should be used with low impurities. Also when handling storage, pipe must be careful to prevent a fracture, deformity and wound. Should not be mixed with contaminations such as dust, moisture.



Refrigerant piping on three principles

	Drying	Cleanliness	Airtight
	Should be no moisture inside	No dust inside.	There is no refrigerant leakage
Items	Moisture	Dust	Leakage
Cause failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Significant hydrolysis of refrigerant oil - Degradation of refrigerant oil - Poor insulation of the compressor - Do not cold and warm - Clogging of EEV, Capillary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Degradation of refrigerant oil - Poor insulation of the compressor - Do not cold and warm - Clogging of EEV, Capillary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gas shortages - Degradation of refrigerant oil - Poor insulation of the compressor - Do not cold and warm
Countermeasure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No moisture in the pipe - Until the connection is completed, the plumbing pipe entrance should be strictly controlled. - Stop plumbing at rainy day. - Pipe entrance should be taken side or bottom. - When removal burr after cutting pipe, pipe entrance should be taken down. - Pipe entrance should be fitted cap when pass through the walls. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No dust in the pipe. - Until the connection is completed, the plumbing pipe entrance should be strictly controlled. - Pipe entrance should be taken side or bottom. - When removal burr after cutting pipe, pipe entrance should be taken down. - Pipe entrance should be fitted cap when pass through the walls. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Airtightness test should be. - Brazing operations to comply with standards. - Flare to comply with standards. - Flange connections to comply with standards.

Nitrogen substitution method

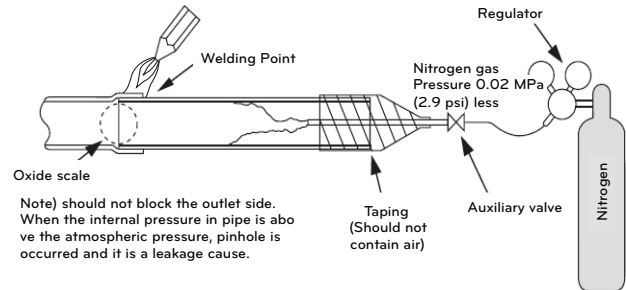
Welding, as when heating without nitrogen substitution a large amount of the oxide film is formed on the internal piping.

The oxide film is caused by clogging EEV, Capillary, oil hole of accumulator and suction hole of oil pump in compressor.

It prevents normal operation of the compressor.

In order to avoid this problem, Welding should be done after replacing air by nitrogen gas.

When welding plumbing pipe, the work is required.



CAUTION

- Always use the nitrogen. (not use oxygen, carbon dioxide, and a Chevron gas): Please use the following nitrogen pressure 0.02 MPa (2.9 psi) Oxygen - Promotes oxidative degradation of refrigerant oil. Because it is flammable, it is strictly prohibited to use Carbon dioxide - Degrade the drying characteristics of gas Chevron Gas - Toxic gas occurs when exposed to direct flame.
- Always use a pressure reducing valve.
- Please do not use commercially available antioxidant. The residual material seems to be the oxide scale is observed. In fact, due to the organic acids generated by oxidation of the alcohol contained in the anti-oxidants, ants nest corrosion occurs. (causes of organic acid → alcohol + copper + water + temperature)

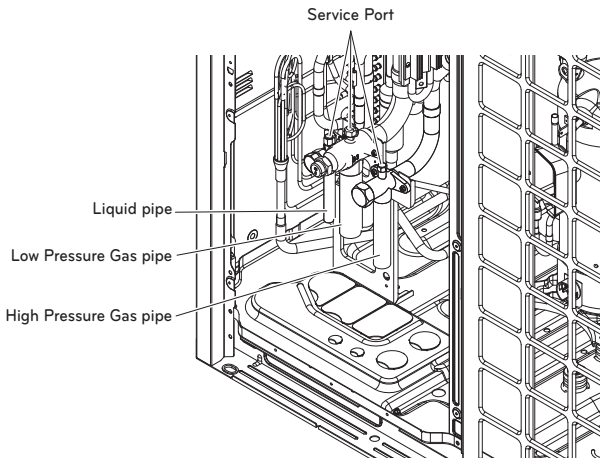
REFRIGERANT PIPING INSTALLATION

For Heat Recovery System Installation

Precautions on Pipe connection / Valve operation

Pipe connection is done by connecting from the end of the pipe to the branching pipes, and the refrigerant pipe coming out of the outdoor unit is divided at the end to connect to each indoor unit. Flare connection for the indoor unit, and welding connection for the outdoor pipe and the branching parts. (Including HR Unit)

- Use hexagonal wrench to open/close the valve.



WARNING

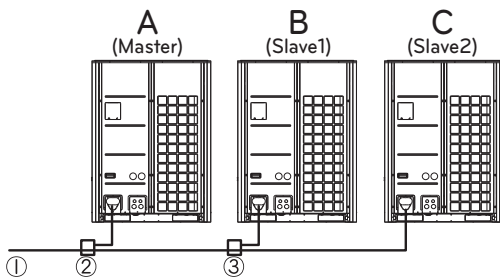
- Always careful not to leak the refrigerant during welding.
- The refrigerant generates poisonous gas harmful to human body if combusted.
- Do not perform welding in a closed space.
- Be sure to close the cap of the service port to prevent gas leakage after the work.

CAUTION

Please block the pipe knock outs of the front and side panels after installing the pipes.
(Animals or foreign objects may be brought in to damage wires.)

Connection of Outdoor units

When installing ODU series, refer below picture.



$A \geq B \geq C$

- ① IDU side connection pipe
- ② ODU to ODU connection pipe (1st branch)
- ③ ODU to ODU connection pipe (2nd branch)

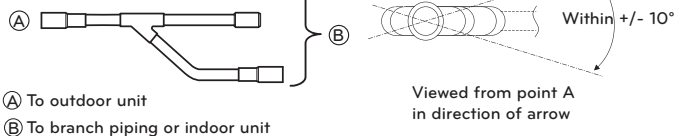
2, 3 Outdoor Units

Unit : mm(inch)

Outdoor Units	Model	Pipe
2 Unit	① ARCNB21	Low Pressure Gas Pipe
		Liquid Pipe
		High Pressure Gas Pipe
3 Unit	② ARCNB31	Low Pressure Gas Pipe
		Liquid Pipe
		High Pressure Gas Pipe

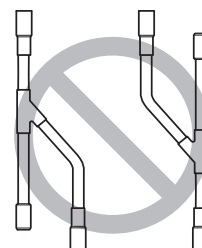
For more information, refer accessory installation manual.

Y branch



- ① To outdoor unit
- ② To branch piping or indoor unit

Facing downwards Facing upwards

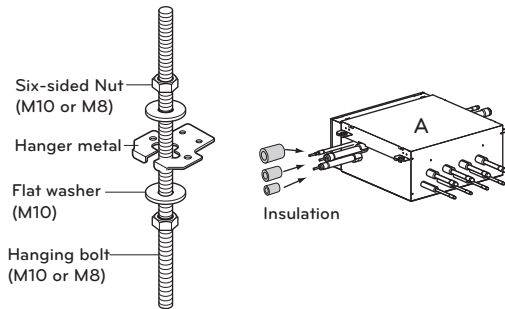


CAUTION

Y-branches between the outside units must be installed horizontally.

Installation procedure for HR unit

- Using an insert-hole-in- anchor, hang the hanging bolt.
- Install a hexagon nut and a flat washer (locally-procured)to the hanging bolt as shown in the figure in the bottom, and fit the main unit to hang on the hanger metal.
- After checking with a level that the unit is level, tighten the hexagon nut.
* The tilt of the unit should be within $\pm 5^\circ$ in front/back and left/right.
- This unit should be installed suspended from ceiling and side A should always be facing up.
- Insulate not used pipes completely as shown in the figure.

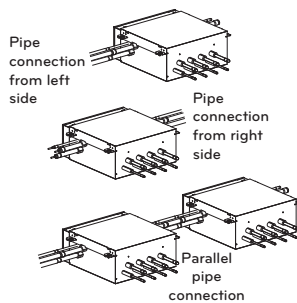
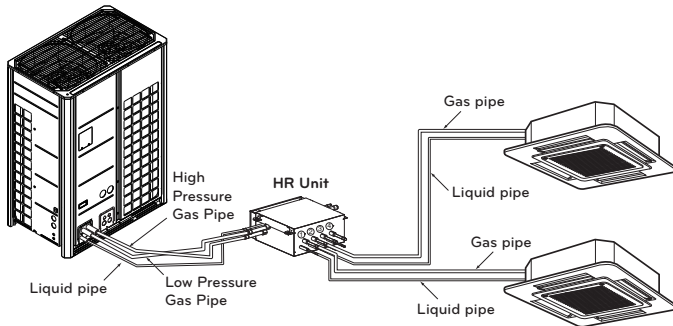


Installation of Outdoor Unit, HR Unit, Indoor Unit Refrigerant Pipe

3 pipes are connected to the HR unit from the outdoor unit, classified into liquid pipe, low pressure gas pipe and high pressure gas pipe depending on status of refrigerant passing through the pipe.

You must connect 3 pipes from outdoor unit to HR unit.

For connection between indoor unit and HR unit, you must connect both liquid pipe and gas pipe from the HR unit to the indoor unit. In this case, connect them to the indoor unit starting from No.1 connection port of the HR unit (the port number is displayed on ports of the HR unit). Use auxiliary flare as annexed parts in connection to the indoor unit.



CAUTION

Whenever connecting the indoor units with the HR unit, install the indoor units in numerical order from No.1.

Ex) In case of installing 3 indoor units : No. 1, 2, 3 (O), No. 1, 2, 4 (X), No.1, 3, 4 (X), No.2, 3, 4 (X).

WARNING

Before brazing work, remove gas in the HR Unit by cutting the three pipes in the small circles on the figure. If not, it may cause injuries. Remove the caps before connecting pipes.

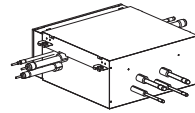
Type of HR Unit

Select an HR unit according to the number of the indoor units to be installed. HR units are classified into 3 types by the number of connectable indoor units.

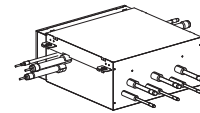
Ex) Installation of 6 indoor units

Consists of HR unit for 4 branches and HR unit for 2 branches.

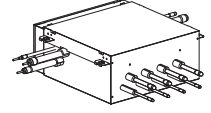
2 Series



PRHR022A
(2 branches)

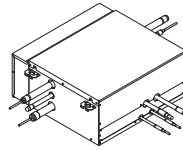


PRHR032A
(3 branches)

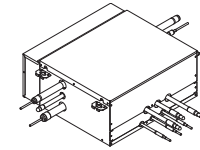


PRHR042A
(4 branches)

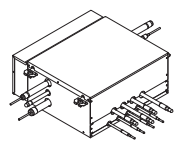
3 Series



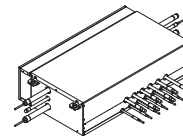
PRHR023A
(2 branches)



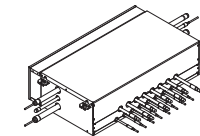
PRHR033A
(3 branches)



PRHR043A
(4 branches)



PRHR063A
(6 branches)



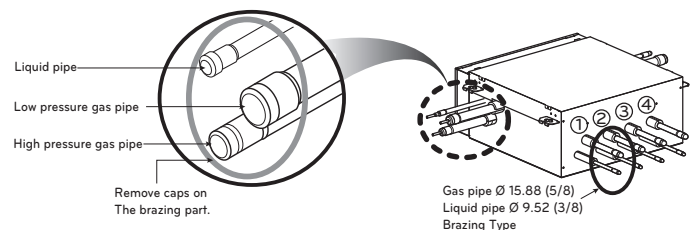
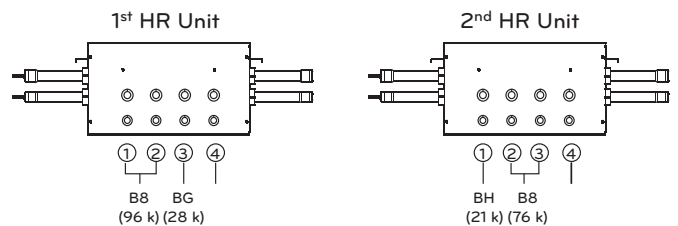
PRHR083A
(8 branches)

Joint Method of HR Unit

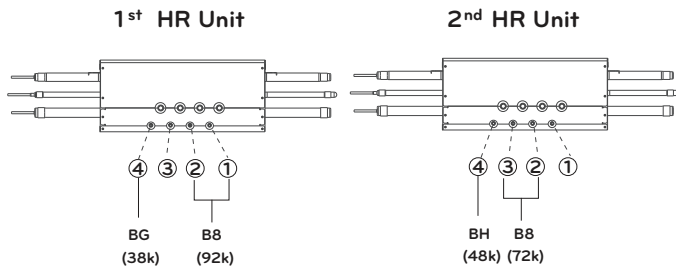
(Big Duct : ARNU763B8-, ARNU963B8-)

Joint Method is required when the big duct chassis is installed. In Joint Method, two neighboring outlets of one HR unit are linked by Y branch pipe and connected to one indoor unit.

2 Series

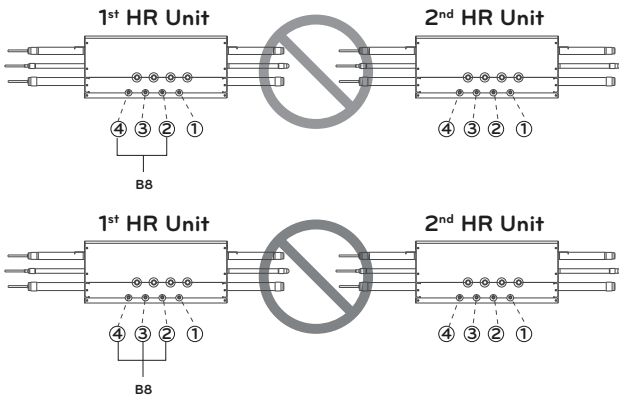


3 Series

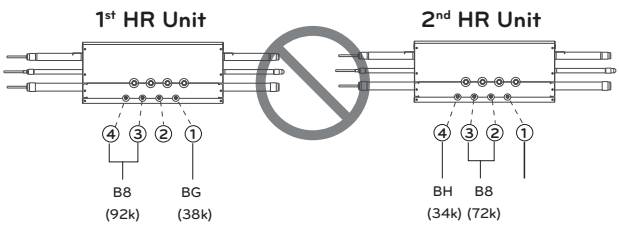


NOTE

- A connection to un-neighboring pipes is forbidden. Do not link more than 2 outlets.



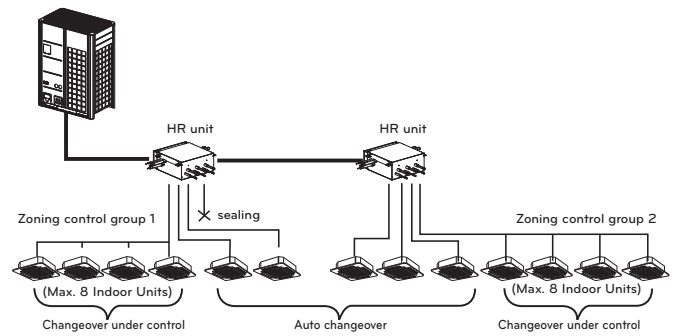
- The B8 unit, which has the largest capacity, must be connected to the 1st and 2nd outlets of the 1st HR unit. Other B8 units can be connected to any two neighboring outlets within one HR unit.



HR unit	PRHR022A PRHR023A	PRHR032A PRHR033A	PRHR042A PRHR043A PRHR063A PRHR083A
Low pressure gas pipe	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)
High pressure gas pipe	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)
Liquid pipe	Ø 9.52 (3/8)	Ø 12.7 (1/2)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)

Installation of Zoning Control

Some indoor unit can be connected to one port of HR unit.



WARNING

- A branch pipe of HR unit allows up to 14.1 kW (48 kBTu/h) based on cooling capacity of the indoor unit. (up to 14.1 kW (48 kBTu/h) for max installation)
- The maximum total capacity of indoor units connected to a PRHR042A HR unit is 56.4 kW (192 kBTu/h).
- The maximum number of indoor units connected to a PRHR042A unit are 32 indoor units. (The Maximum indoor units per a branch pipe of HR unit are 8 indoor units)
- There is not operate "Auto-changeover" & "Mode override" function in the zoning group.
- When there are operating indoor units on cooling(heating) mode, another indoor units aren't changed on heating(cooling) mode in the zoning group.

[Reducers for indoor unit and HR unit]

Unit : mm (inch)

Models	Liquid pipe	Gas pipe	
		High pressure	Low pressure
Indoor unit reducer	 OD 9.52(3/8) Ø 6.35(1/4)	-	 OD 15.88(5/8) Ø 12.7(1/2)
HR unit reducer	PRHR022A PRHR023A OD 9.52(3/8) Ø 6.35(1/4)	 OD 19.05(3/4) Ø 12.7(1/2) Ø 15.88(5/8)	 OD 22.2(7/8) Ø 15.88(5/8) Ø 19.05(3/4) Ø 12.7(1/2) OD 15.88(5/8)
		 OD 22.2(7/8) Ø 19.05(3/4) Ø 15.88(5/8)	 OD 28.58(1-1/8) Ø 19.05(3/4) Ø 22.2(7/8) OD 19.05(3/4) Ø 15.88(5/8)


Caution

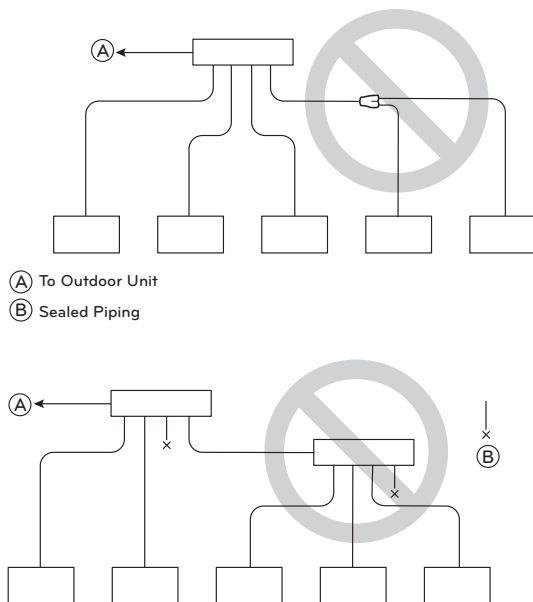
- Use the following materials for refrigerant piping.
 - Material: Seamless phosphorous deoxidized copper pipe
 - Wall thickness : Comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8 MPa (551 psi). We recommend the following table as the minimum wall thickness.

Outer diameter [mm(inch)]	6.35 (1/4)	9.52 (3/8)	12.7 (1/2)	15.88 (5/8)	19.05 (3/4)	22.2 (7/8)	25.4 (1)	28.58 (1-1/8)	31.8 (1-1/4)	34.9 (1-3/8)	38.1 (1-1/2)	41.3 (1-5/8)	44.45 (1-3/4)	53.98 (2-1/8)
Minimum thickness [mm(inch)]	0.8 (0.03)	0.8 (0.03)	0.8 (0.03)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	1.1 (0.04)	1.21 (0.05)	1.35 (0.05)	1.43 (0.06)	1.55 (0.06)	2.1 (0.08)

- Commercially available piping often contains dust and other materials. Always blow it clean with a dry inert gas.
- Use care to prevent dust, water or other contaminants from entering the piping during installation.
- Reduce the number of bending portions as much as possible, and make bending radius as big as possible.
- Always use the branch piping set shown below, which are sold separately.

Y branch	Header		
	4 branches	7 branches	10 branches
ARLB01621, ARLB03321, ARLB07121, ARLB14521, ARLB23220	ARBL054	ARBL057	ARBL1010
	ARBL104	ARBL107	ARBL2010

- If the diameters of the branch piping of the designated refrigerant piping differs, use a pipe cutter to cut the connecting section and then use an adapter for connecting different diameters to connect the piping.
- Always observe the restrictions on the refrigerant piping (such as rated length, difference in height, and piping diameter). Failure to do so can result in equipment failure or a decline in heating/cooling performance.
- A second branch cannot be made after a header. (These are shown by )



- The Multi V will stop due to an abnormality like excessive or insufficient refrigerant. At such a time, always properly charge the unit. When servicing, always check the notes concerning both the piping length and the amount of additional refrigerant.
- Never perform a pump down. This will not only damage the compressor but also deteriorate the performance.
- Never use refrigerant to perform an air purge. Always evacuate air by using a vacuum pump.

- Always insulate the piping properly. Insufficient insulation will result in a decline in heating/cooling performance, drip of condensate and other such problems.
- When connecting the refrigerant piping, make sure the service valves of the Outdoor Unit is completely closed (the factory setting) and do not operate it until the refrigerant piping for the Outdoor and Indoor Units has been connected, a refrigerant leakage test has been performed and the evacuation process has been completed.
- Always use a non-oxidizing brazing material for brazing the parts and do not use flux. If not, oxidized film can cause clogging or damage to the compressor unit and flux can harm the copper piping or refrigerant oil.

WARNING

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, be sure to make recharge refrigerant after perfect evacuation.

- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- After selecting diameter of the refrigerant pipe to suit total capacity of the indoor unit connected after branching, use an appropriate branch pipe set according to the pipe diameter of the indoor unit and the installation pipe drawing.

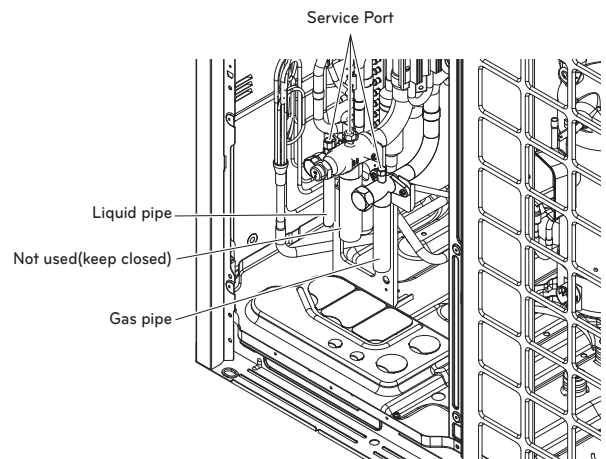
For Heat Pump System Installation

Precautions on Pipe connection / Valve operation

Pipe connection is done by connecting from the end of the pipe to the branching pipes, and the refrigerant pipe coming out of the outdoor unit is divided at the end to connect to each indoor unit. Flare connection for the indoor unit, and welding connection for the outdoor pipe and the branching parts.

- Use hexagonal wrench to open/close the valve.

* In case of the heat pump system installation, be sure to maintain to close no use pipe like below picture.



WARNING

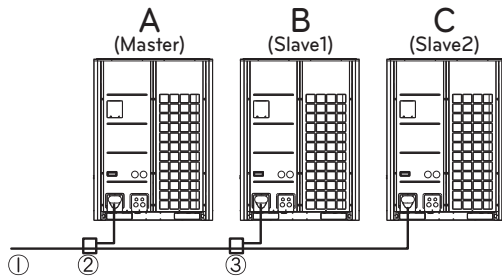
- Always careful not to leak the refrigerant during welding.
- The refrigerant generates poisonous gas harmful to human body if combusted.
- Do not perform welding in a closed space.
- Be sure to close the cap of the service port to prevent gas leakage after the work.

CAUTION

Please block the pipe knock outs of the front and side panels after installing the pipes.
(Animals or foreign objects may be brought in to damage wires.)

Connection of Outdoor units

When installing ODU series, refer below picture.



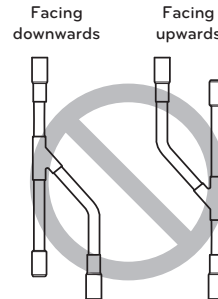
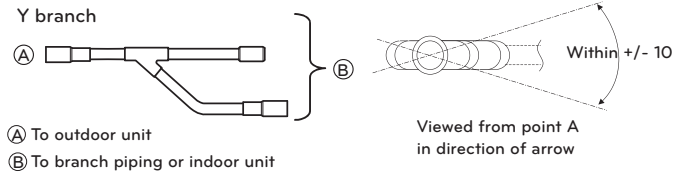
A ≥ B ≥ C

- ① IDU side connection pipe
- ② ODU to ODU connection pipe (1st branch)
- ③ ODU to ODU connection pipe (2nd branch)

2, 3 Outdoor Units

Outdoor Units	Model	Pipe
2 Unit	ARCNN21	Liquid Pipe
		Gas Pipe
3 Unit	ARCNN31	Liquid Pipe
		Gas Pipe

For more information, refer accessory installation manual.



CAUTION

Y-branches between the outside units must be installed horizontally.

Caution

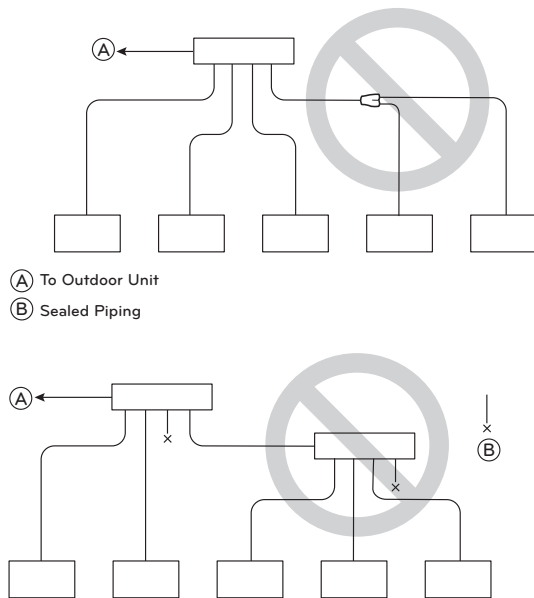
- 1 Use the following materials for refrigerant piping.
 - Material: Seamless phosphorous deoxidized copper pipe
 - Wall thickness : Comply with the relevant local and national regulations for the designed pressure 3.8 MPa (551 psi). We recommend the following table as the minimum wall thickness.

Outer diameter [mm(inch)]	6.35 (1/4)	9.52 (3/8)	12.7 (1/2)	15.88 (5/8)	19.05 (3/4)	22.2 (7/8)	25.4 (1)	28.58 (1-1/8)	31.8 (1-1/4)	34.9 (1-3/8)	38.1 (1-1/2)	41.3 (1-5/8)	44.45 (1-3/4)	53.98 (2-1/8)
Minimum thickness [mm(inch)]	0.8 (0.03)	0.8 (0.03)	0.8 (0.03)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	0.99 (0.04)	1.1 (0.04)	1.21 (0.05)	1.35 (0.05)	1.43 (0.06)	1.55 (0.06)	2.1 (0.08)

- 2 Commercially available piping often contains dust and other materials. Always blow it clean with a dry inert gas.
- 3 Use care to prevent dust, water or other contaminants from entering the piping during installation.
- 4 Reduce the number of bending portions as much as possible, and make bending radius as big as possible.
- 5 Always use the branch piping set shown below, which are sold separately.

Y branch	Header		
	4 branches	7 branches	10 branches
ARBLN01621, ARBLN03321, ARBLN07121, ARBLN14521, ARBLN23220	ARBL054	ARBL057	ARBL1010
	ARBL104	ARBL107	ARBL2010

- 6 If the diameters of the branch piping of the designated refrigerant piping differs, use a pipe cutter to cut the connecting section and then use an adapter for connecting different diameters to connect the piping.
- 7 Always observe the restrictions on the refrigerant piping (such as rated length, difference in height, and piping diameter). Failure to do so can result in equipment failure or a decline in heating/cooling performance.
- 8 A second branch cannot be made after a header. (These are shown by ⊘.)



- 9 The Multi V will stop due to an abnormality like excessive or insufficient refrigerant. At such a time, always properly charge the unit. When servicing, always check the notes concerning both the piping length and the amount of additional refrigerant.
- 10 Never perform a pump down. This will not only damage the compressor but also deteriorate the performance.
- 11 Never use refrigerant to perform an air purge. Always evacuate air by using a vacuum pump.
- 12 Always insulate the piping properly. Insufficient insulation will result in a decline in heating/cooling performance, drip of condensate and other such problems.
- 13 When connecting the refrigerant piping, make sure the service valves of the Outdoor Unit is completely closed (the factory setting) and do not operate it until the refrigerant piping for the Outdoor and Indoor Units has been connected, a refrigerant leakage test has been performed and the evacuation process has been completed.
- 14 Always use a non-oxidizing brazing material for brazing the parts and do not use flux. If not, oxidized film can cause clogging or damage to the compressor unit and flux can harm the copper piping or refrigerant oil.

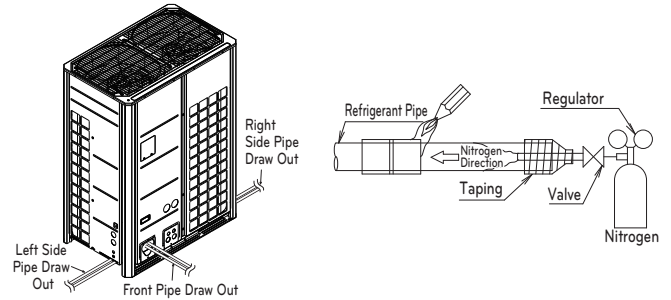
⚠ WARNING

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, be sure to make recharge refrigerant after perfect evacuation.

- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- After selecting diameter of the refrigerant pipe to suit total capacity of the indoor unit connected after branching, use an appropriate branch pipe set according to the pipe diameter of the indoor unit and the installation pipe drawing.

PIPE CONNECTIONS BETWEEN INDOOR AND OUTDOOR UNIT

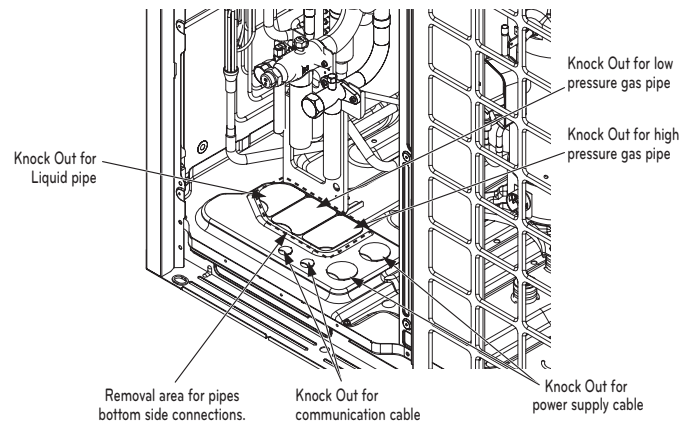
- Pipe connections can be done on the front side or on the side according to the installation environments.
- Be sure to let 0.2 kgf/cm² (2.8 psi) Nitrogen flow in the pipe when welding.
- If Nitrogen was not flown during welding, many oxidized membranes may form inside the pipe and disturb the normal operations of valves and condensers.



For Heat Recovery System Installation

Preparation Work

- Use Knock Outs of Base Pan of the outdoor unit for Left/Right or Bottom pipe drawing outs.

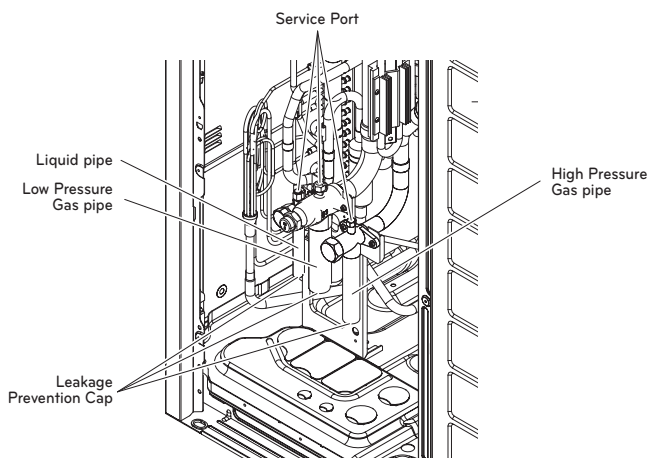


⚠ CAUTION

- Do not give damage to the pipe/base during the Knock Out work.
- Proceed to pipe work after removing burr after Knock Out work.
- Perform sleeve work to prevent damage to the wire when connecting wires using Knock Outs.

Remove leakage prevention cap

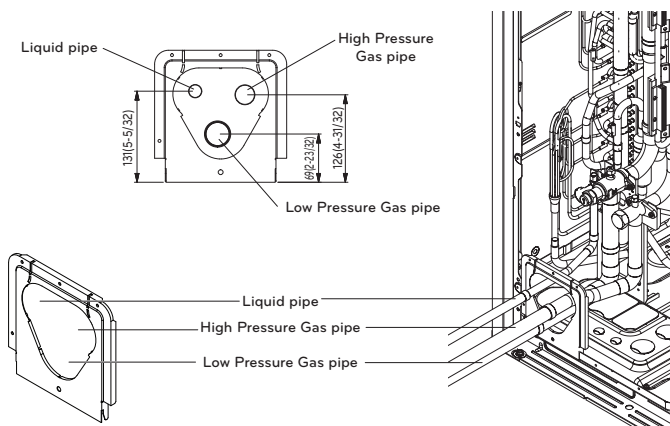
- Remove the leakage prevention cap attached to the outdoor unit service valve before pipe work.
- Proceed the leakage prevention cap removal as follows:
 - Verify whether the liquid/gas pipes are locked.
 - Extract remaining refrigerant or air inside using the service port.
 - Remove the leakage prevention cap



Pipe Drawing Out during Single / Series connection

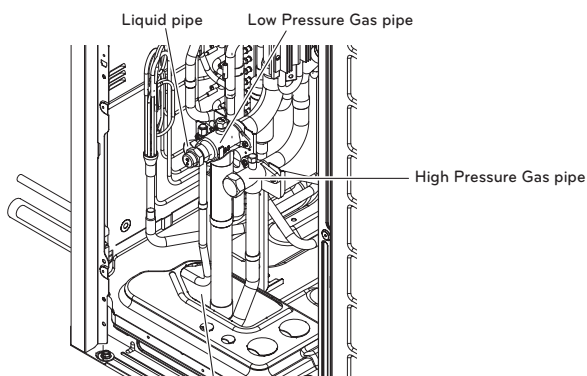
Method of drawing out pipes on the front side

- Proceed with the pipe work as shown in the below figure for front side pipe drawing out.



Method of drawing out pipes on the bottom side

- Drawing out common pipe through side panel



Remove Knock Out for the bottom side of Liquid / Gas pipe

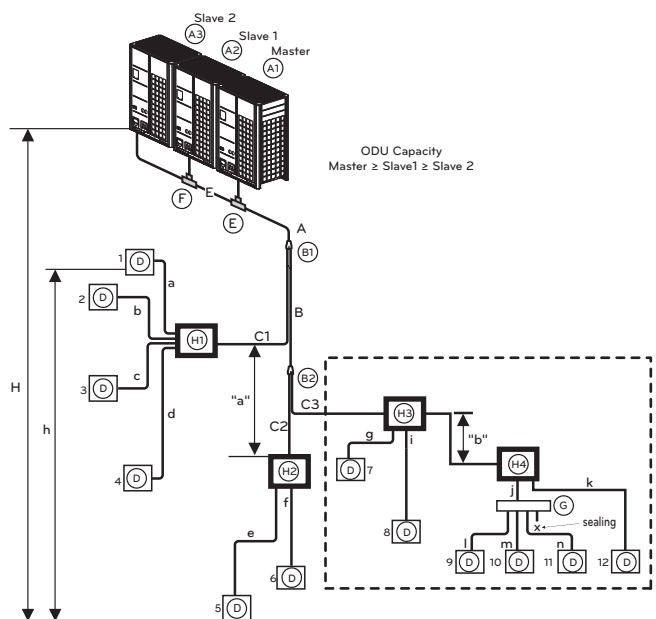
* In case of heat pump installation, please weld with the proper Low pressure Gas pipe included with product.

Refrigerant piping system

3 Outdoor Units

Example : 12 Indoor Units connected

- Ⓐ : Outdoor Unit
- Ⓑ : Y branch
- Ⓓ : Indoor Unit
- Ⓔ : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units : ARC NB31
- Ⓕ : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units : ARC NB21
- Ⓖ : Header
- Ⓗ : HR Unit



- Case 1 ("a")
: Maximum height is 30 m (98.4 ft) if you install with Y branch.

- Case 2 ("b")
: Maximum height is 5 m (16 ft) in serial connection of HR units.

Refrigerant pipe diameter from branch to branch (B,C,D)

⚠ WARNING

- * : Serial connection of HR units : Capacity sum of indoor units ≤ 192.4 kBtu/hr
- Refer to the HR unit PCB part for the valve group control setting.
- It is recommended that difference in pipe lengths between an HR unit and indoor units, for example difference in length of a, b, c, and d, be minimized. The larger difference in pipe lengths, the more different performance between indoor units.
- Piping length from outdoor branch to outdoor unit ≤ 10 m (33 ft), equivalent length : max 13 m (43 ft)
- * If the large capacity indoor units (Over 5 HP; using over Ø 15.88 (5/8) / Ø 9.52 (3/8)) are installed, it should be used the Valve Group setting

Refrigerant pipe diameter from branch to branch (B,C)

Downward indoor unit total capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]	
		Low pressure	High pressure
≤ 5.6(19 100)	Ø 6.35(1/4)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Ø 9.52(3/8)
< 16.0(54 600)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 12.7(1/2)
< 22.4(76 400)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 15.88(5/8)
< 33.6(114 700)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)
< 50.4(229 000)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Ø 28.58(1 1/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)
< 61.6(210 600)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 28.58(1 1/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)
< 72.8(210 600)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 34.9(1 3/8)	Ø 28.58(1 1/8)
< 100.8(344 000)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 34.9(1 3/8)	Ø 28.58(1 1/8)
< 173.6(592 500)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 41.3(1 5/8)	Ø 34.9(1 3/8)

Total pipe length = A+B+C1+C2+C3+a+b+c+d+e+f+g+i+j+k+l+m+n ≤ 1 000 m (3 280 ft)

L	Longest pipe length	* Equivalent pipe length
		A+B+C3+D+k ≤ 150 m (200 m**) [(492 ft(666 ft**))]
l	Longest pipe length after 1st branch	
	B+C3+D+k ≤ 40 m (90 m**) [(131 ft (295 ft))]	
H	Difference in height(Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	H ≤ 110 m (361 ft)	
h	Difference in height (Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit)	
	h ≤ 40 m (131 ft)	
h1	Difference in height (Outdoor Unit ↔ Outdoor Unit)	
	h1 ≤ 5 m (16.4 ft)	
"a", "b"	Difference in height(HR unit ↔ HR unit)	
	a ≤ 15 m (49 ft), b ≤ 5 m (16 ft)	

- * : Assume equivalent pipe length of Y branch to be 0.5 m (1.64 ft), that of header to be 1m (3.3 ft), calculation purpose
- It is recommended that indoor unit is installed at lower position than the header.
- ** : To apply conditional application.

() Conditional Application (In case of D12 is the farthest in door)**

Below condition must be satisfied for 40~90 m (131~295 ft) piping length after first branch.

- Diameter of pipes between first branch and the last branch should be increased by one step, except if the pipe diameter B, C3 is same as diameter A (main pipe diameter)
 Ø 6.35 (1/4), Ø 9.52 (3/8), Ø 12.7 (1/2), Ø 15.88 (5/8), Ø 19.05 (3/4), Ø 22.2 (7/8), Ø 25.4* (1), Ø 28.58 (1-1/8), Ø 31.8* (1-1/4), Ø 34.9 (1-3/8), Ø 38.1* (1-1/2)
 * : If available on site, it use this size. Otherwise it can't be increased.
- While calculating total refrigerant piping length, pipe B, C3 length should be calculated twice.
 $A+Bx2+C3x2+C1+C2+a+b+c+d+e+f+g+i+j+k+l+m+n \leq 1\ 000\ m\ (3\ 281\ ft)$
- Length of pipe from each indoor unit to the closest HR unit (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, i, j, k, l, m, n) ≤ 40 m (131 ft)
- [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit D12 (B+C3+K) - [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the closest indoor unit D1 (C1+a)] ≤ 40 m (131 ft)

! WARNING

When the equivalent length between a outdoor and the farthest indoor unit is 90 m (295 ft) or more, main pipe(A) must be increased one grade.

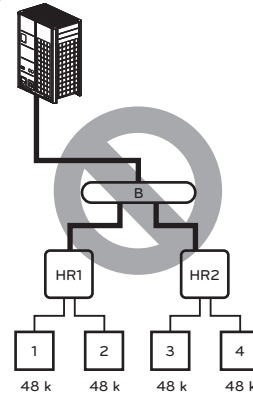
Refrigerant pipe diameter from outdoor unit to first branch. (A)

ODU Capacity (HP(ton))	Standard Pipe Diameter			Pipe diameter when pipe length is ≥ 90 m (295 ft) or when height differential (ODU↔IDU) is > 50 m (164 ft)		
	Liquid Pipe mm (inch)	Low Pressure Vapor Pipe [mm(inch)]	High Pressure Vapor Pipe [mm(inch)]	Liquid Pipe mm (inch)	Low Pressure Vapor Pipe [mm(inch)]	High Pressure Vapor Pipe [mm(inch)]
8(6)	Ø 9.52 (3/8)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)	Ø 12.7 (1/2)	Not increased	Not increased
10(8)	Ø 9.52 (3/8)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Ø 12.7 (1/2)	Not increased	Not increased
12(10)	Ø 12.7 (1/2)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)	Not increased	Not increased
14(12)	Ø 12.7 (1/2)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)	Not increased	Not increased
18(14)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Not increased	Not increased
20~22 (16~18)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Not increased	Not increased
24(20)	Ø 15.88 (5/8)	Ø 34.9 (1-3/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Not increased	Not increased
26~34 (22~28)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Ø 34.9 (1-3/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Not increased	Not increased
36~50 (30~42)	Ø 19.05 (3/4)	Ø 41.3 (1-5/8)	Ø 28.58 (1-1/8)	Ø 22.2 (7/8)	Not increased	Not increased

* If available on site, select pipe size according to upper table. Otherwise it doesn't need to be increased.

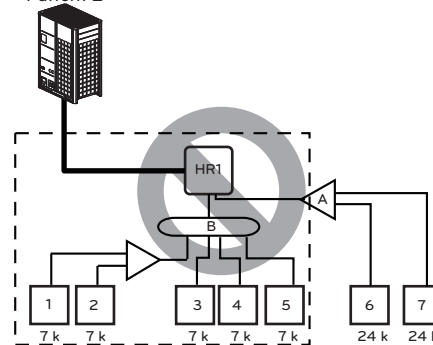
Y branch, Header and HR unit connection pattern

Pattern 1

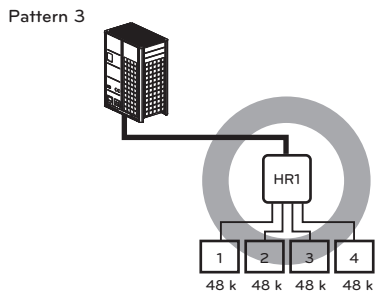


• Impossible installation : Head branch pipe → HR unit

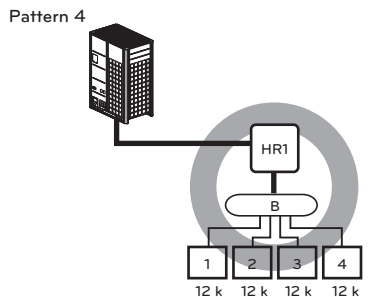
Pattern 2



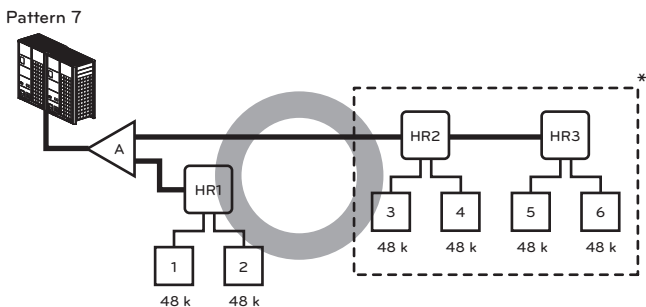
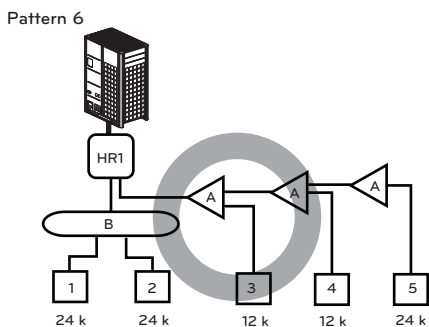
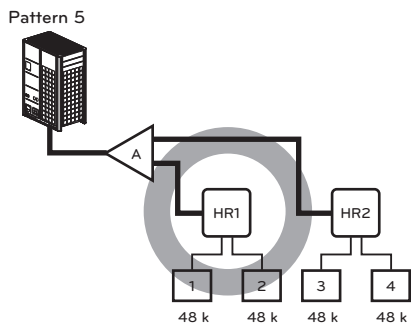
• Impossible installation : HR unit → Head branch pipe → Y and Head branch pipe.



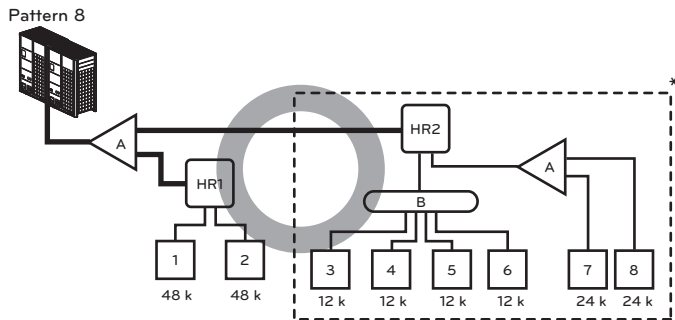
• The maximum total capacity of indoor units is 56.4 kW(192 kBtu/h).



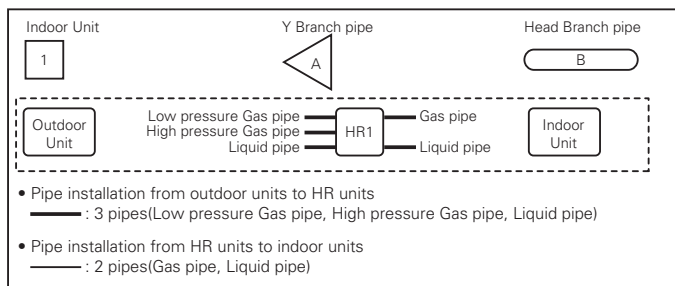
• The maximum total capacity of a branch pipe of HR unit is 14.1 kW(48 kBtu/h).



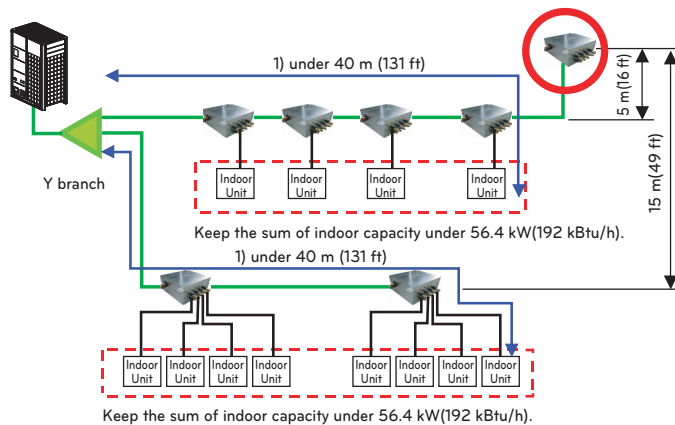
• * : Serial connection of HR units : Capacity sum of indoor units ≤ 56.4 kW (192 kBtu/h)



• * : Maximum indoor units per a branch are 8 indoor units



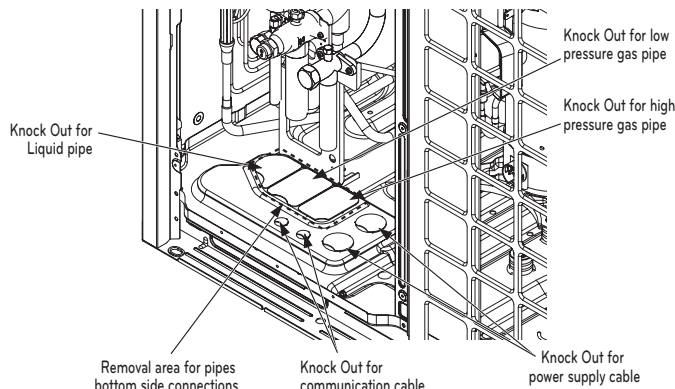
Keep the 40 m (131 ft) distance from the first branch to the farthest indoor.



For Heat Pump System Installation

Preparation Work

- Use Knock Outs of Base Pan of the outdoor unit for Left/Right or Bottom pipe drawing outs.

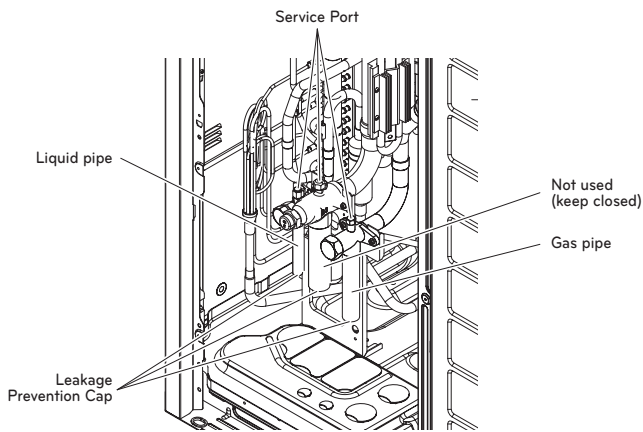


CAUTION

- Do not give damage to the pipe/base during the Knock Out work.
- Proceed to pipe work after removing burr after Knock Out work.
- Perform sleeve work to prevent damage to the wire when connecting wires using Knock Outs.

Remove leakage prevention cap

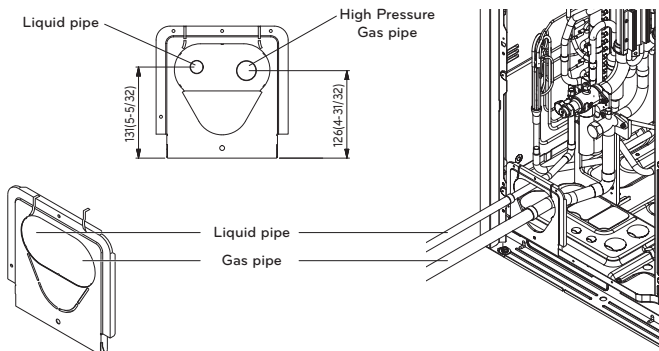
- Remove the leakage prevention cap attached to the outdoor unit service valve before pipe work.
- Proceed the leakage prevention cap removal as follows:
 - Verify whether all the pipes are locked.
 - Extract remaining refrigerant or air inside using the service port.
 - Remove the leakage prevention cap



Pipe Drawing Out during Single / Series connection

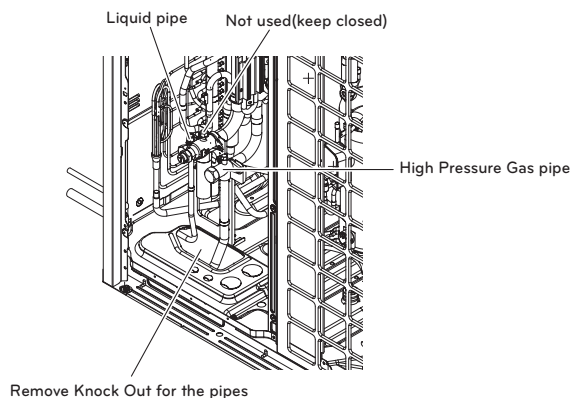
Method of drawing out pipes on the front side

- Proceed with the pipe work as shown in the below figure for front side pipe drawing out.



Method of drawing out pipes on the bottom side

- Drawing out common pipe through side panel



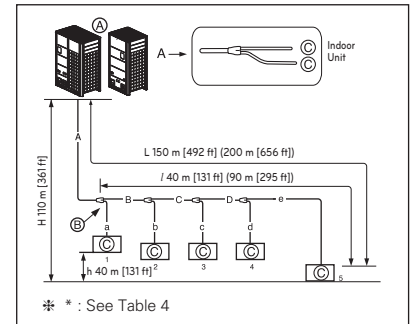
* In case of heat pump system installation, please weld with the proper accessory pipe included with product.

Refrigerant piping system

1 Outdoor Units

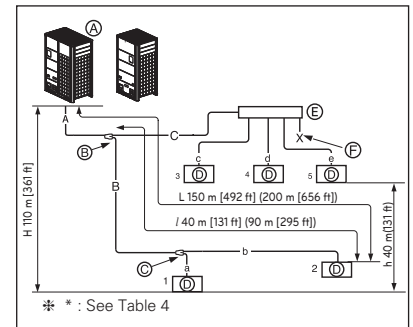
Y branch method

- A : Outdoor Unit
- B : 1st branch (Y branch)
- C : Indoor Units



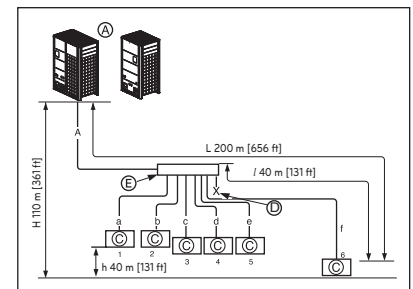
Combination of Y branch/header Method

- A : Outdoor Unit
- B : 1st branch (Y branch)
- C : Y branch
- D : Indoor Unit
- E : Header
- F : Sealed piping



Header Method

- A : Outdoor Unit
- C : Indoor Units
- D : Sealed piping
- E : Header



Piping length from outdoor branch to outdoor unit ≤ 10 m (33 ft), equivalent length : max 13 m (43 ft) (for 14 Ton or more)

Additional Application

To satisfy below condition to make 40 m (131 ft) ~ 90 m (295 ft) of pipe length after first branch.

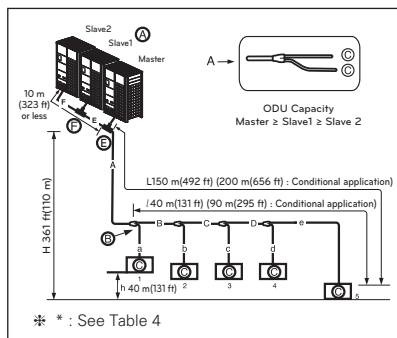
- Diameter of pipes between first branch and the last branch should be increased by one step, except pipe diameter B, C, D is same as Diameter A
 - $\varnothing 1/4$ (6.35 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 3/8$ (9.52 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 1/2$ (12.7 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 5/8$ (15.88 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 3/4$ (19.05 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 7/8$ (22.2 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 1$ (25.4)*, $\varnothing 1-1/8$ (28.58 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 1-1/4$ (31.8 mm)*, $\varnothing 1-3/8$ (34.9 mm) \rightarrow $\varnothing 1-1/2$ (38.1 mm)* \rightarrow $\varnothing 1-5/8$ (41.3 mm)
 - * : It is not necessary to size up.
 - * If the step up size is not available, you can not select the next higher size available.
- While calculating whole refrigerant pipe length, pipe B, C, D length should be calculated twice.

$$A+Bx2+Cx2+Dx2+a+b+c+d+e \leq 1\,000$$
 (3 281 ft)
- Length of pipe from each indoor unit to the closest branch (a,b,c,d,e) ≤ 40 m (131 ft)
- [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit 5 (A+B+C+D+e)] - [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the closest indoor unit 1 (A+a)] ≤ 40 m (131 ft)

Series Outdoor Units (2 Units ~ 3 Units)

Y branch method

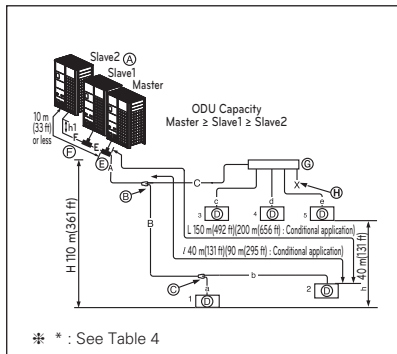
- A : Outdoor Unit
- B : 1st branch (Y branch)
- C : Indoor Units
- E : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN31
- F : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN21



* : See Table 4

Combination of Y branch/ header Method

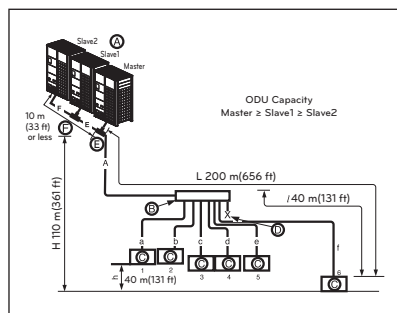
- A : Outdoor Unit
- B : 1st branch(Y branch)
- C : Y branch
- D : Indoor Unit
- E : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN31
- F : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN21
- G : Header
- H : Sealed piping



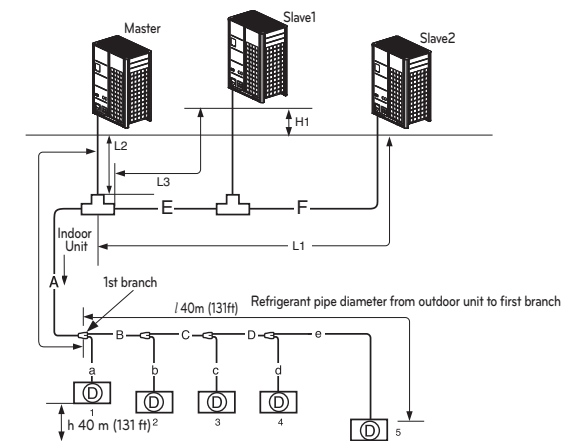
* : See Table 4

Header Method

- A : Outdoor Unit
- B : Header branch
- C : Indoor Units
- D : Sealed piping
- E : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN31
- F : Connection branch pipe between Outdoor units: ARCNN21



Pipe Connection Method between outdoor unit/indoor unit



* See Table 2

- A : Refrigerant pipe diameter from outdoor unit to first branch
- E : Refrigerant pipe diameter for outdoor unit capacity (Slave 1+ Slave 2+ Slave 3)
- F : Refrigerant pipe diameter for outdoor unit capacity (Slave 2+ Slave 3)
- G : Refrigerant pipe diameter for outdoor unit capacity(Slave 3)

Level Difference (Outdoor unit ↔ Outdoor unit)	5 m [16.4 ft]
Max length from first branch to each outdoor unit (L1, L2, L3)	Less than 10 m [32.8 ft] (equivalent length of piping 13 m [42.7 ft])

(Table 1) Limit Pipe length

		Y branch Method	Combination of Y branch/header Method	Header Method
Max pipe length	Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit	Longest pipe length(L) A+B+C+D+e ≤ 150 m [492 ft] (200 m [656 ft] : Conditional application)*	A+B+b ≤ 150 m [492 ft] A+C+e ≤ 150 m [492 ft] (200 m [656 ft] : Conditional application)*	A+f ≤ 200 m [656 ft]
	Equivalent pipe length	175 m [574 ft] (225 m [738 ft] : Conditional application)*	175 m [574 ft] (225 m [738 ft] : Conditional application)*	225 m [738 ft]
	Total pipe length	1 000 m [3 281 ft]	1 000 m [3 281 ft]	1 000 m [3 281 ft]
Max difference in height	Outdoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit	Difference in height(H)	110 m [361 ft]	110 m [361 ft]
	Indoor Unit ↔ Indoor Unit	Difference in height(h)	40 m [131 ft]	40 m [131 ft]
Longest pipe length after 1st branch	Pipe length(l)	40 m [131 ft] (90 m [295 ft] : Conditional application)*	40 m [131 ft] (90 m [295 ft] : Conditional application)*	40 m [131 ft]

* : See Table 4

WARNING

Increased Pipe Diameter(table 2)

- When pipe length is 90 m [295 ft] or more from ODU to 1st branch
- When level difference is 50 m [164 ft] or more

Piping length from outdoor branch to outdoor unit ≤ 10 m (33 ft), equivalent length : max 13 m (43 ft) (for 14 Ton or more)

Additional Application

To satisfy below condition to make 40 m (131 ft) ~ 90 m (295 ft) of pipe length after first branch.

- Diameter of pipes between first branch and the last branch should be increased by one step, except pipe diameter B,C,D is same as Diameter A
 $\varnothing 1/4(6.35 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 3/8(9.52 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 1/2(12.7 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 5/8(15.88 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 3/4(19.05 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 7/8(22.2 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 1(25.4 \text{ mm})^* \rightarrow \varnothing 1-1/8(28.58 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 1-1/4(31.8 \text{ mm})^* \rightarrow \varnothing 1-3/8(34.9 \text{ mm}) \rightarrow \varnothing 1-1/2(38.1 \text{ mm})^* \rightarrow \varnothing 1-5/8(41.3 \text{ mm})$
 * : It is not necessary to size up.
 * If the step up size is not available, you can not select the next higher size available.
- While calculating whole refrigerant pipe length, pipe B,C,D length should be calculated twice.
 $A+Bx2+Cx2+Dx2+a+b+c+d+e \leq 1\,000 \text{ m}(3\,281 \text{ ft})$
- Length of pipe from each indoor unit to the closest branch (a,b,c,d,e) ≤ 40 m (131 ft)
- [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit 5 (A+B+C+D+e)]
 - [Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the closest indoor unit 1 (A+a)] ≤ 40 m (131 ft)

(Table 2) Refrigerant pipe diameter from outdoor unit to first branch. (A)

ODU capacity (HP(ton))	Pipe diameter when pipe length is < 90 m (295 ft) (Standard)		Pipe diameter when pipe length (ODU ↔ IDU) is ≥ 90 m (295 ft)		Pipe diameter when height differential (ODU ↔ IDU) is > 50 m (164 ft)	
	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Vapor pipe [mm(inch)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Vapor pipe [mm(inch)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Vapor pipe [mm(inch)]
8(6)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Not increased
10(8)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Ø 28.58(1-1/8)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Not increased
12(10)~14(12)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Ø 28.58(1-1/8)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Not increased	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Not increased
18(14)~22(18)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 28.58(1-1/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 31.8(1-1/4)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Not increased
24(20)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 34.9(1-3/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Not increased	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Not increased
26~34(22~28)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 34.9(1-3/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Ø 38.1(1-1/2)	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Not increased
36~50(30~42)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 41.3(1-5/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Not increased	Ø 22.2(7/8)	Not increased

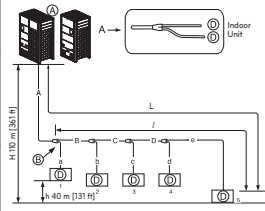
(Table 3) Refrigerant pipe diameter from first branch to last branch (B, C, D)

Downward indoor unit total capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
≤ 5.6(19 100)	Ø 6.35(1/4)	Ø 12.7(1/2)
< 16.0(54 600)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 15.88(5/8)
≤ 22.4(76 400)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)
< 33.6(114 700)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 22.2(7/8)
< 50.4(172 000)	Ø 12.7(1/2)	Ø 28.58(1-1/8)
< 67.2(229 400)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 28.58(1-1/8)
< 72.8(248 500)	Ø 15.88(5/8)	Ø 34.9(1-3/8)
< 100.8(344 000)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 34.9(1-3/8)
< 173.6(592 500)	Ø 19.05(3/4)	Ø 41.3(1-5/8)

(Table 4) Conditional Application

- To satisfy below condition to make 40 m ~ 90 m of pipe length after first branch.

	Condition	Example
1	Diameter of pipes between first branch and the last branch should be increased by one step, except pipe diameter B, C, D is same as Diameter A	40 m [131 ft] < B+C+D+e 90 m [295 ft] → B, C, D Change a diameter
2	While calculating whole refrigerant pipe length, pipe B, C, D length should be calculated twice.	$A+Bx2+Cx2+Dx2$ $+a+b+c+d+e \leq 1\ 000\ m\ [3\ 281\ ft]$
3	Length of pipe from each indoor unit to the closest branch	$a, b, c, d, e \leq 40\ m\ [131\ ft]$
4	Length of pipe from outdoor unit to the farthest indoor unit 5 (A+B+C+D+e) - [Length of pipe outdoor unit to the closest indoor unit 1 (A+a)] ≤ 40 m [131 ft]	$(A+B+C+D+e)-(A+a) \leq 40\ m\ [131\ ft]$



WARNING

- In case of pipe diameter B connected after first branch is bigger than the main pipe diameter A, B should be of the same size with A.

Ex) In case indoor unit combination ratio 120 % is connected to 24 HP(67.2 kW) outdoor unit.

- Outdoor unit main pipe diameter A : Ø 34.9(Gas pipe), Ø 15.88(liquid pipe)
- Pipe diameter B after first branch according to 120 % indoor unit ombination(80.6 kW) : Ø 34.9(gas pipe), Ø 19.05(liquid pipe)
Therefore, pipe diameter B connected after first branch would be Ø 34.9(gas pipe) / Ø 15.88(liquid pipe) which is same with main pipe diameter.

Outdoor unit Connection

WARNING

- In case of pipe diameter B connected after first branch is bigger than the main pipe diameter A, B should be of the same size with A.

Ex) In case indoor unit combination ratio ratio 130 % is connected to 24 HP(70 kW) outdoor unit.

- Outdoor unit main pipe diameter A : Ø 34.9(1-3/8, gas pipe), Ø 15.88(5/8, liquid pipe)
- Pipe diameter B after first branch according to 130 % indoor unit combination(91 kW) : Ø 34.9(1-3/8, gas pipe), Ø 19.05(3/4, liquid pipe)
Therefore, pipe diameter B connected after first branch would be Ø 34.9(1-3/8, gas pipe) / Ø 15.88(5/8, liquid pipe) which is same with main pipe diameter.

[Example]

Instead of using indoor unit total capacity, use outdoor unit model name in order to choose main pipe diameter by downward.

Do not let the connection pipe from branch to branch exceed the main pipe diameter chosen by outdoor unit model name.

Ex) Where connecting the indoor units to the 24 HP(70 kW) outdoor unit to 130 % of its system capacity (91 kW) and branching 7 kBtu/h(2.2 kW) indoor unit at the 1st branch

Main pipe diameter (24 HP outdoor unit) outdoor unit): Ø 28.58 (1-1/8, Gas pipe) Ø 15.88(5/8, Liquid pipe)

Pipe diameter between 1st and 2nd branch (88.5 kW indoor units) : Ø 34.9(1-3/8, Gas pipe) Ø 19.05(3/4, Liquid pipe) in conformity with downward indoor units.

Since the main pipe diameter of 24 HP(20 Ton) outdoor unit is Ø 28.58(1-1/8, Gas pipe) and Ø 15.88(5/8, Liquid pipe), Ø 28.58(1-1/8, Gas pipe) and Ø 15.88(5/8, Liquid pipe) is used as the main pipe and the connection pipe between 1st and 2nd branch.

Indoor Unit Connection

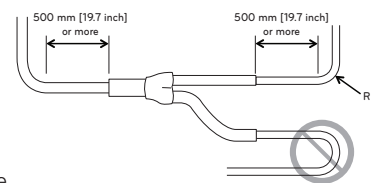
Indoor Unit connecting pipe from branch (a,b,c,d,e,f)

Indoor Unit capacity [kW(Btu/h)]	Liquid pipe [mm(inch)]	Gas pipe [mm(inch)]
≤ 5.6(19 100)	Ø 6.35(1/4)	Ø 12.7(1/2)
< 16.0(54 600)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 15.88(5/8)
< 22.4(76 400)	Ø 9.52(3/8)	Ø 19.05(3/4)

CAUTION

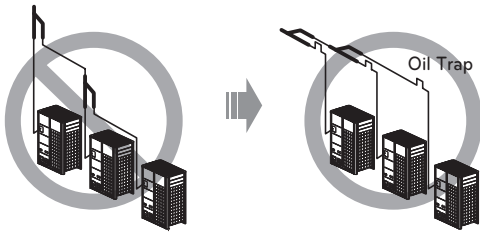
- Bending radius should be at least twice the diameter of the pipe.

- Bend pipe after 500 mm [19.7 inch] or more from branch(or header). Do not bend U type. It may affect performance or result in noise. If U type bending is required the R should be more than 200 mm [7.9 inch].



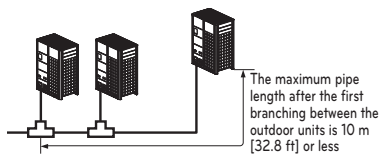
Pipe Connection Method/Precautions for Series connections between Outdoor units

- Separate Y branch joints are needed for series connections between outdoor units.
- Y-branches between the outside units must be installed horizontally.

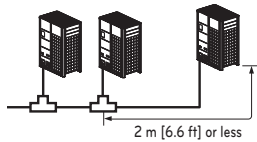


- Please refer to the below connection examples to install pipe connections between outdoor units.

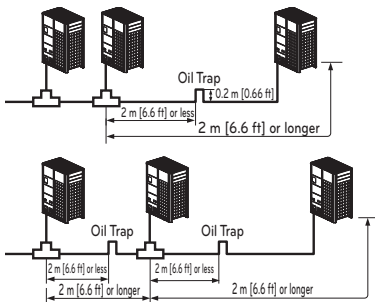
Pipe connection between outdoor units (General Case)



Pipes between outdoor units are 2 m [6.6 ft] or less



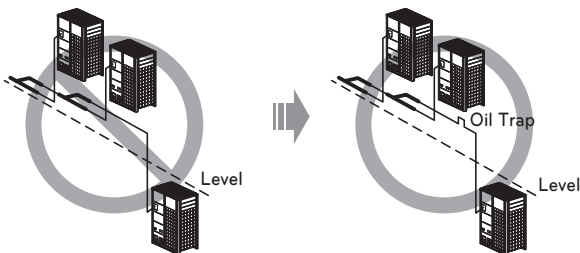
Pipes between outdoor units are 2 m [6.6 ft] or longer



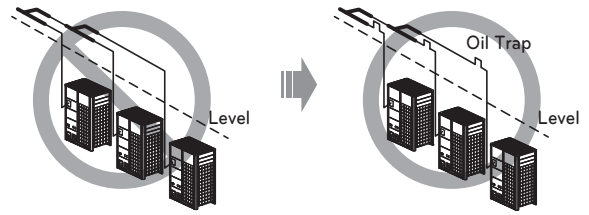
- If the distance between the outdoor units becomes more than 2 m [6.6 ft], apply Oil Traps between the gas pipes.
- If the outdoor unit is located lower than the main pipe, apply Oil Trap.

Examples of Wrong Pipe Connections

- If outside units are located at different level, oil trap must be installed after each Y branch.
- Oil trap should be located at same level of Y branch. (Heat Pump : High Pressure Vapor / Heat Recovery : High Pressure Vapor & Low Pressure Vapor)



- If pipe is higher than outside unit, oil trap must be installed after each Y branch.
- Oil trap should be located at same level of Y branch. (Heat Pump : High Pressure Vapor / Heat Recovery : High Pressure Vapor & Low Pressure Vapor)

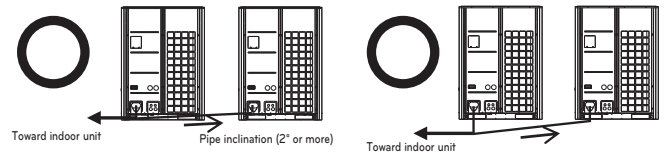


- The pipes between the outdoor units must maintain horizontal levelness or give an inclination to prevent a back flow toward the slave outdoor unit. Otherwise, the unit may not operate properly.

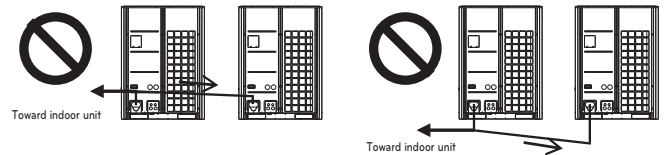
(Example 1)



(Example 2)

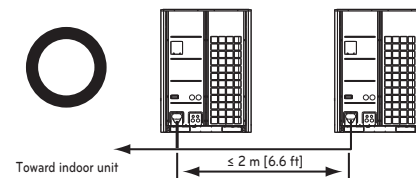


(Example 3)

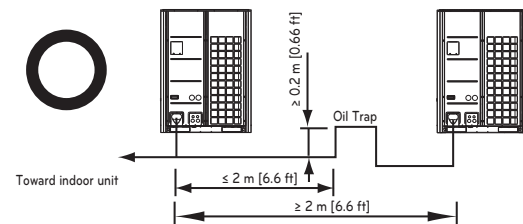


- Apply Oil Trap as shown below when the length of the pipe between the outdoor units is more than 2 m [6.6 ft]. Otherwise, the unit may not operate properly.

(Example 1)



(Example 2)

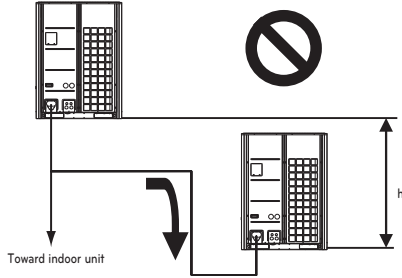


- When connecting the pipes between the outdoor units, the accumulation of oil in the slave outdoor unit should be avoided. Otherwise, the unit may not operate properly.

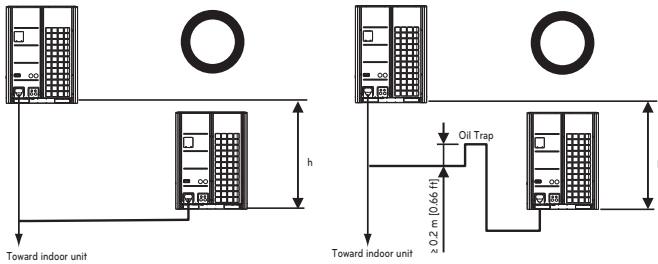
(Example 1)



(Example 2)



(Example 3)



The amount of Refrigerant

The calculation of the additional charge should take into account the length of pipe and CF(correction Factor) value of indoor unit.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Additional charge}[\text{kg}(\text{lbs})] &= \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 25.4 \text{ mm (1.0 inch)} \times 0.480 \text{ kg/m (0.323 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 22.2 \text{ mm (7/8 inch)} \times 0.354 \text{ kg/m (0.238 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 19.05 \text{ mm (3/4 inch)} \times 0.266 \text{ kg/m (0.179 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 15.88 \text{ mm (5/8 inch)} \times 0.173 \text{ kg/m (0.116 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 12.7 \text{ mm (1/2 inch)} \times 0.118 \text{ kg/m (0.079 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 9.52 \text{ mm (3/8 inch)} \times 0.061 \text{ kg/m (0.041 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Total liquid pipe : } \varnothing 6.35 \text{ mm (1/4 inch)} \times 0.022 \text{ kg/m (0.015 lbs/ft)} \\
 &+ \text{Number of installed HR units} \times 0.5 \text{ kg (1.1 lbs)} \\
 &\quad \text{※ 6 \& 8 Branches} \\
 &\quad \text{Model : 1.0 kg/EA} \\
 &\quad \text{(2.2 lbs/EA)} \\
 &\quad \text{CF value of indoor unit}
 \end{aligned}$$

Include only for Heat Recovery system

Amount refrigerant of Indoor units

Example) 4Way Ceiling Cassette 14.5 kW(48 kBtu/hr) -1 EA,
 Ceiling concealed Duct 7.3 kW(24 kBtu/hr)-2 EA,
 Wall Mounted 2.3 kW(7 kBtu/hr)-4 EA
 CF = [0.64 kg (1.411 lbs)×1 EA] + [0.26 kg (0.573 lbs)×
 2 EA] + [0.26 kg (0.529 lbs)×4 EA]
 = 2.12 kg (4.67 lbs)

Attach the additional refrigerant table of IDU.

WARNING

- Regulation for refrigerant leakage : the amount of refrigerant leakage should satisfy the following equation for human safety.

$$\frac{\text{Total amount of refrigerant in the system}}{\text{Volume of the room at which Indoor Unit of the least capacity is installed}} \leq 0.44 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ (0.028 lbs/ft}^3\text{)}$$

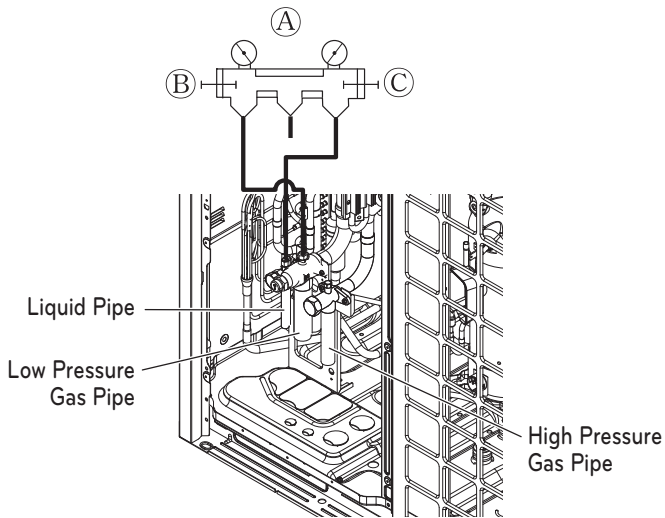
If the above equation can not be satisfied, then follow the following steps.

- Selection of air conditioning system: select one of the next
 - Installation of effective opening part
 - Reconfirmation of Outdoor Unit capacity and piping length
 - Reduction of the amount of refrigerant
 - Installation of 2 or more security device (alarm for gas leakage)
- Change Indoor Unit type : installation position should be over 2 m (6.6 ft) from the floor (Wall mounted type → Cassette type)
- Adoption of ventilation system : choose ordinary ventilation system or building ventilation system
- Limitation in piping work : Prepare for earthquake and thermal stress

Refrigerant charging

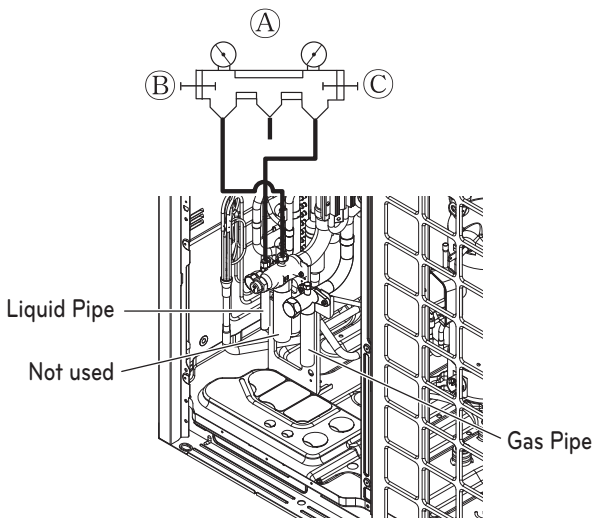
For Heat Recovery System Installation

- Ⓐ Manifold Gauge
- Ⓑ Low pressure side Handle
- Ⓒ High pressure side Handle



For Heat Pump System Installation

- Ⓐ Manifold Gauge
- Ⓑ Low Pressure Side Handle
- Ⓒ High Pressure Side Handle

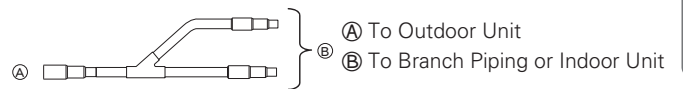


⚠ WARNING

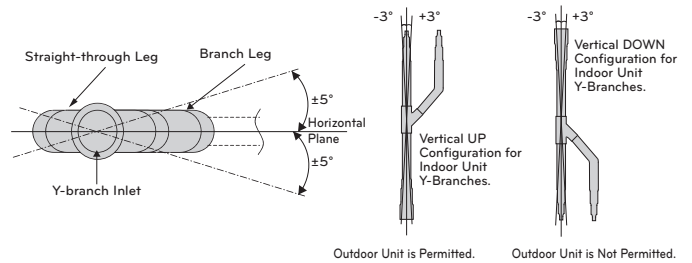
- Pipe to be vacuumed : gas pipe, liquid pipe
- If the refrigerant amount is not exact, it may not operate properly.
- If additionally bottled refrigerant amount is over 10 %, condenser burst or insufficient indoor unit performance may be caused.
- Low pressure gas pipe should be sealed with a cap in piping accessories during refrigerant charging.

Branch pipe Fitting

Y branch



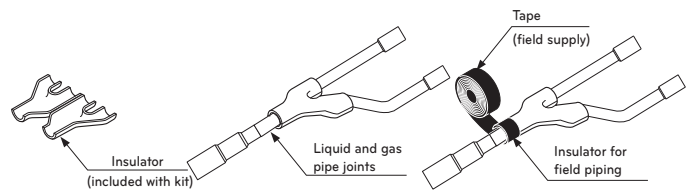
- Ensure that the branch pipes are attached horizontally or vertically. (see the diagram below.)



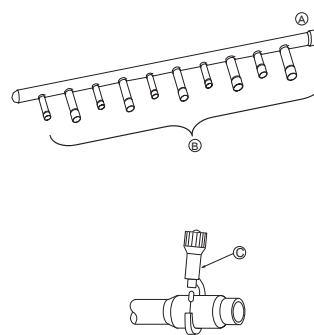
Outdoor unit Y-branches can only be installed in a horizontal or vertical UP configuration.

The vertical DOWN configuration is not permitted.

- There is no limitation on the joint mounting configuration.
- If the diameter of the refrigerant piping selected by the procedures described is different from the size of the joint, the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter.
- Branch pipe should be insulated with the insulator in each kit.



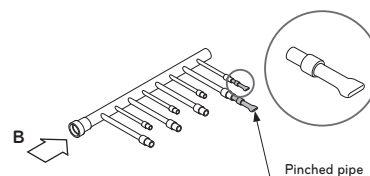
Header



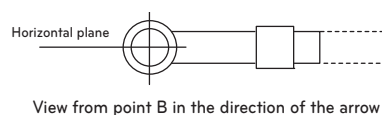
- The indoor unit having larger capacity must be installed closer to Ⓐ than smaller one.
- If the diameter of the refrigerant piping selected by the procedures described is different from the size of the joint, the connecting section should be cut with a pipe cutter.

- When the number of pipes to be connected is smaller than the number of header branches, install a cap to the unconnected branches.

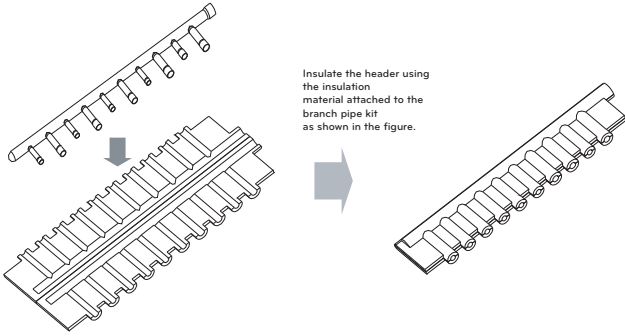
- When the number of indoor units to be connected to the branch pipes is less than the number of branch pipes available for connection then cap pipes should be fitted to the surplus branches.



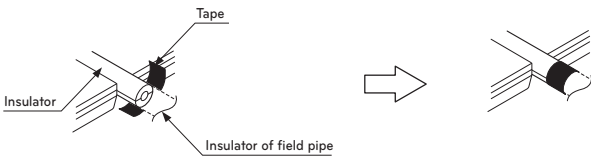
- Fit branch pipe lie in a horizontal plane.



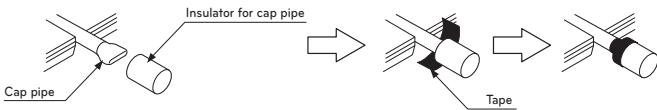
- Header should be insulated with the insulator in each kit.



- Joints between branch and pipe should be sealed with the tape included in each kit.



- Any cap pipe should be insulated using the insulator provided with each kit and then taped as described above.



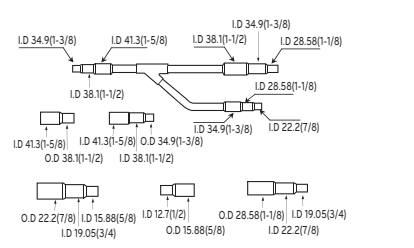
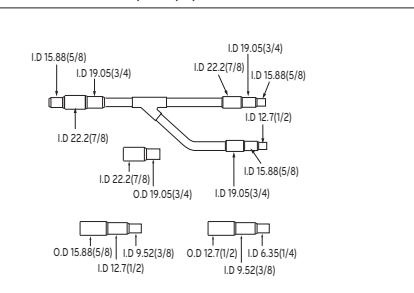
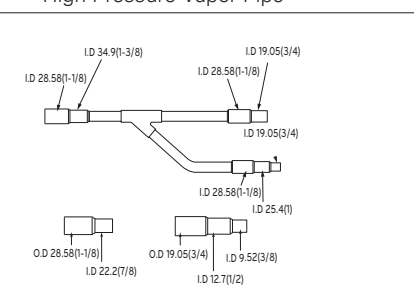
Y branch pipe

For Heat Recovery System Installation

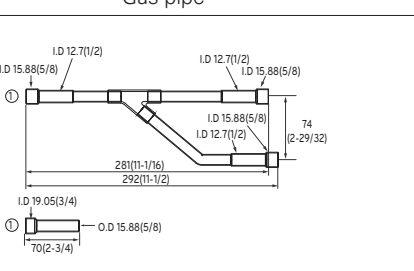
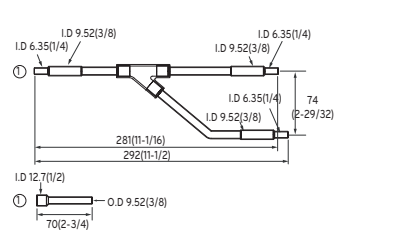
[Unit : mm(inch)]

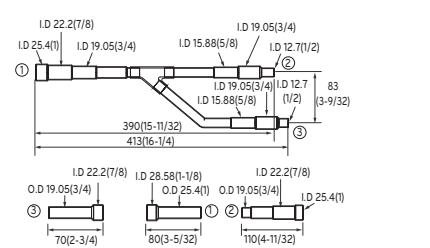
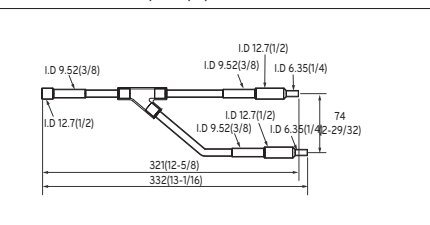
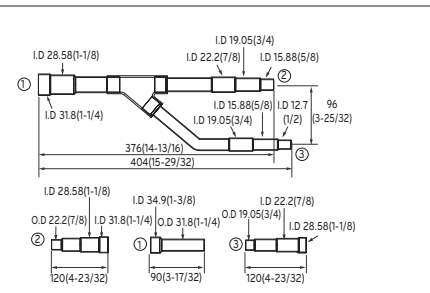
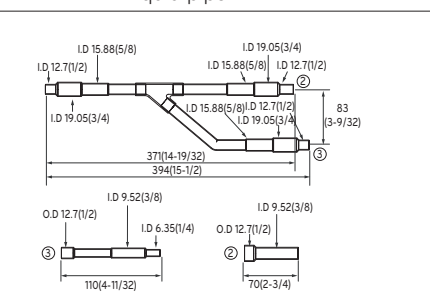
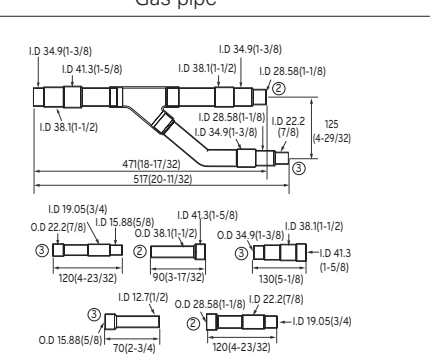
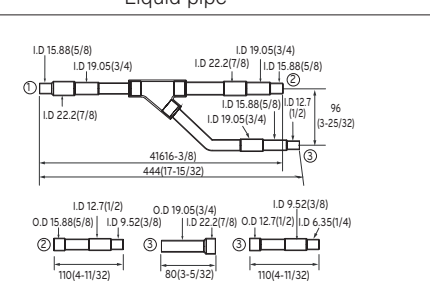
Models	Pipe
ARBLB01621	Low-Pressure Vapor Pipe
	Liquid pipe
	High-Pressure Vapor Pipe
	High-Pressure Vapor Pipe

Models	Pipe
ARBLB03321	Low-Pressure Vapor Pipe
	Liquid pipe
	High-Pressure Vapor Pipe
ARBLB07121	Low-Pressure Vapor Pipe
	Liquid pipe
	High-Pressure Vapor Pipe

Models	Pipe
ARBLB14521	<p>Low-Pressure Vapor Pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
	<p>High-Pressure Vapor Pipe</p> 

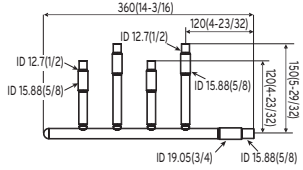
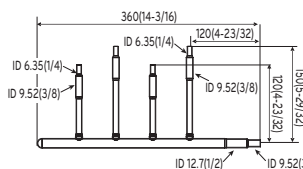
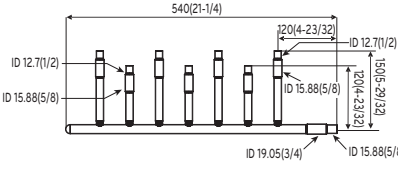
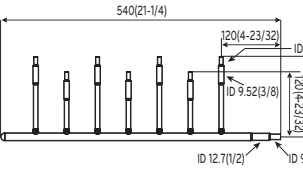
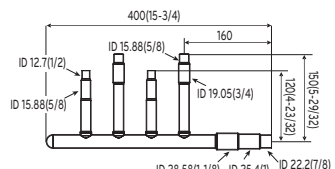
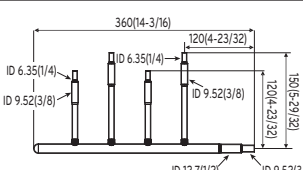
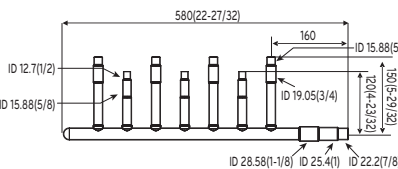
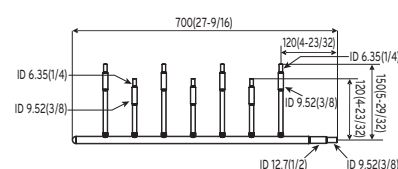
For Heat Pump System Installation

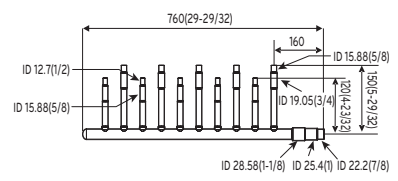
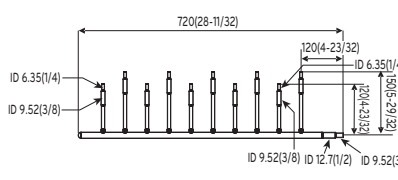
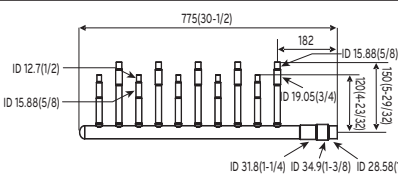
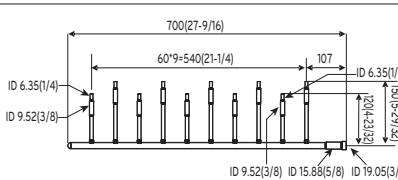
Models	Pipe
ARBLN01621	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 

Models	Pipe
ARBLN03321	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
ARBLN14521	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 

Header

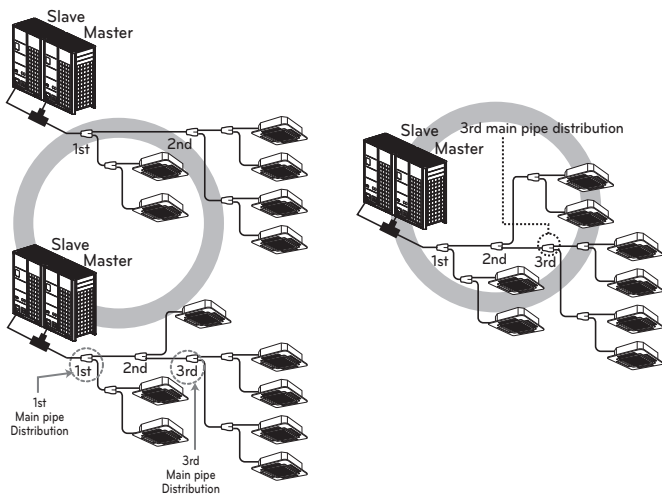
[Unit:mm(inch)]

Models	Pipe
4 branch ARBL054	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
7 branch ARBL057	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
4 branch ARBL104	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
7 branch ARBL107	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 

Models	Pipe
10 branch ARBL1010	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 
10 branch ARBL2010	<p>Gas pipe</p> 
	<p>Liquid pipe</p> 

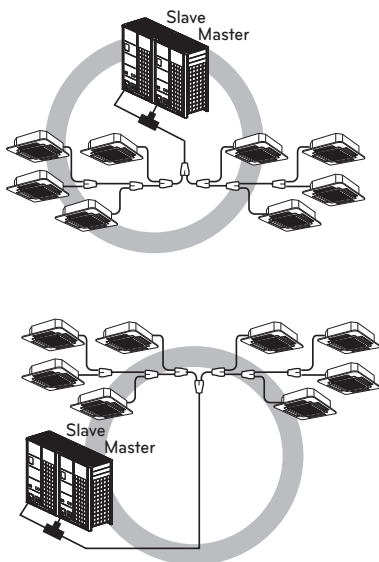
Distribution Method

Horizontal Distribution

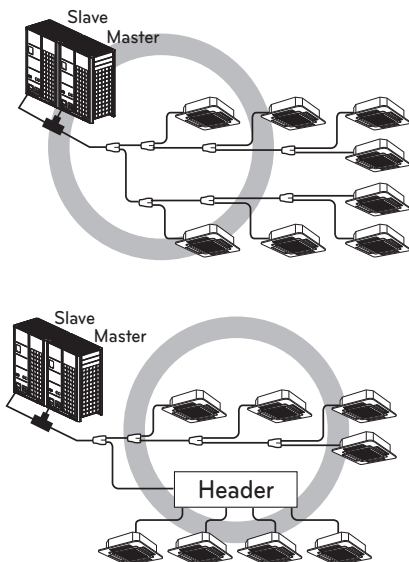


Vertical Distribution

- Ensure that the branch pipes are attached vertically.



The others

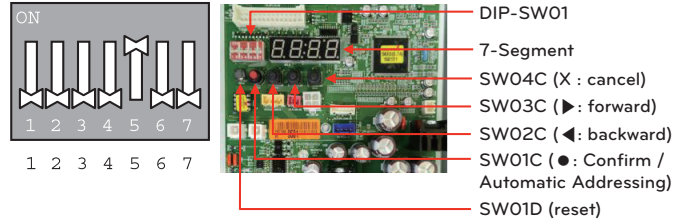


Vacuum Mode

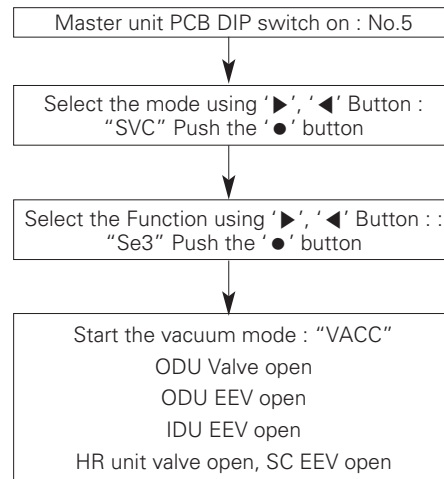
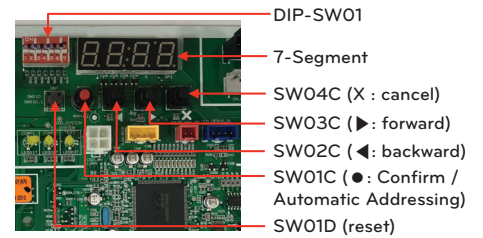
This function is used for creating vacuum in the system after compressor replacement, ODU parts replacement or IDU addition / replacement.

Vacuum mode setting method

ARUM***B(D)TE5



ARUM***CTE5



Vacuum mode off method

DIP switch off and push the reset button on Master unit PCB

CAUTION

ODU operation stops during vacuum mode. Compressor can't operate.

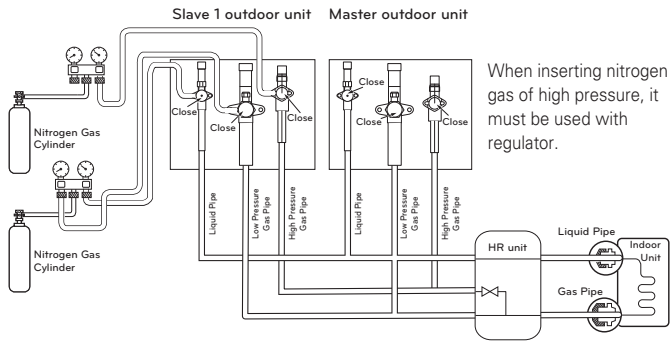
Leak Test and Vacuum drying

Leak test

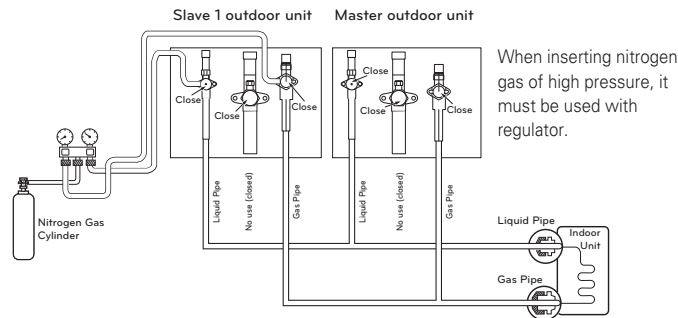
Leak test should be made by pressurizing nitrogen gas to 3.8 MPa (551.1 psi). If the pressure does not drop for 24 hours, the system passes the test. If the pressure drops, check where the nitrogen leaks. For the test method, refer to the following figure. (Make a test with the service valves closed. Be also sure to pressurize liquid pipe, gas pipe and high pressure gas pipe)

The test result can be judged good if the pressure has not be reduced after leaving for about one day after completion of nitrogen gas pressurization.

Series Installation (Heat Recovery)



Series Installation (Heat Pump)



WARNING

Use a vacuum pump or Inert(nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion.

- There is the risk of death, injury, fire or explosion.

NOTE

If the ambient temperature differs between the time when pressure is applied and when the pressure drop is checked, apply the following correction factor

There is a pressure change of approximately 0.01 MPa(1.5 psi) for each 33.8 °F (1 °C) of temperature difference.

Correction= (Temp. at the time of pressurization – Temp. at the time of check) X 0.1

For example: Temperature at the time of pressurization 3.8 MPa(551 psi) is 80.6 °F (27 °C)
24 hour later: 3.73 MPa(541 psi), 68 °F (20 °C)
In this case the pressure drop of 0.07 MPa (10 psi) is because of temperature drop
And hence there is no leakage in pipe occurred.

CAUTION

To prevent the nitrogen from entering the refrigeration system in the liquid state, the top of the cylinder must be at higher position than the bottom when you pressurize the system.

Usually the cylinder is used in a vertical standing position.

Vacuum

Vacuum drying should be made from the service port provided on the outdoor unit's service valve to the vacuum pump commonly used for liquid pipe, gas pipe and high/low pressure common pipe. (Make Vacuum from liquid pipe, gas pipe and high/low pressure common pipe with the service valve closed.)

* Never perform air purging using refrigerant.

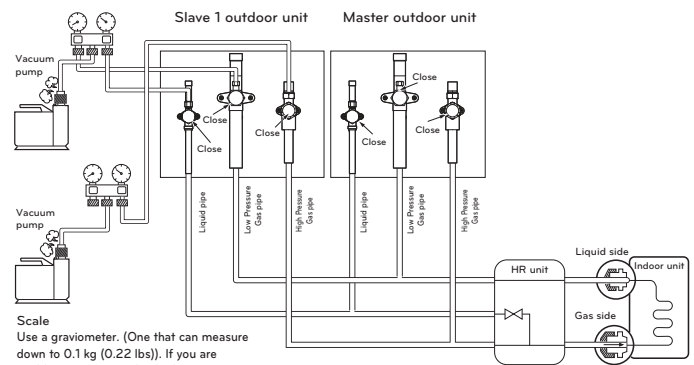
- Vacuum drying: Use a vacuum pump that can evacuate to -100.7 kPa (-14.6 psi, 5 Torr, -755 mmHg).

- Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas pipes with a vacuum pump for over 2 hrs and bring the system to -100.7 kPa(-14.6 psi). After maintaining system under that condition for over 1 hr, confirm the vacuum gauge rises. The system may contain moisture or leak.

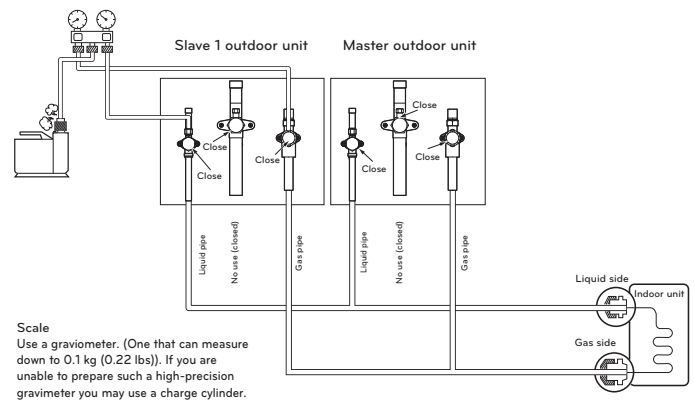
- Following should be executed if there is a possibility of moisture remaining inside the pipe.
(Rainwater may enter the pipe during work in the rainy season or over a long period of time)

After evacuating the system for 2 hrs, give pressure to the system to 0.05 MPa(7.3 psi) (vacuum break) with nitrogen gas and then evacuate it again with the vacuum pump for 1hr to -100.7 kPa (-14.6 psi)(vacuum drying). If the system cannot be evacuated to -100.7 kPa(-14.6 psi) within 2 hrs, repeat the steps of vacuum break and its drying. Finally, check if the vacuum gauge does not rise or not, after maintaining the system in vacuum for 1 hr.

Series Installation (Heat Recovery)



Series Installation (Heat Pump)



WARNING

Use a vacuum pump or Inert(nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion.

- There is the risk of death, injury, fire or explosion.

NOTE

Always add an appropriate amount of refrigerant. (For the refrigerant additional charge)
 Too much or too little refrigerant will cause trouble.
 To use the Vacuum Mode (If the Vacuum mode is set, all valves of Indoor units and Outdoor units will be opened.)

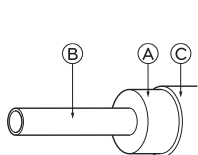
WARNING

When installing and moving the air conditioner to another site, recharge after perfect evacuation.

- If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.

Thermal insulation of refrigerant piping

Be sure to give insulation work to refrigerant piping by covering liquid pipe and gas pipe separately with enough thickness heat-resistant polyethylene, so that no gap is observed in the joint between indoor unit and insulating material, and insulating materials themselves. When insulation work is insufficient, there is a possibility of condensation drip, etc. Pay special attention to insulation work to ceiling plenum.

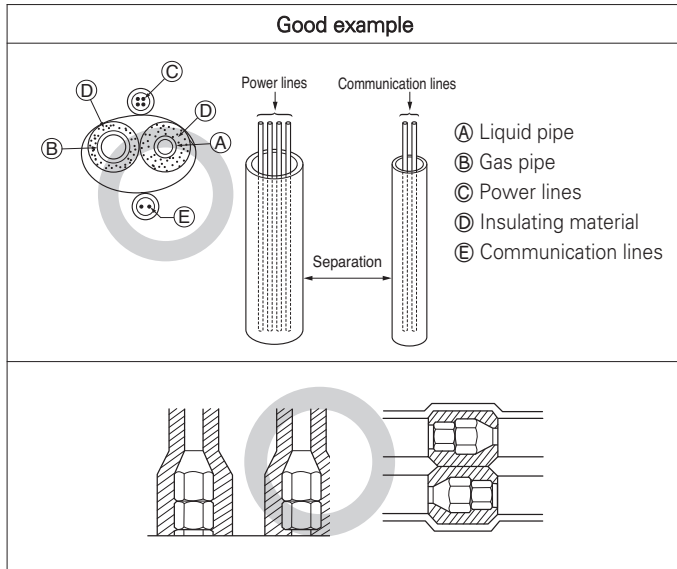


Heat insulation material	Adhesive + Heat - resistant polyethylene foam + Adhesive tape	
Outer covering	Indoor	Vinyl tape
	Floor exposed	Water-proof hemp cloth + Bronze asphalt
	Outdoor	Water-proof hemp cloth + Zinc plate + Oily paint

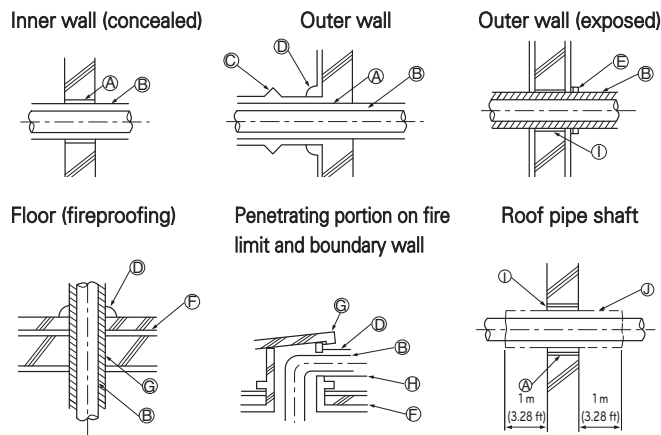
- (A) Heat insulation material
- (B) Pipe
- (C) Outer covering(Wind the connection part and cutting part of heat insulation material with a finishing tape.)

NOTE

When using polyethylene cover as covering material, asphalt roofing shall not be required.



Penetrations

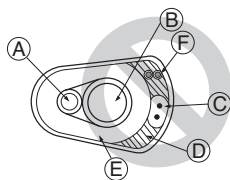


- (A) Sleeve
- (B) Heat insulating material
- (C) Lagging
- (D) Caulking material
- (E) Band
- (F) Waterproofing layer
- (G) Sleeve with edge
- (H) Lagging material
- (I) Mortar or other incombustible caulking
- (J) Incombustible heat insulation material

When filling a gap with mortar, cover the penetration part with steel plate so that the insulation material will not be caved in. For this part, use incombustible materials for both insulation and covering. (Vinyl covering should not be used.)

Bad example

• Do not insulate gas or low pressure pipe and liquid or highpressure pipe together.



- (A) Liquid pipe
- (B) Gas pipe
- (C) Power lines
- (D) Finishing tape
- (E) Insulating material
- (F) Communication lines

• Be sure to fully insulate connecting portion.



(A) These parts are not insulated.

ELECTRICAL WIRING

Caution

- Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations and guidance of each electric power company.

! WARNING

Be sure to have authorized electrical engineers do the electric work using special circuits in accordance with regulations and this installation manual.
If power supply circuit has a lack of capacity or electric work deficiency, it may cause an electric shock or fire.

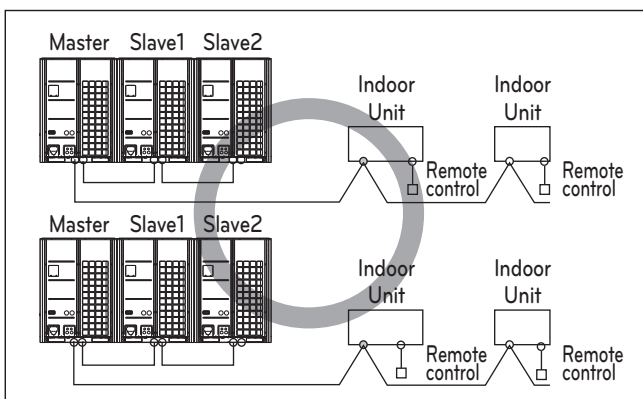
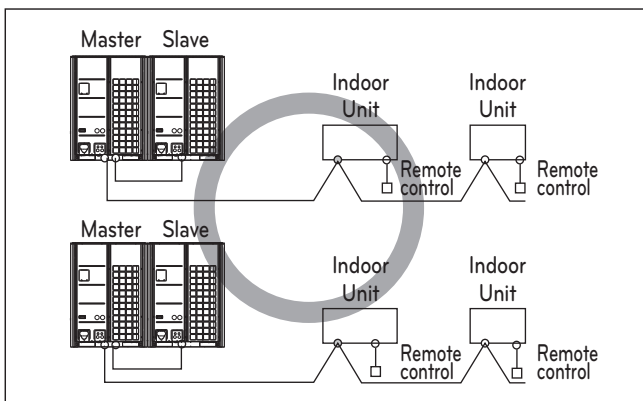
- Install the Outdoor Unit communication cable away from the power source wiring so that it is not affected by electric noise from the power source. (Do not run it through the same conduit.)
- Be sure to provide designated grounding work to Outdoor Unit.

! CAUTION

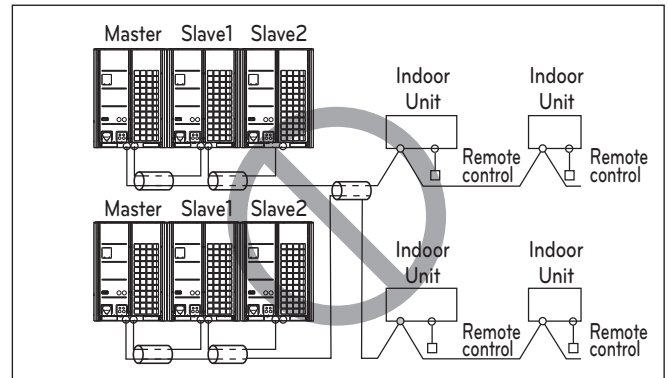
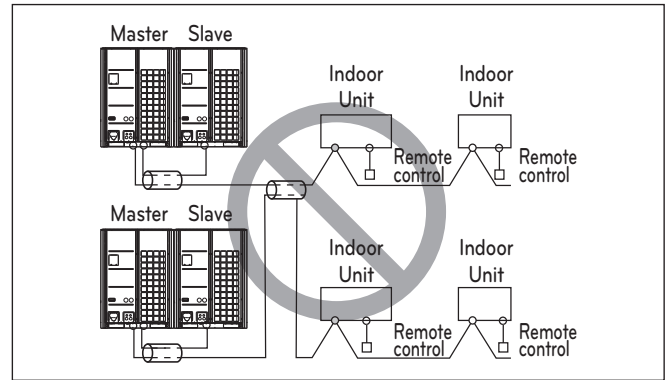
Be sure to correct the outdoor unit to earth. Do not connect ground wire to any gas pipe, liquid pipe, lightning rod or telephone earth line. If earth is incomplete, it may cause an electric shock.

- Give some allowance to wiring for electrical part box of Indoor and Outdoor Units, because the box is sometimes removed at the time of service work.
- Never connect the main power source to terminal block of communication cable. If connected, electrical parts will be burnt out.
- Use the 2-core shielded wires or 2-core unshielded wires for communication cable. (○ mark in the figure below) If communication cable of different systems are wired with the same multicore cable, the resultant poor transmitting and receiving will cause erroneous operations. (⊗ mark in the figure below)
- Only the communication cable specified should be connected to the terminal block for Outdoor Unit communication.

2-core shielded cables or 2-core unshielded wires



Multi-Core Cable

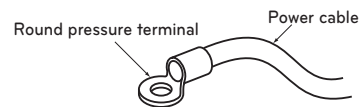


! CAUTION

- Use the 2-core shielded wires or 2-core unshielded wires for communication cables. Never use them together with power cables.
- The conductive shielding layer of cable should be grounded to the metal part of both units.
- Never use multi-core cable
- As this unit is equipped with an inverter, to install a phase leading capacitor not only will deteriorate power factor improvement effect, but also may cause capacitor abnormal heating. Therefore, never install a phase leading capacitor.
- Make sure that the power unbalance ratio is not greater than 2%. If it is greater the units lifespan will be reduced.

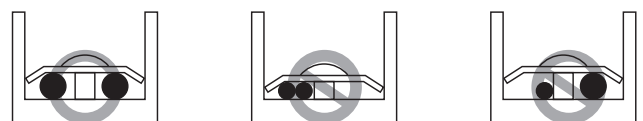
Precautions when laying power wiring

Use round pressure terminals for connections to the power terminal block.



When none are available, follow the instructions below.

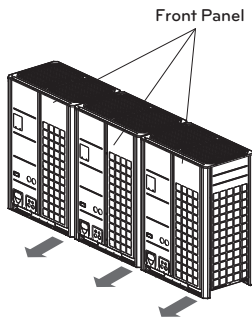
- Do not connect wiring of different thicknesses to the power terminal block. (Slack in the power wiring may cause abnormal heat.)
- When connecting cable which is the same thickness, do as shown in the figure below.



- For wiring, use the designated power cable and connect firmly, then secure to prevent outside pressure being exerted on the terminal block.
- Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terminal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will strip the head and make proper tightening impossible.
- Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them.

Control box and connecting position of wiring

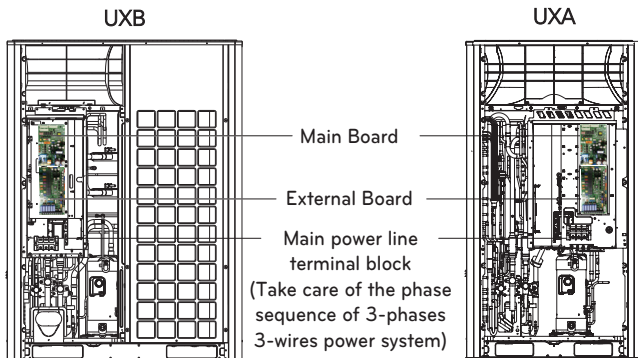
- Remove all of the screws at front panel and remove the panel by pulling it forward.
- Connect communication cable between main and slave outdoor unit through the terminal block.
- Connect communication cables between outdoor unit and indoor units through the terminal block.
- When the central control system is connected to the outdoor unit, a dedicated PCB must be connected between them.
- When connecting communication cable between outdoor unit and indoor units with shielded cable, connect the shield ground to the earth screw.
- Be sure to also make grounding connections to ground screws when connecting shielded wires to the central control system.



WARNING

The temperature sensor for outdoor air should not be exposed to direct sunlight.

- Provide an appropriate cover to intercept direct sunlight.



Communication and Power Cables

Communication cable

- Types : shielded wires or unshielded wires
- Cross section : $1.0 \sim 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ ($1.55 \times 10^{-3} \sim 2.32 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in}^2$)
- Maximum allowable temperature: $60 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ($140 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}$)
- Maximum allowable cable length: under 1 000 m (3 281 ft)

Remote control cable

- Types : 3-core cables

Central control cable

Product type	Cable type	Diameter
ACP&AC Manager	2-core cable (Shielding cable)	$1.0 \sim 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ ($1.55 \times 10^{-3} \sim 2.32 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in}^2$)
AC Smart	2-core cable (Shielding cable)	$1.0 \sim 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ ($1.55 \times 10^{-3} \sim 2.32 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in}^2$)
Simple central controller	4-core cable (Shielding cable)	$1.0 \sim 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$ ($1.55 \times 10^{-3} \sim 2.32 \times 10^{-3} \text{ in}^2$)

CAUTION

In case of using the shielded wires, it should be grounded.

Separation of communication and power cables

- If communication and power cables are installed alongside each other then there is a strong likelihood of operational faults developing due to interference in the signal wiring caused by electrostatic and electromagnetic coupling.
- The tables below indicates our recommendation as to appropriate spacing of communication and power cables where these are to be run side by side

Current capacity of power cable		Spacing
100 V or more	10 A	300 mm (11-13/16 inch)
	50 A	500 mm (19-11/16 inch)
	100 A	1 000 mm (39-3/8 inch)
	Exceed 100 A	1 500 mm (59-1/16 inch)

NOTE

- The figures are based on assumed length of parallel cabling up to 100 m [328 ft]. For length in excess of 100 m [328 ft] the figures will have to be recalculated in direct proportion to the additional length of cable involved.
- If the power supply waveform continues to exhibit some distortion the recommended spacing in the table should be increased.
 - If the cable are laid inside conduits then the following point must also be taken into account when grouping various cable together for introduction into the conduits
 - Power cable(including power supply to air conditioner) and communication cables must not be laid inside the same
 - In the same way, when grouping the power wires and communication cables should not be bunched together.

CAUTION

If apparatus is not properly earthed then there is always a risk of electric shock, the grounding of the apparatus must be carried out by a qualified person.

Wiring of main power supply and equipment capacity

- Use a separate power supply for the Outdoor Unit and Indoor Unit.
- Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
- The cable size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. The power cord size should be 1 rank thicker taking into account the line voltage drops. Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10 %.
- Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
- Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use should not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord.
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.

! WARNING

- Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations and guidance of each electric power company.
- Make sure to use specified cables for connections so that no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, it may cause heating or fire.
- Make sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.

! CAUTION

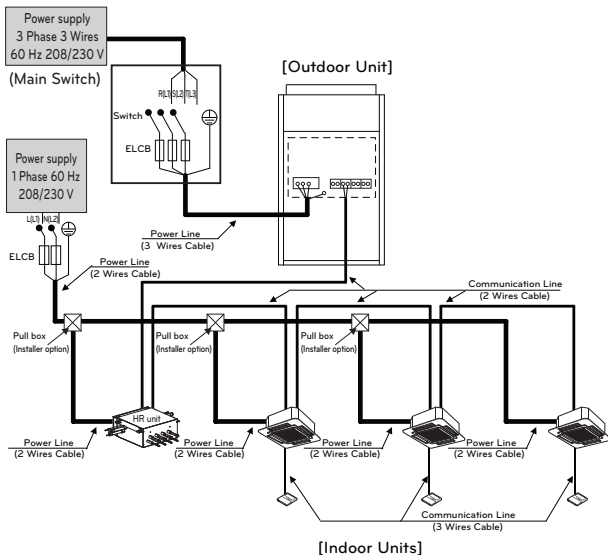
- All installation site must require attachment of an earth leakage breaker. If no earth leakage breaker is installed, it may cause an electric shock.
- Do not use anything other than breaker and fuse with correct capacity. Using fuse and wire or copper wire with too large capacity may cause a malfunction of unit or fire.

Field Wiring

208/230 V

Example Connection of Communication Cable

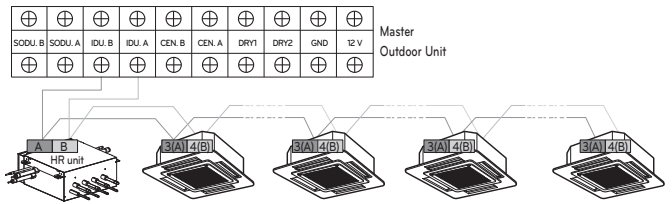
1 Outdoor Unit-3 Ø, 208/230 V



! WARNING

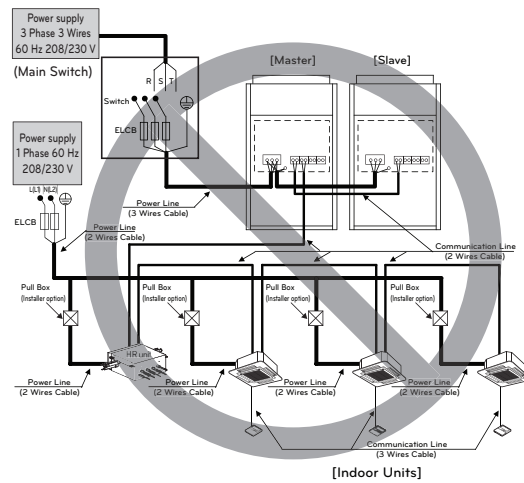
- Indoor unit ground lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.
- When using shielded wires, perform a single-point grounding only to the outdoor unit for grounding of communication wires.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit

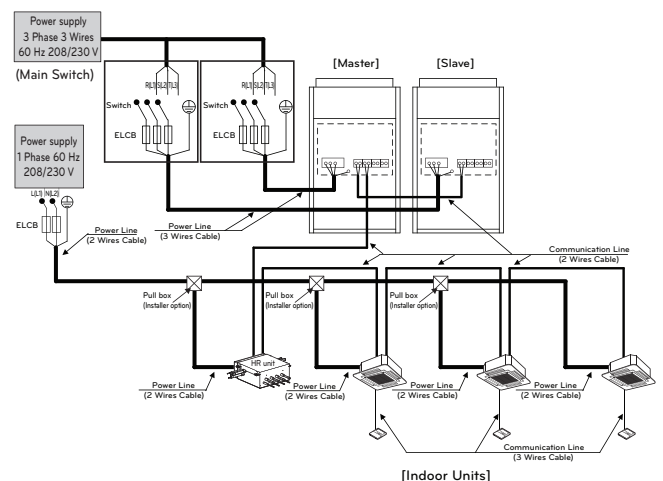


2 Outdoor Units-3 Ø, 208/230 V

When the power source is connected In series between the units.



When the power source is supplied to Each outdoor unit individually.



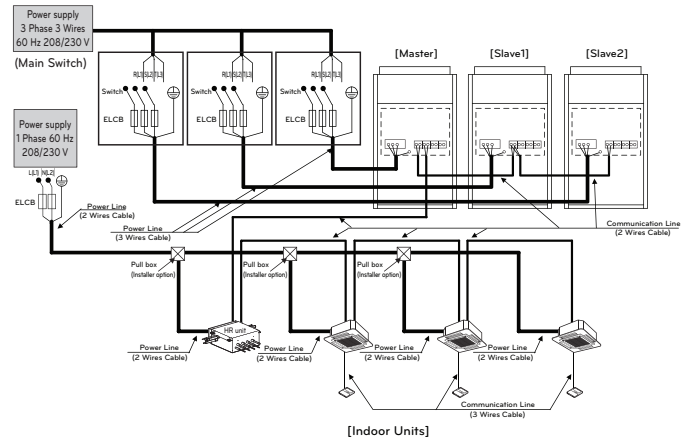
NOTE

- Field wiring diagram is to be used as a guideline only. Wiring should comply with applicable local and national codes
- ELCB must have function to prevent electrical short and over current at the same time.
- Use copper wires only.
- Unit must be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.
- ELCB and fuse/breaker must install to the power line

WARNING

- Indoor unit ground lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

When the power box source is supplied to Each outdoor unit individually.



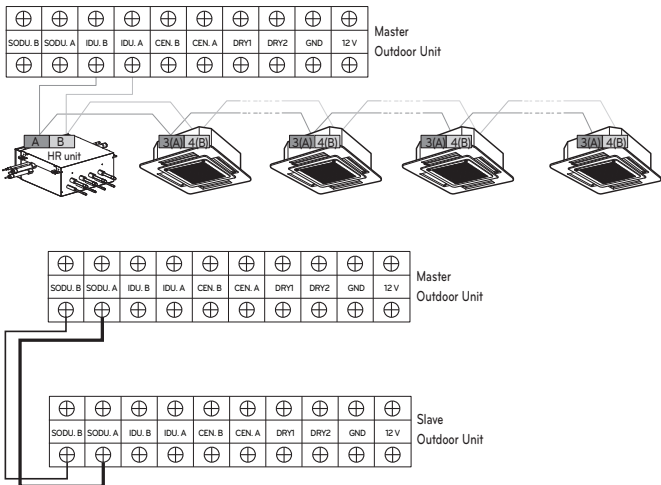
NOTE

- Field wiring diagram is to be used as a guideline only. Wiring should comply with applicable local and national codes
- ELCB must have function to prevent electrical short and over current at the same time.
- Use copper wires only.
- Unit must be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.
- ELCB and fuse/breaker must install to the power line

WARNING

- Indoor unit ground lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

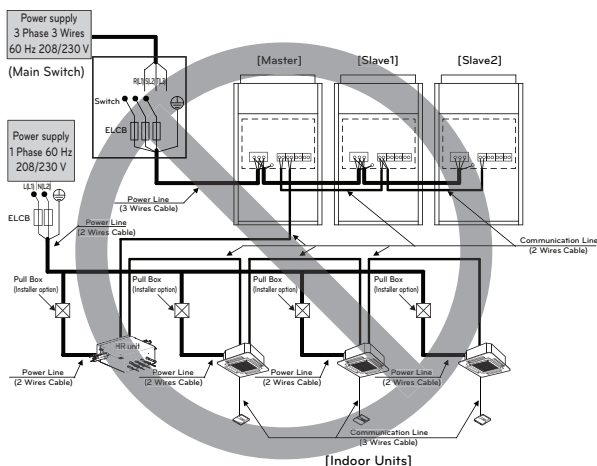
Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit



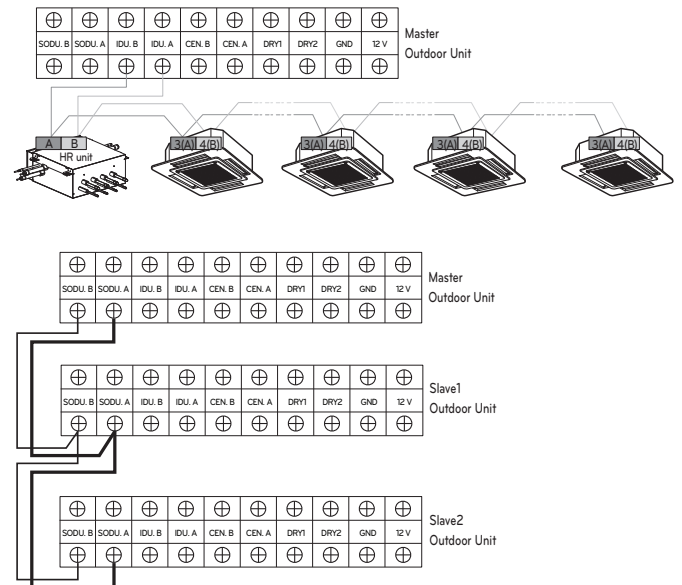
- It is not the point to make ground connection.
 - Make sure that terminal number of master and slave outdoor units are matched. (A-A, B-B)

3 Outdoor Units-3 Ø, 208/230 V

When the power Box source is connected In series between the units.



Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit

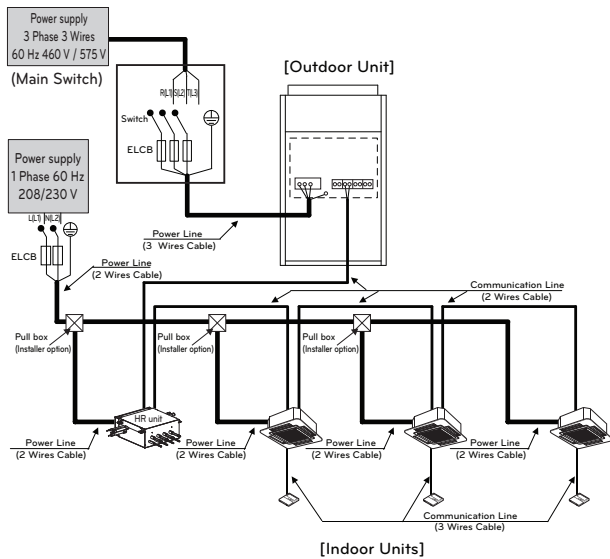


- It is not the point to make ground connection.
 - Make sure that terminal number of master and slave outdoor units are matched. (A-A, B-B)

460 V / 575 V

Example Connection of Communication Cable

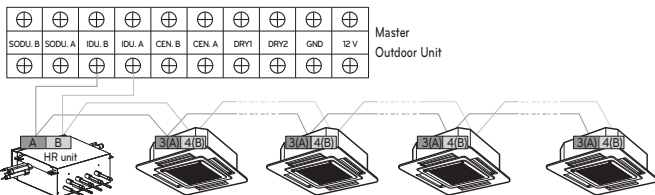
1 Outdoor Unit-3 Ø, 460 V / 575 V



WARNING

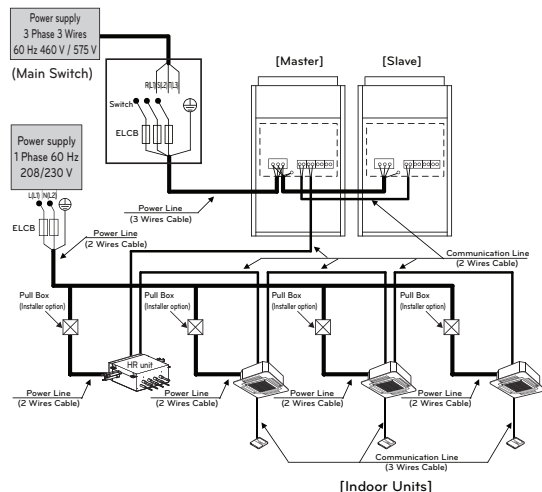
- Indoor unit ground lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit

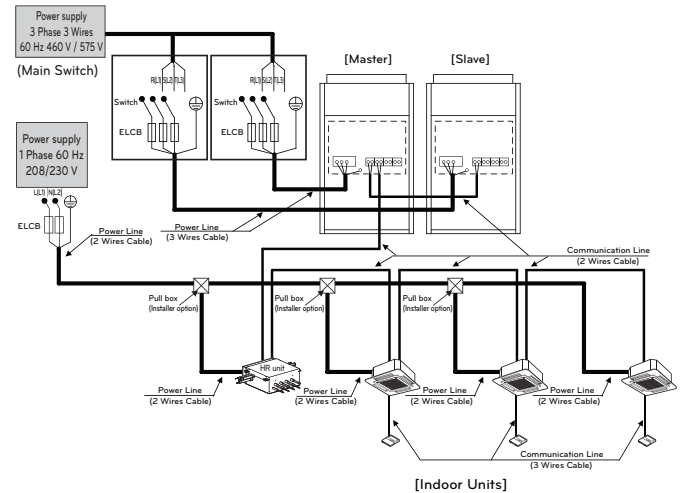


2 Outdoor Units-3 Ø, 460 V / 575 V

When the power source is connected In series between the units.



When the power source is supplied to Each outdoor unit individually.



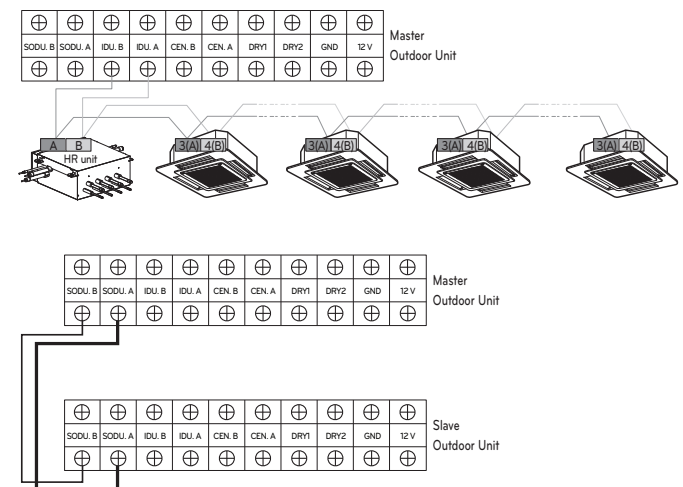
NOTE

- Field wiring diagram is to be used as a guideline only. Wiring should comply with applicable local and national codes
- ELCB must have function to prevent electrical short and over current at the same time.
- Use copper wires only.
- Unit must be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.
- ELCB and fuse/breaker must install to the power line

WARNING

- Indoor unit ground lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

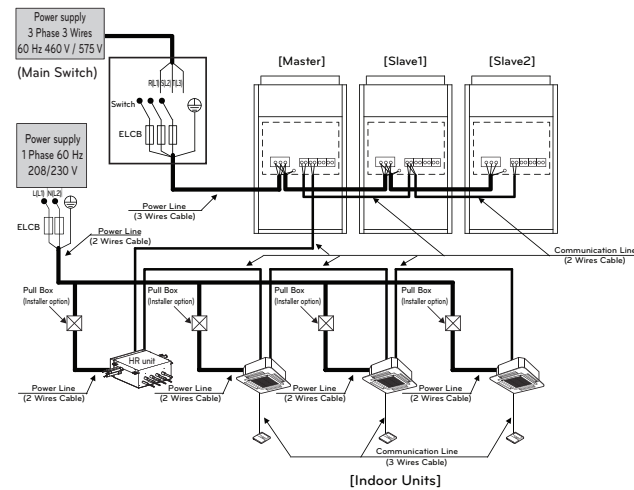
Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit



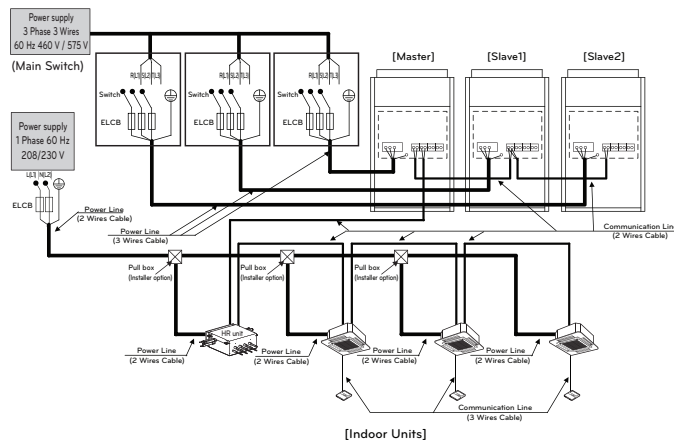
- It is not the point to make ground connection.
- Make sure that terminal number of master and slave outdoor units are matched.(A-A, B-B)

3 Outdoor Units-3 Ø, 460 V / 575 V

When the power source is connected In series between the units.



When the power source is supplied to Each outdoor unit individually.



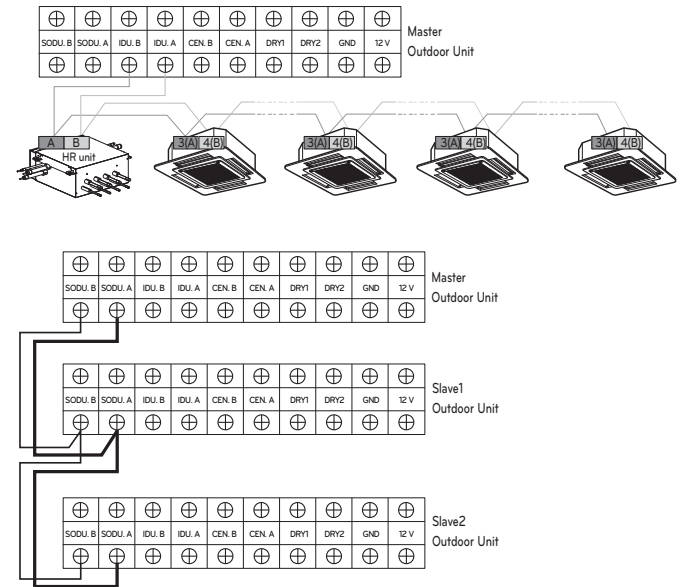
NOTE

- Field wiring diagram is to be used as a guideline only. Wiring should comply with applicable local and national codes
- ELCB must have function to prevent electrical short and over current at the same time.
- Use copper wires only.
- Unit must be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.
- ELCB and fuse/breaker must install to the power line

WARNING

- Indoor unit ground lines are required for preventing electrical shock accident during current leakage, Communication disorder by noise effect and motor current leakage (without connection to pipe).
- Don't install an individual switch or electrical outlet to disconnect each of indoor unit separately from the power supply.
- Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.
- If there exists the possibility of reversed phase, lose phase, momentary blackout or the power goes on and off while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase may break the compressor and other parts.

Between Indoor and Master Outdoor unit

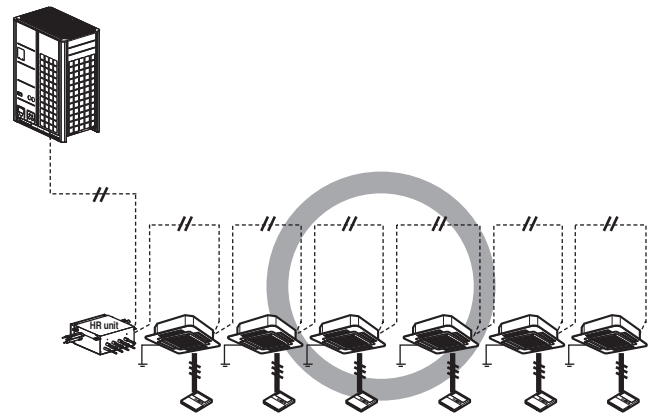


- It is not the point to make ground connection.
- Make sure that terminal number of master and slave outdoor units are matched.(A-A, B-B)

Example) Connection of transmission wire

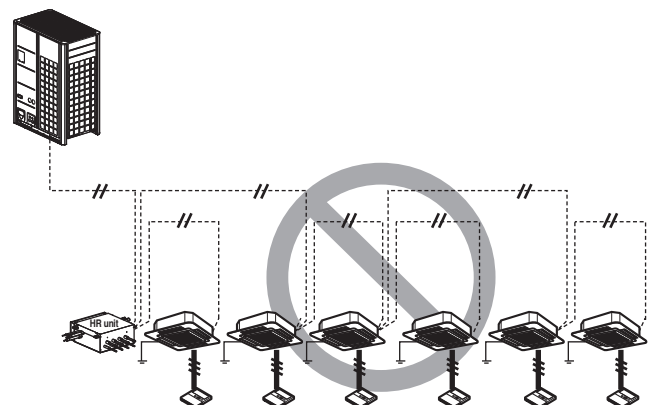
[BUS type]

- Connection of communication cable must be installed like below figure between indoor unit to outdoor unit.

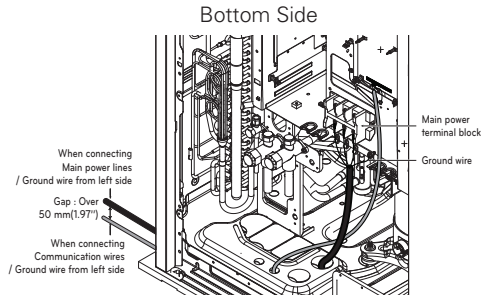


[STAR type]

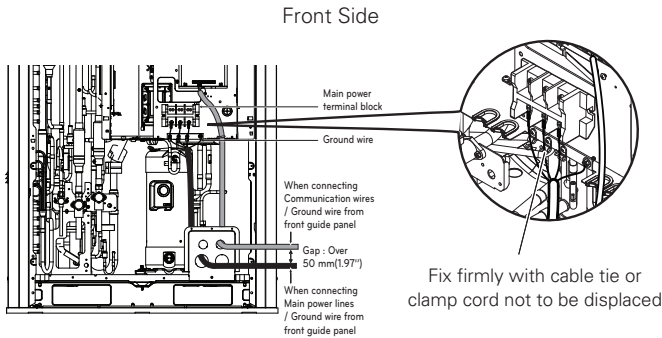
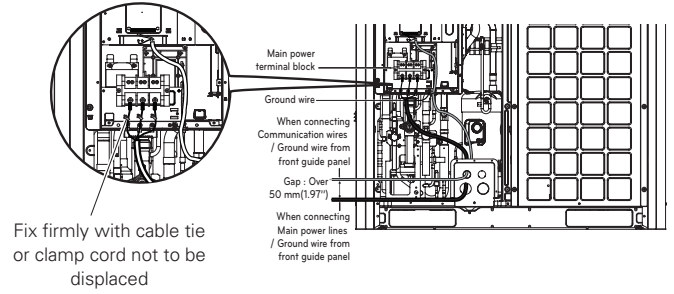
- Abnormal operation can be caused by communication defect, when connection of communication cable is installed like below figure.



Example) Connection of power and communication cable (UXA)

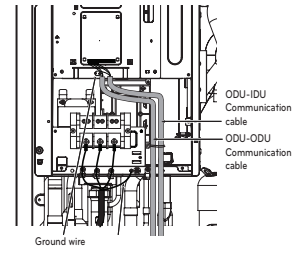
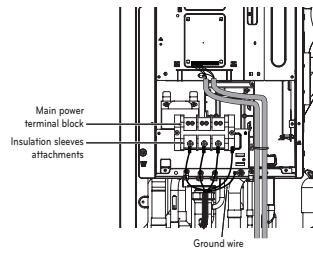


Front Side



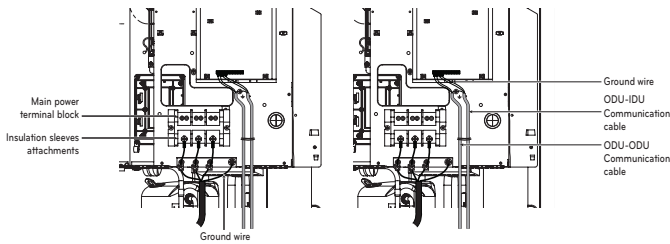
Main power line connection

Communication/Ground wire connection



Main power line connection

Communication/Ground wire connection



CAUTION

It should be wiring power cables or communication cables to avoid interference with the oil level sensor. Otherwise, That oil level sensor would be operated abnormally.

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It should be wiring power cables or communication cables to avoid interference with the oil level sensor. Otherwise, That oil level sensor would be operated abnormally.

Checking the setting of outdoor units

Checking according to DIP switch setting

- You can check the setting values of the Master outdoor unit from the 7 segment LED.
The DIP switch setting should be changed when the power is OFF.

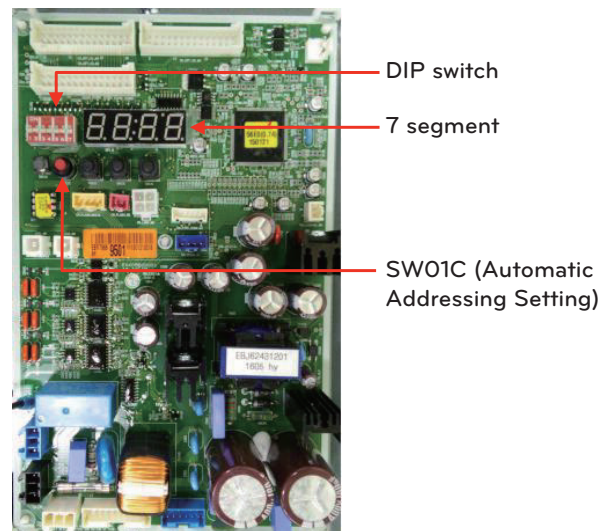
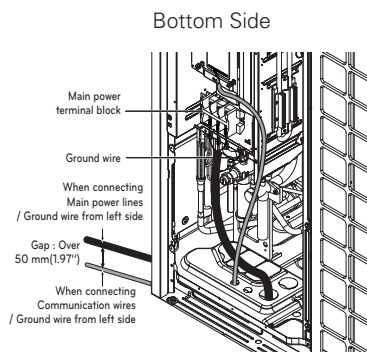
Checking the initial display

The number is sequentially appeared at the 7 segment in 5 seconds after applying the power. This number represents the setting condition.

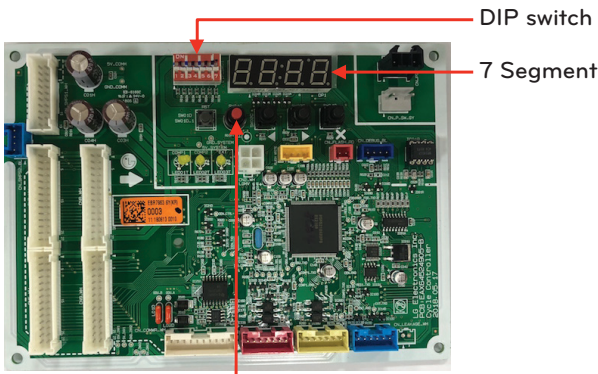
[Main Board]

ARUM***B(D)TE5

Example) Connection of power and communication cable (UXB)



ARUM***CTE5



SW01C
(Automatic Addressing Setting)

• Communication speed setting

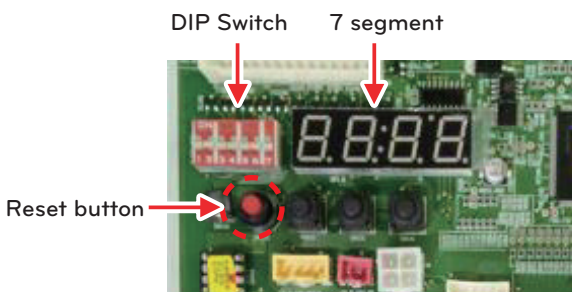
The factory setting of DIP switch 3 differs depending on production date.
 - Set the DIP switch 3 to "On" if all the indoor units are "ARN*****4".
 - Set the DIP switch 3 to "Off" if not all the indoor units are "ARN*****4".

CAUTION

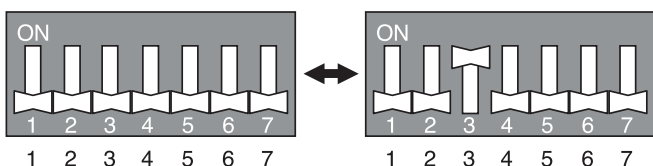
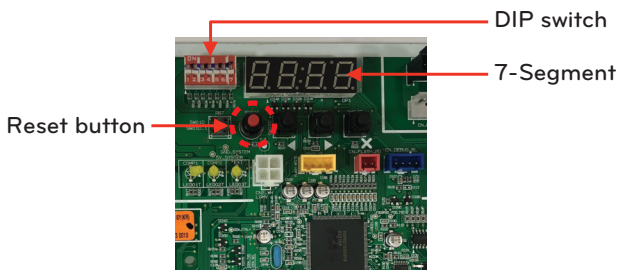
1. Set the DIP switch No. 3 "On" and if not all the indoor units are "ARN*****4" connected, normal communication is impossible, so DIP switch No. 3 must be set to "Off".
2. When changing DIP switch, all power should be off and auto addressing must be executed.

DIP switch No. 3	Off	On
Comm. Speed	1200 bps	9600 bps

ARUM***B(D)TE5



ARUM***CTE5



• Initial display order

Order	HP(Ton)	Mean
①	8(6)~24(20)	Master unit capacity
②	26(22)~44(36)	Slave 1 unit capacity
③	46(38)~52(42)	Slave 2 unit capacity
④	8(6)~52(42)	Total capacity
⑤	3	Heat Recovery (Factory Setting)
⑥	46	460 V model
	57	575 V model
	22	208/230 V model
⑦	30	Full function

• Example) ARUM480BTE5

48 HP 208/230 V Heat Recovery system
 (Master unit: 22 HP, Slave 1: 14 HP, Slave 2: 12 HP)

①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦
22	14	12	48	3	22	1

HP	8	10	12	14	18	20	22	24
TON	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20

• Master Unit

DIP switch setting	ODU Setting
	Heat Recovery System (Factory Setting)

• Slave Unit

DIP switch setting	ODU Setting
	Slave 1
	Slave 2

* Heat Pump installation

① Turn on the DIP s/w No 4.

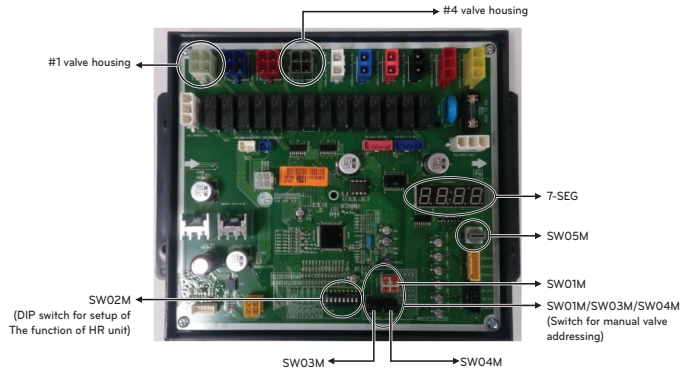
DIP switch setting	ODU Setting
	Setting Heat pump system or Heat Recovery system (Installer Setting)

- ② The factory setting display is appeared "HR".
- ③ Change "HR" into "HP" display pushing ► button and then push confirm button.
- ④ Turn off the DIP s/w No 4. and Push reset button to restart the system. (If you turn on the DIP s/w No 4, you can make sure "HR" or "HP" display later.)

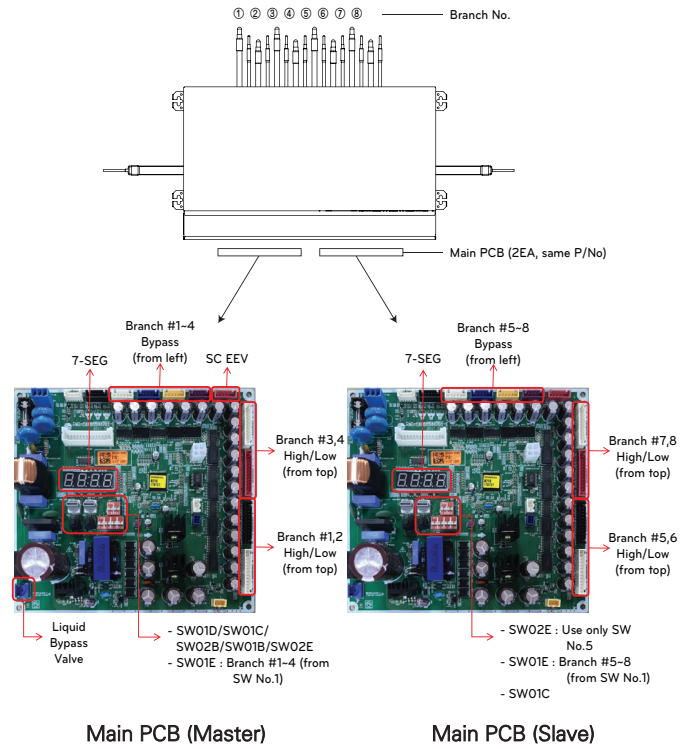
Setting For Heat Recovery Unit (Refer Only Heat Recovery Installation)

[Heat Recovery (HR) Unit Board]

2 Series



3 Series



* Number from left in sequence for less-than-8 branch model.

** PRHR043A / PRHR033A / PRHR023A : Master Only

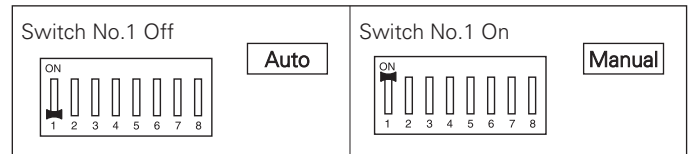
Switch for setup of HR Unit

2 Series

Main function of SW02M

<p>SW02M</p>	ON S/W	Selection	Zoning setting ("ON")
	No.1	Method for addressing valves of an HR unit (Auto/Manual)	
	No.2	Model of HR unit	
	No.3	Model of HR unit	
	No.4	Model of HR unit	
	No.5	Valve group setting	
No.6	Valve group setting		
No.7	Use only in factory production (preset to "OFF")		
No.8	Use only in factory production (preset to "OFF")		

1 Selection of the method for addressing valves of an HR unit (Auto/Manual)



2 Setting the zoning control

	DIP Switch setting	
Normal control		
Zoning control		<p>Turn the DIP switch of the zoning branch on. Ex) Branch 1,2 are zoning control.</p>

* Zoning control

This function is used to connect multiple indoor units to one pipe.

3 Series

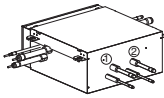
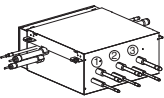
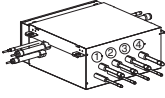
	SW	Function
DIP SW		Selection of the method for pipe detection Selection of Master/Slave Main PCB Setting the Zoning Control Selection of the No. of connected branches
		Selection of the valve to address
Rotary SW		SW01D (Left) Selection of the Valve Group Control
		SW01C (Right) Manual addressing of zoning indoor units Setting to address HR units
Push SW		SW02B (Left) Increase in the digit of 10
		SW01B (Right) Increase in the digit of 1

Main function of SW02E

ON S/W	Selection	
No.1	Method for pipe detection of an HR Unit (Auto/Manual)	
No.2	No. of connected branches	
No.3		
No.4		
No.5	Master/Slave (Main PCB) Setting	
No.6	EEPROM factory initialization (4,5,6)	
No.7	Use only in factory production (preset to "OFF")	Zoning setting ("ON")
No.8	Use only in factory production (preset to "OFF")	

3 Selection of the model of HR unit

2 Series

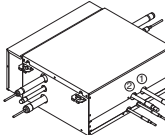
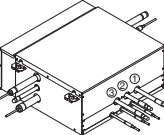
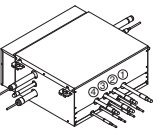
	 (For 2 branches) PRHR022A	 (For 3 branches) PRHR032A	 (For 4 branches) PRHR042A
Initial Setting			
1 branches Connected			
2 branches Connected			
3 branches Connected			
4 branches Connected			

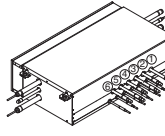
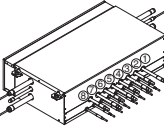
* Each model is shipped with the switches No.2 and No.3 pre-adjusted as above in the factory.

WARNING

- If you want to use a PRHR032A for 2 branches HR unit after closing the 3rd pipes, set the DIP switch for 2 branches HR unit.
- If you want to use a PRHR042A for 3 branches HR unit after closing the 4th pipes, set the DIP switch for 3 branches HR unit.
- If you want to use a PRHR042A for 2 branches HR unit after closing the 3rd and 4th pipes, set the DIP switch for 2 branches HR unit.
- The unused port must be closed with a copper cap, not with a plastic cap.

3 Series

	 PRHR023A	 PRHR033A	 PRHR043A
1 branch Connected			
2 branch Connected			
3 branch Connected			
4 branch Connected			
5 branch Connected			
6 branch Connected			
7 branch Connected			
8 branch Connected			

	 PRHR063A	 PRHR083A
1 branch Connected		
2 branch Connected		
3 branch Connected		
4 branch Connected		
5 branch Connected		
6 branch Connected		
7 branch Connected		
8 branch Connected		

WARNING

If you want to use a "Model" for "No. of using branch(es)" HR Unit after closing the "Closing pipe No.", set the DIP switch for "No. of using branch(es)" HR Unit.

Ex) If you want to use a PRHR083A for 4 branches HR Unit after closing the 5~8th pipes, set the DIP switch for 4 branches HR Unit.

4 Setting the Valve Group.

2 Series

	DIP S/W setting	Example
Not control		
No.1, 2 Valve Control		
No.2, 3 Valve Control		
No.3, 4 Valve Control		
No.1, 2 Valve / No.3, 4 Valve Control		

* Setting the Valve Group

This function is used to connect one indoor unit to two pipes. (Large capacity indoor unit over 56 kbtu must be connected to two pipes.)

NOTE

If the large capacity indoor units are installed, below Y branch pipe should be used.

Y branch pipe

(Unit: mm [inch])

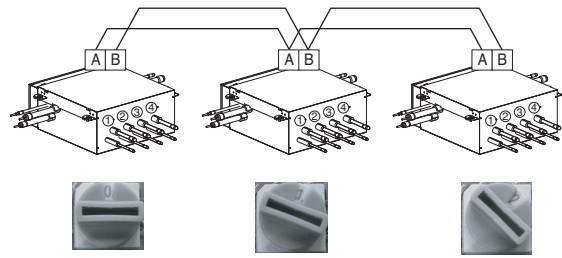
Models	Low pressure Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
ARBLN 03321		

SW05M (Rotary S/W for addressing HR unit)

Must be set to '0' when installing only one HR unit.

When installing multiple HR units, address the HR units with sequentially increasing numbers starting from '0'.

Ex) Installation of 3 HR units



SW01M/SW03M/SW04M (DIP S/W and tact S/W for manual valve addressing)

1 Normal setting (Non-Zoning setting)

- Set the address of the valve of the HR unit to the central address of the connected indoor unit.
- SW01M: selection of the valve to address
- SW03M: increase in the digit of 10 of valve address
- SW04M: increase in the last digit of valve address
- Prerequisite for manual valve addressing : central control address of each indoor unit must be preset differently at its wired remote control.

	S/W No.	Setup
	No.1	Manual addressing of valve #1
	No.2	Manual addressing of valve #2
	No.3	Manual addressing of valve #3
	No.4	Manual addressing of valve #4
	SW03M	Increase in the digit of 10 of valve address
	SW04M	Increase in the last digit of valve address

2 Zoning setting

- Set the address of the valve of the HR unit to the central address of the connected indoor unit.
- SW01M : selection of the valve to address
- SW03M : increase in the digit of 10 of valve address
- SW04M : increase in the last digit of valve address
- SW05M : Rotary S/W
- Prerequisite for manual valve addressing : central control address of each indoor unit must be preset differently at its wired remote control.

	S/W No.	Setup
	No.1	Manual addressing of valve #1
	No.2	Manual addressing of valve #2
	No.3	Manual addressing of valve #3
	No.4	Manual addressing of valve #4
	SW03M	Increase in the digit of 10 of valve address
	SW04M	Increase in the last digit of valve address
	SW05M	Manual addressing of zoning indoor units

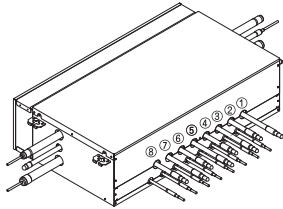
3 Series

Main function of SW01D

- Selection of the Valve Group Control

NOTE

Use the Valve Group Control when 2 branches are connected with only 1 indoor unit which has higher capacity than 61 kBtu.



* Master Only

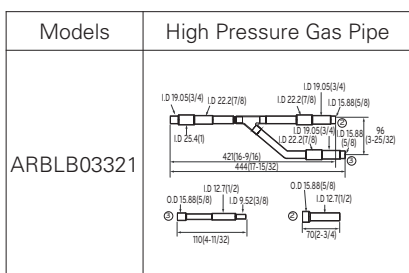
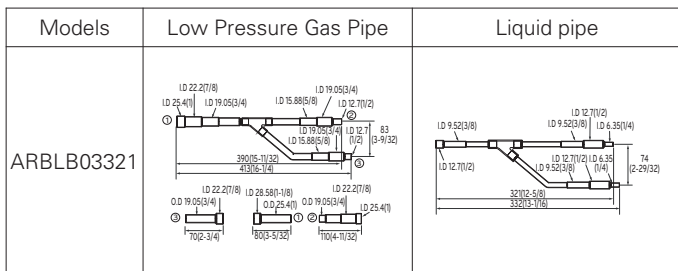
Valve Group	SW01D Setting	Valve Group	SW01D Setting
Not control	0	No. 5,6/7,8 Valve Control	8
No. 1,2 Valve Control	1	No. 1,2/5,6 Valve Control	9
No. 2,3 Valve Control	2	No. 1,2/7,8 Valve Control	A
No. 3,4 Valve Control	3	No. 3,4/5,6 Valve Control	B
No. 5,6 Valve Control	4	No. 3,4/7,8 Valve Control	C
No. 6,7 Valve Control	5	No. 1,2/3,4/5,6 Valve Control	D
No. 7,8 Valve Control	6	No. 1,2/3,4/6,7 Valve Control	E
No. 1,2/3,4 Valve Control	7	No. 1,2/3,4/7,8 Valve Control	F

NOTE

If the large capacity indoor units are installed, below Y branch pipe should be used.

* Y branch pipe

[Unit : mm(inch)]



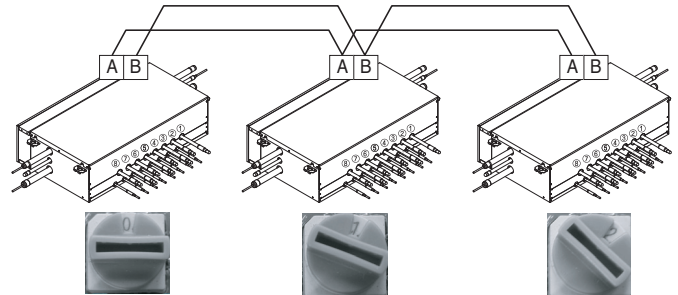
SW01C (Rotary S/W for addressing HR unit)

Must be set to '0' when installing only one HR unit.

When installing multiple HR units, address the HR units with sequentially increasing numbers starting from '0'. Maximum 16 HR Units can be installed.

Ex) Installation of 3 HR units

* Master Only



SW01B/SW01C/SW01E/SW02B

(DIP S/W and push S/W for Manual pipe detection)

- Set the address of the valve of the HR unit to the central control address of the connected indoor unit.

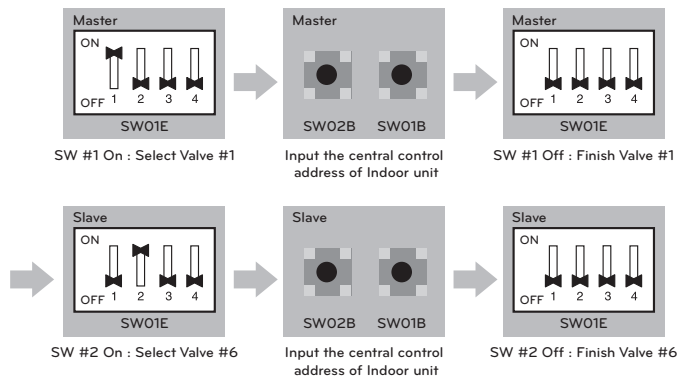
- SW01E: selection of the valve to address
- SW02B: increase in the digit of 10 of valve address
- SW01B: increase in the last digit of valve address
- SW01C: Manual addressing of zoning indoor units (use for Zoning setting)

- Prerequisite for Manual pipe detection : central control address of each indoor unit must be preset differently at its wired remote control.

	S/W No.	Setup
	No.1	Manual addressing of valve #1 (Master) / #5 (Slave)
	No.2	Manual addressing of valve #2 (Master) / #6 (Slave)
	No.3	Manual addressing of valve #3 (Master) / #7 (Slave)
	No.4	Manual addressing of valve #4 (Master) / #8 (Slave)
	SW02B	Increase in the digit of 10 of valve address
		SW01B
		* Use for Zoning setting
	SW01C	

1 Normal setting (Non-Zoning setting)

ex) Manual pipe detection of Valve #1, 6.

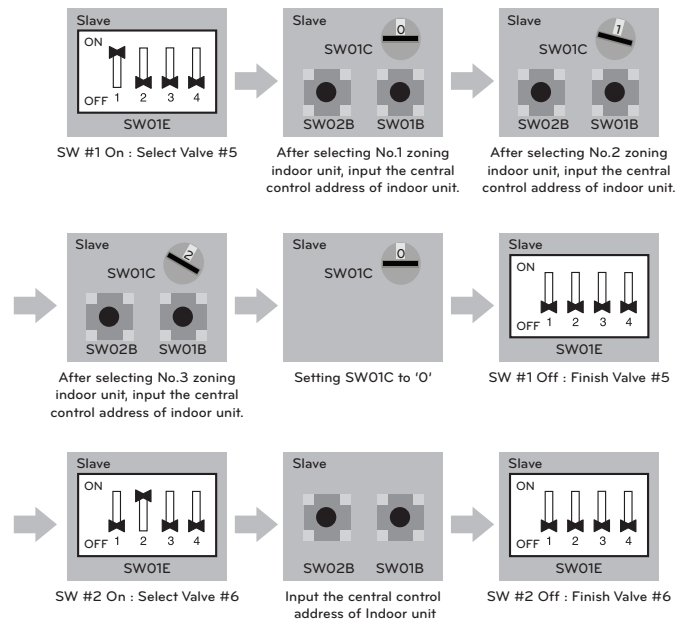


2 Zoning setting

NOTE

Use the Zoning Control when install two or more indoor units at 1 branch of HR Unit.
The indoor units controlled by Zoning Control can be selected collectively as the cooling / heating mode.

ex) Manual pipe detection of Valve #5 with three zoning indoor units, #6 without zoning unit.



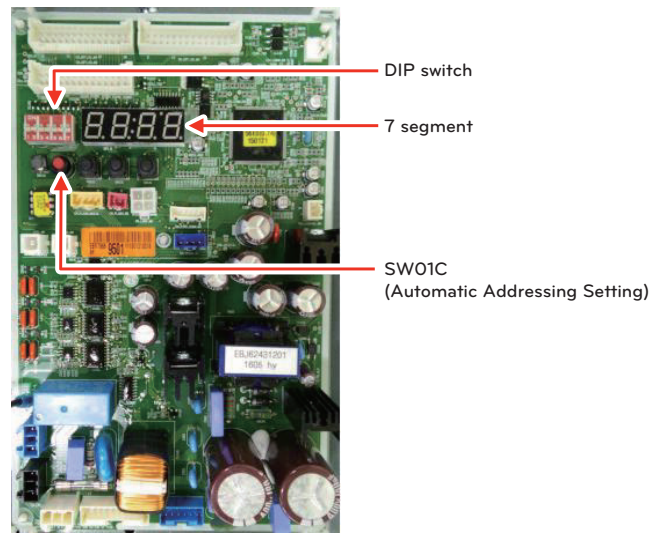
Automatic Addressing

The address of indoor units would be set by Automatic Addressing

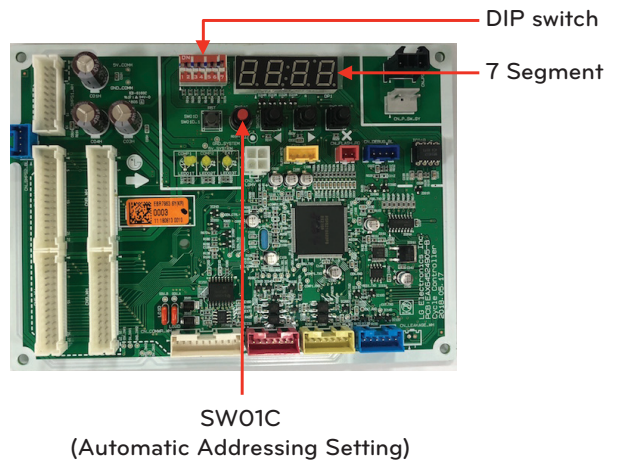
- Wait for 3 minutes after supplying power. (Master and Slave outdoor units, indoor units)
- Press RED button of the outdoor units for 5 seconds. (SW01C)
- A "88" is indicated on 7-segment LED of the outdoor unit PCB.
- For completing addressing, 2~7 minutes are required depending on numbers of connected indoor units
- Numbers of connected indoor units whose addressing is completed are indicated for 30 seconds on 7-segment LED of the outdoor unit PCB
- After completing addressing, address of each indoor unit is indicated on the wired remote control display window. (CH01, CH02, CH03,, CH06 : Indicated as numbers of connected indoor units)

[Main Board]

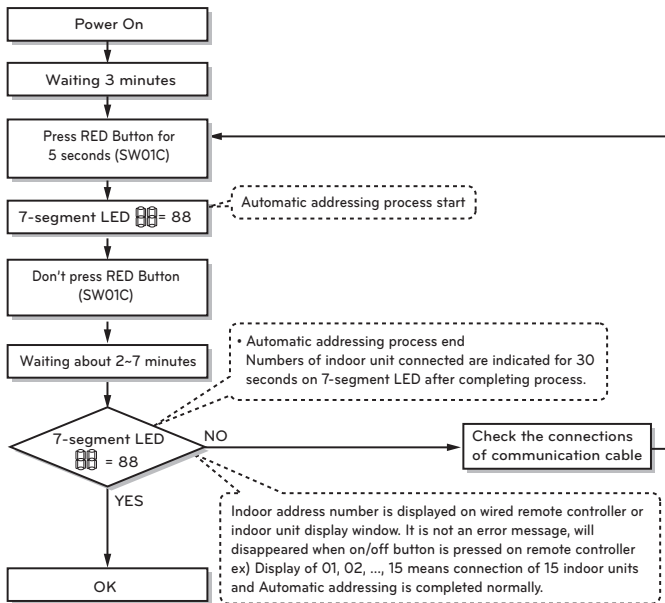
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ARUM***CTE5



The Procedure of Automatic Addressing



CAUTION

- In replacement of the indoor unit PCB, always perform Automatic addressing setting again. (At that time, please check about using Independent power module to any indoor unit.)
- If power supply is not applied to the indoor unit, operation error occur.
- Automatic Addressing has to be performed after more than 3 minutes to improve indoor unit communication when initial power is supplied.
- Please be sure that all the DIP switch (1~7) of master outdoor unit is OFF before Automatic Addressing setting

Setting For Heat Recovery Unit (Refer Only Heat Recovery Installation)

Automatic pipe detection

- 1 Turn No.1 of DIP s/w SW02M of HR unit PCB off.
 - 2 Confirm that the setting of No.2, 3 of SW02M corresponds with the type of the valve connection.
 - 3 Reset the power of HR unit PCB
 - 4 Master Outdoor unit PCB DIP switch on : No.5
 - 5 Select the mode using '▶', '◀' Button : "Idu" Push the '●' button
 - 6 Select the "Id 5" function using '▶', '◀' Button : "Atc" or "Ath" Push the '●' button.
Outdoor temperature is over 15 °C(59 °F) : "Ath" Using (If it fail, use "Atc")
Outdoor temperature is below 15 °C(59 °F) : "Atc" Using (If it fail, use "Ath")
 - 7 Select the mode using '▶', '◀' Button : "Idu" Push the '●' button
 - 8 Select the "Id 6" function using '▶', '◀' Button : "StA" Push the '●' button
 - 9 System is operated after "88" is displayed on 7 segment of the outdoor unit main PCB.
 - 10 Pipe detection process is proceeded.
 - 11 5~30 minutes are required depending on the number of the indoor units and outdoor temperature.
 - 12 The number of the indoor units connected is displayed on 7 segment of the outdoor unit main PCB for about 1 minute
 - For a HR unit, the number of the indoor units connected to each HR unit is displayed.
 - '200' is displayed in case of auto pipe detecting error, and Auto pipe detection process is completed after '88' is disappeared.
- * Auto pipe detection function : the function that sets connection relationship automatically between the indoor unit and HR unit.

WARNING

- Execute auto addressing and auto pipe detection again whenever the indoor PCB and HR unit PCB is replaced.
 - Operation error occurs unless power is supplied to the indoor and HR units.
- Error No.200 occurs if the number of connected indoor units and that of scanned indoor units are different.
- If auto pipe detection process fails, complete it with manual pipe detection (see Manual pipe detection part).
- If auto pipe detection process is completed normally, manual pipe detection is not required.
- If you want to do auto pipe detection again after auto pipe detection fails, do after reset of outdoor unit by all means.
- During 5 minutes after pipe detection is completed, do not turn off the main unit PCB to save the result of pipe detection automatically.

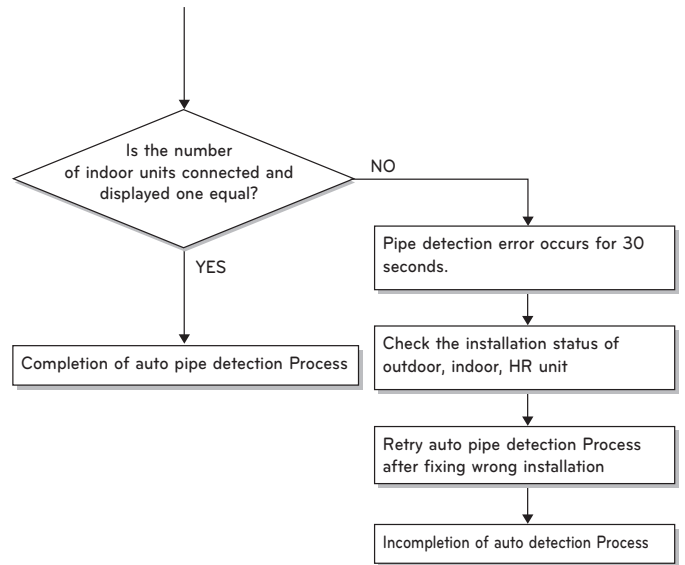
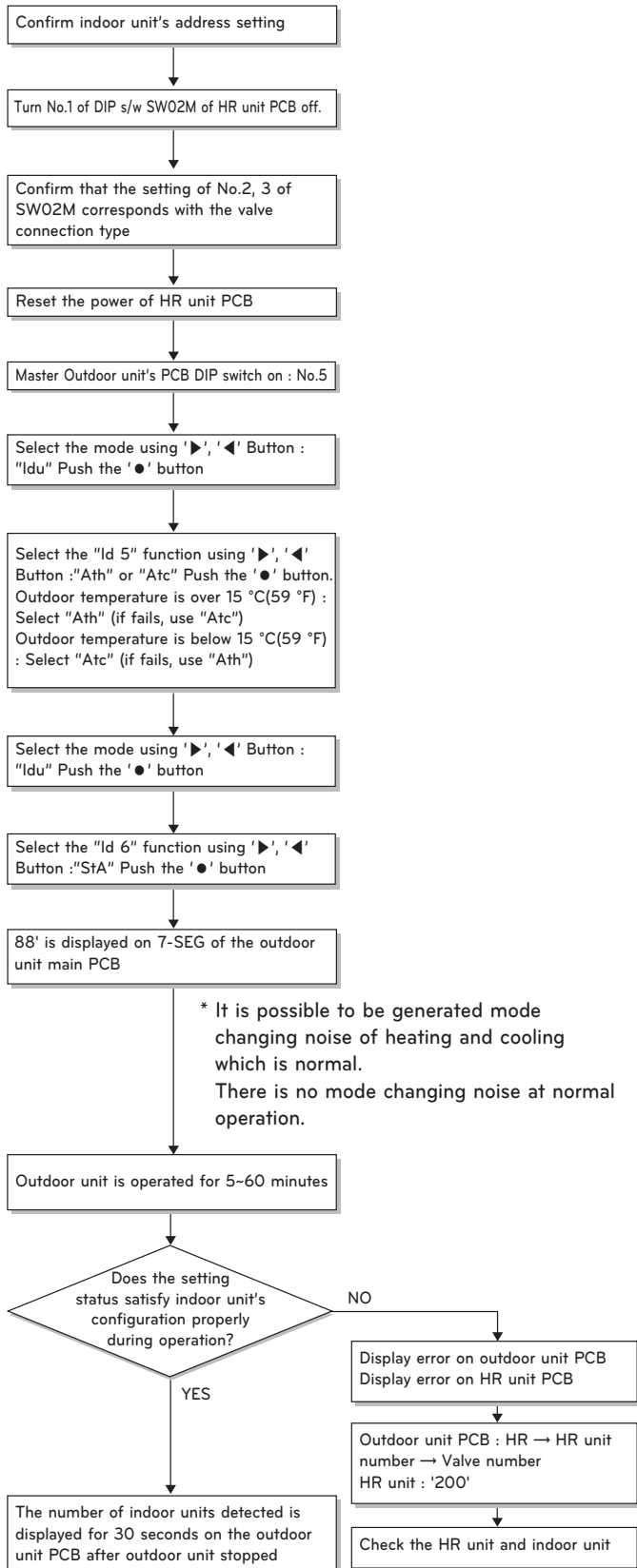
Manual pipe detection

- 1 Enter the central control address into each indoor unit using its wired remote controller.
- 2 Turn No.1 of DIP s/w SW02M of HR unit PCB on.
- 3 Reset the power of HR unit PCB.
- 4 On the HR unit PCB, manually set address of each valve of the HR unit to the central control address of the indoor unit connected to the valve.
- 5 Reset the power of outdoor unit PCB.
- 6 The number of the indoor unit installed is displayed after about 5 minutes.
Ex) HR → The number of the indoor
- 7 Reset the power of outdoor unit PCB, HR unit.
- 8 Manual pipe detection is completed

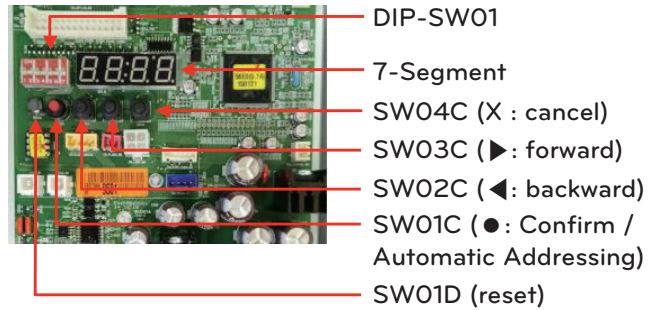
WARNING

- In case that central controller is not installed, firstly set up central controller's setting to make address setting of indoor units.
- In case that central controller is installed, please set central control address in wired remote control of indoor unit.
- Do not set central control address of indoor unit to '0xFF'. (If the address is '0xFF', pipe detection will not be completed properly.)
- HR units's manual pipe address is set by the central control address of indoor units.
- Address of valve which is not connected with indoor unit should be set differently with the address of a valve which is indoor unit connected. (If address is overlapped, valve will not work properly)
- If there occurs some error during pipe detection process, it means pipe detection process is not properly finished.
- If an error occurred, it means that manual pipe setting is not completed.
- During 5 minutes after pipe detection process is completed, do not turn off the main outdoor unit's PCB to save the result of pipe detection automatically.

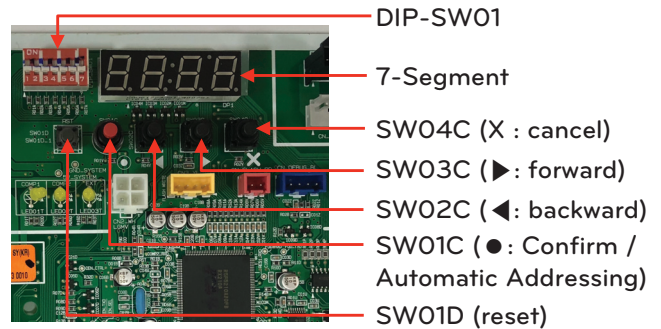
Flow chart of auto pipe detection Process



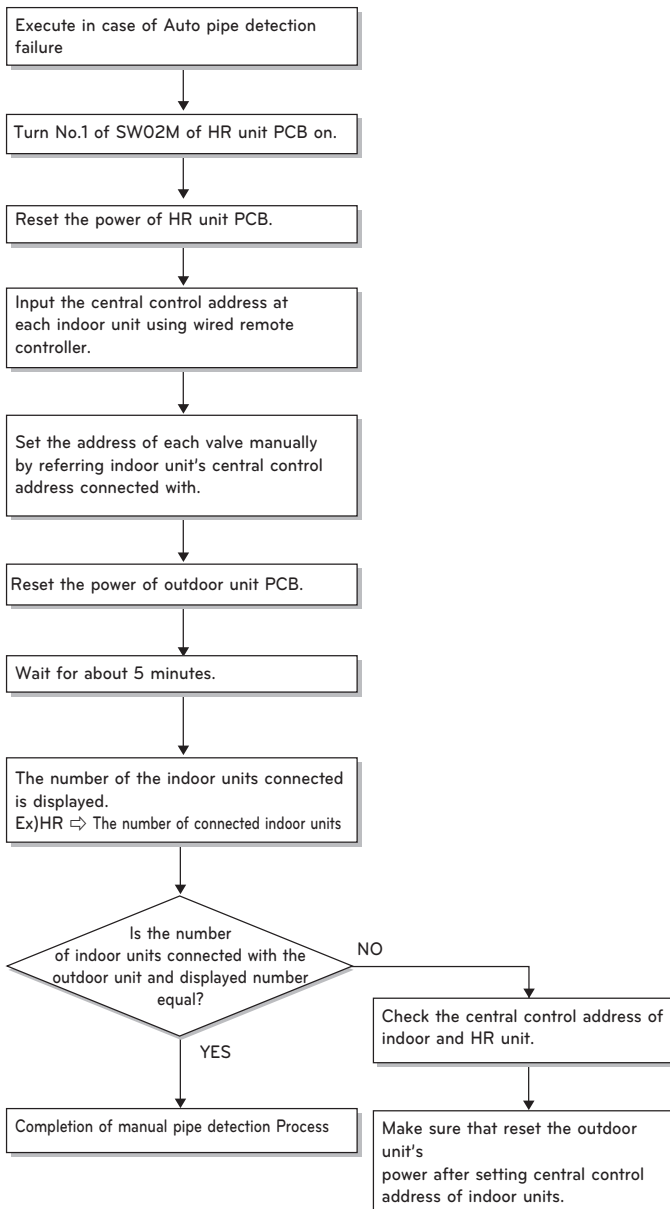
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Flow chart of manual addressing for pipe detection



Example of manual valve addressing (Non-Zoning setting)

(In case that an indoor unit of central control address "11" is connected to a valve #1 of an HR unit)

- Prerequisite for manual valve addressing: central control address of each indoor unit must be preset differently at its wired remote control.

No.	Display and setup	Setup and Contents
1		- Operation: None - Display: None
2		- Operation: Turn DIP S/W No.1 on to address valve #1 - Display: Existing value saved in EEPROM is displayed in 7-SEG.
3		- Operation: Set the digit of 10 to the number in Group High data of the wired remote control connected to the corresponding indoor unit to the valve #1 by pressing left tack S/W. - Display: Digit increasing with the times of pressing tack S/W is displayed in left 7-SEG
4		- Operation: Set the digit of 1 to the number in Group Low data of the wired remote control connected to the corresponding indoor unit to the valve #1 by pressing right tack S/W. - Display: Digit increasing with the times of pressing tack S/W is displayed in right 7-SEG
5		- Operation: Turn DIP S/W No.1 off to save the address of valve #1 - Display: "11" displayed in 7-SEG disappears

- Above setup must be done for all HR unit valves.

- The valve that is not connected with any indoor unit should be addressed with any other number than used address numbers of the valves connected with indoor units.
(The valves does not work if the address numbers are same.)

Example of manual valve addressing (Zoning setting)

(In case that an indoor unit of central control address "11" is connected to a valve #1 of an HR unit)

Zoning control is connecting 2 or more indoor units at one pipe of HR unit. In case of Zoning control, in order to set controls with multiple indoor units connection uses the rotary switch. Namely, only the rotary switch changes from same valve set condition and set indoor units connection.

- 1 On DIP switch of the corresponding valves and sets the rotary switch at 0.
- 2 Setting the number with tact switch.
- 3 In case of addition of indoor units to same port, increases 1 with the rotary switch and sets number with tact switch.
- 4 In case of checking the number which the corresponding valve is stored, turn on DIP switch and set the number of rotary switch.
- 5 Indoor units set available 7 per a port(rotary switch 0~6), in case of setting above of 7 with rotary switch, it will display error.
- 6 Setting the rotary switch on original condition(HR unit number set conditions) after all finishing a piping setting.
- 7 The rotary switch set value of above number of indoor units which is connected with FF and prevents a malfunction.
(Example: The case where 3 indoor units is connected in piping 1, sets from rotary switch 0,1,2 and 3,4,5 with FF set)
- Prerequisite for manual valve addressing: central control address of each indoor unit must be preset differently at its wired remote control.

No.	Display and setup	Setup and Contents
1		- Operation: None - Display: None
2		- Operation : Turn DIP S/W No.1 on to address valve #1 - Display : Existing value saved in EEPROM is displayed in 7-SEG.
3		- Operation : Set the digit of 10(1) to the number in Group High data of the wired remote control connected to the corresponding indoor unit to the valve #1 by pressing left tact S/W. - Display : Digit increasing with the times of pressing tact S/W is displayed in left 7-SEG.
4		- Operation : SW05M : 1 - Display : Display former value.
5		- Operation : Setting No. using SW03M and SW04M, SW05M : 1 - Display : Display setting value.
6		- Operation : Turn DIP S/W No.1 off to save the address of valve #1 - Display : "11" displayed in 7-SEG disappears.
7		- Operation : Return valve of addressing HR unit. - Display : None

- Above setup must be done for all HR unit valves.
- The valve that is not connected with any indoor unit should be addressed with any other number than used address numbers of the valves connected with indoor units.
(The valves does not work if the address numbers are same.)

Method of checking the pipe detection result at HR unit

In case that an indoor unit of central control address "11" is connected to a valve #1 of an HR unit

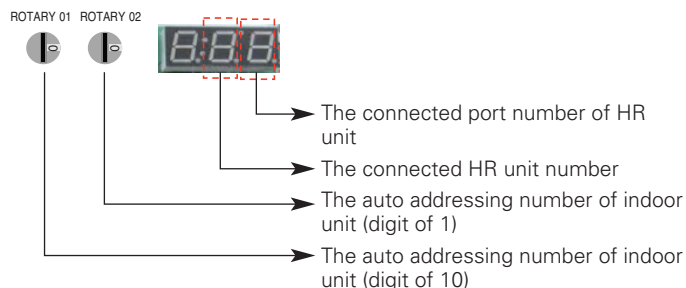
No.	Display and setup	Setup and Contents
1		- Operation: Turn DIP S/W No.1 on. - Display: "11" is displayed in 7-SEG
2		- Operation: Turn DIP S/W No.1 off - 7-SEG disappeared

Identification of Manual Valve ID (Address)

No.	Display and setup	Setup and Contents
1		- Operation: more than 2 DIP switches turned on. - Display: "Er" is displayed in 7-SEG

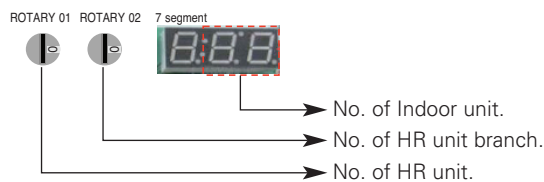
Method of checking the pipe detection result at outdoor unit

- 1 Wait for 5 minutes, after Pipe detection is completed.
- 2 Turn on the No.10,14,16 DIP S/W of SUB PCB at master unit
- 3 Check the data on 7- segment, switching rotary 01,02.



Setting method of Master indoor unit in zoning

- 1 Turn DIP switch 5,6,10 on at system off.
- 2 Set the left Rotary switch for HR unit.(Rotary switch No. "0" ' HR unit No. "1")
- 3 Set the right Rotary switch for IDU unit.(Rotary switch No. "0" ' HR unit branch No. "1")
- 4 Display the Master IDU No. of the HR unit on 7segment.(Default display is "00" on 7segment)
- 5 Press the black button.(The IDU No. increase every 1 second in the zoning)
- 6 Set the Master IDU.(Press the red button during 1.5 seconds stop twinkling)



CAUTION

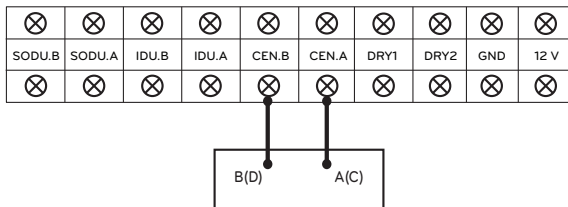
- Waiting for 80 seconds after power on.
- The zoning information and Master IDU information remove from EEPROM after Auto-addressing.
- If there is installed the central control, it is impossible setting of Master IDU in zoning.

Group Number setting

Group Number setting for Indoor Units

- Confirm the power of whole system(Indoor Unit, Outdoor Unit) is OFF, otherwise turn off.
- The communication cables connected to CEN.A and CEN.B terminal should be connected to central control of Outdoor Unit with care for their polarity (A-A, B-B).
- Turn the whole system on.
- Set the group and Indoor Unit number with a wired remote control.
- To control several sets of Indoor Units into a group, set the group ID from 0 to F for this purpose.

Outdoor Units (External PCB)



Example) Group number setting

1 E

Group Indoor unit

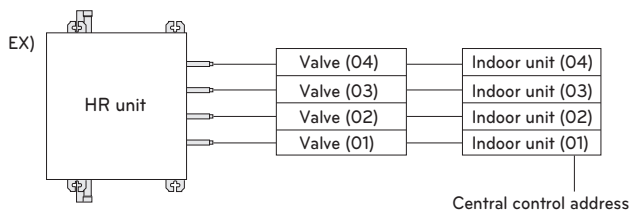
1st number indicate the group number

2nd number point out indoor unit number

Group recognizing the central controller	
No.0 group (00~0F)	
No.1 group (10~1F)	
No.2 group (20~2F)	
No.3 group (30~3F)	
No.4 group (40~4F)	
No.5 group (50~5F)	
No.6 group (60~6F)	
No.7 group (70~7F)	
No.8 group (80~8F)	
No.9 group (90~9F)	
No. A group (A0~AF)	
No. B group (B0~BF)	
No. C group (C0~CF)	
No. D group (D0~DF)	
No. E group (E0~EF)	
No. F group (F0~FF)	

WARNING

- Valve address and central control address of its corresponding indoor unit should be set identical in manual addressing.

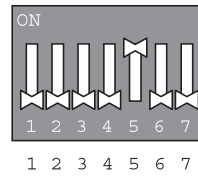
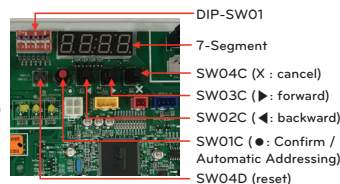
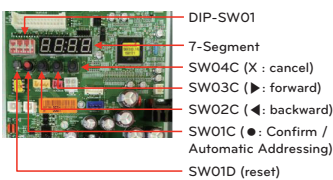


Setting the optional function

Select the mode/function/option/value using '▶', '◀' Button and confirm that using the '●' button after DIP switch No.5 is turned on.

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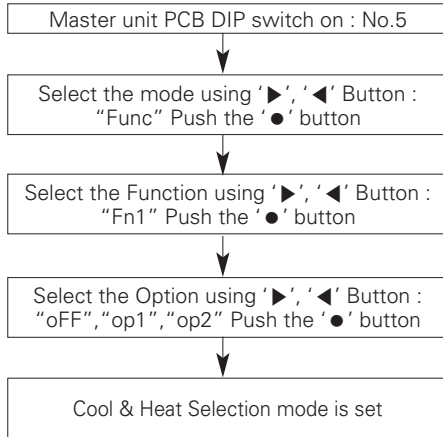


Optional Mode Selection	Function Selection		Option Selection		Remarks				
	Content	Display (●)	Content	Display (◀, ▶, ●)		Default	Optional (◀, ▶, ●)		
FDD	Fdd	Automatic Refrigerant Charging (Cooling)	F _{n1}	-	-	* Refer FDD guidance			
		Automatic Refrigerant Charging (Heating)	F _{n2}	-	-				
		Refrigerant Amount Check (Cooling)	F _{n3}	-	-				
		Refrigerant Amount Check (Heating)	F _{n4}	-	-				
		Automatic system check mode (cooling or heating)	F _{n7}	-	-				
		All IDU operation (Cooling)	F _{n8}	-	-		Compulsory Operation for 1 hour		
		All IDU operation (Heating)	F _{n9}	-	-				
Installation	Func	Cool & Heat Selector	F _{n1}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP2	Saving in EEPROM			
		High Static Pressure Compensation mode	F _{n2}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP7				
		Night Low Noise mode	F _{n3}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP12				
		Overall Defrost mode	F _{n4}	North America: oFF Europe: oFF Tropical: oN	on, oFF				
		ODU address setting	F _{n5}	0	254				
		Snow Removal & Rapid Defrost	F _{nb}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP3				
		Airflow Adjusting for IDU (Heating capacity up)	F _{n7}	oFF	on, oFF				
		Target Pressure Adjusting	F _{n8}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP6				
		Low Ambient Kit	F _{n9}	oFF	on, oFF				
		High Efficiency Mode (Cooling Operation)	F _{ni0}	oFF	on, oFF				
		Auto Dust Removal Mode	F _{ni1}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP5				
		Compressor Max. Frequency Limit	F _{ni2}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP9				
		ODU Fan Max. RPM Limit mode	F _{ni3}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP7				
		Smart Load Control Mode setting	F _{ni4}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP3				
		Humidity Reference Mode setting	F _{ni5}	on	on, oFF				
		Central Control Connection at Indoor Unit side	F _{ni9}	oFF	oFF, on				
		Compressor Input Current Limit mode	F _{ni20}	oFF	oFF, oP1~oP10				
		Overall Defrost Operating in Low temperature (Heating)	F _{ni22}	oFF	on, oFF				
		Optional Base panel Heater	F _{ni23}	oFF	on, oFF				
		User	idu	Comfort Cooling Mode setting	id _{i0}		EACH	* Refer Comfort Cooling guidance	Saving in EEPROM
		Service	S _{uc}	Vaccum Mode	SE ₃		vACC	-	1 time / 1 Selection

* Functions saved in EEPROM will be maintained continuously, though the system power was reset.

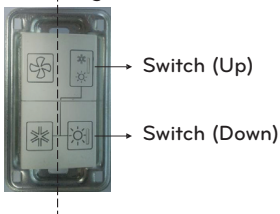
CAUTION

- To perform the optional function, be sure that All the IDU is off mode, unless the function will not be performed.

Cool & Heat selector (Fn 1)**Mode setting method****Function setting**

Switch Control		Function		
Switch (Up)	Switch (Down)	oFF	op1(mode)	op2(mode)
Right side (On)	Left side (On)	Not operate	Cooling	Cooling
Right side (On)	Right side (On)	Not operate	Heating	Heating
Left side (Off)	-	Not operate	Fan mode	Off

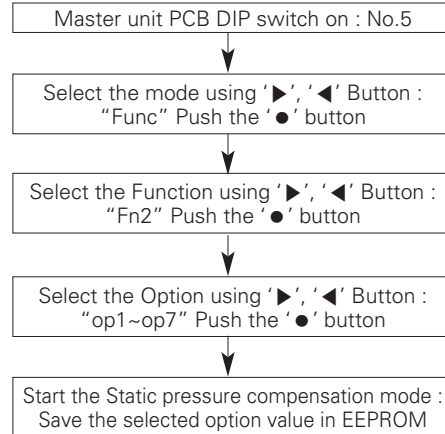
Left side | Right side

**CAUTION**

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.
- If do not use a function, set an off-mode.
- If use a function, first install a Cool & Heat selector.

High Static Pressure Compensation mode (Fn 2)

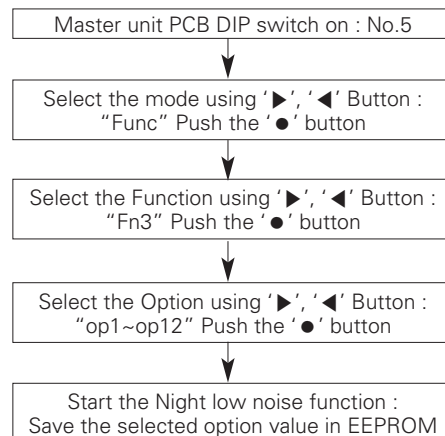
This function secures the air flow rate of ODU, in case static pressure has been applied like using duct at fan discharge of ODU.

Static pressure compensation mode setting method**FAN Maximum RPM of each step**

	Chassis	UXA	UXB
	Max. RPM	Standard	880
Overload / Low Temperature		880	1 150
op1		860	950
op2		840	900
op3		820	850
op4		800	800
op5		780	750
op6		760	700
	op7	740	650

Night Low Noise Function (Fn 3)

In cooling mode, this function makes the ODU fan operate at low RPM to reduce the fan noise of ODU at night which has low cooling load.

Night low noise function setting method

Time Settings

Step	Judgment Time(Hr)	Operation Time(Hr)
op1	8	9
op2	6.5	10.5
op3	5	12
op4	8	9
op5	6.5	10.5
op6	5	12
op7	8	9
op8	6.5	10
op9	5	12
op10	Continuous operation	
op11	Continuous operation	
op12	Continuous operation	

Noise

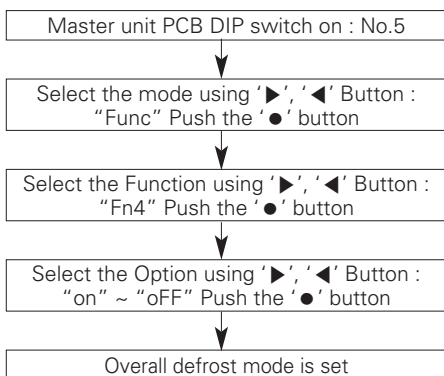
Step	Noise(dBA)
op1 ~ op3, op10	-3
op4 ~ op6, op11	-6
op7 ~ op9, op12	-9

CAUTION

- Request installer to set the function during installation.
- If ODU RPM changes, cooling capacity may go down.

Overall HEX defrost mode (Fn 4)

Mode setting method



Mode setting

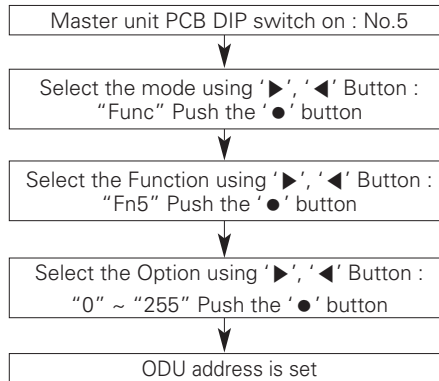
- on: Operate overall defrost
- off: Operate partial defrost

CAUTION

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.

Setting the ODU address (Fn 5)

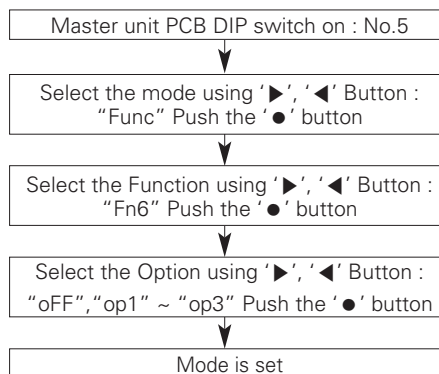
Mode setting method

**CAUTION**

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.
- If use a function, first install a Central controller.

Snow removal & rapid defrost (Fn 6)

Mode setting method



Mode setting

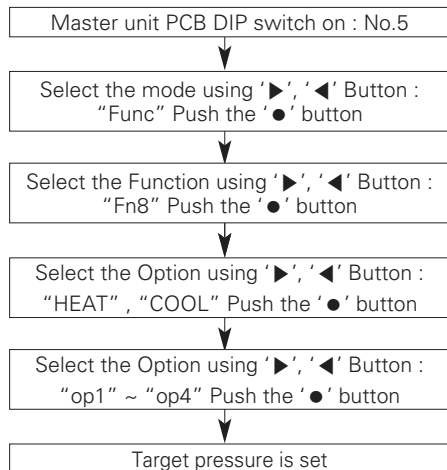
setting	Mode
oFF	Not setting
op1	Snow removal mode
op2	Rapid defrost mode
op3	Snow removal mode. + Rapid defrost mode.

CAUTION

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.
- If do not use a function, set an off-mode.

Target pressure adjusting (Fn 8)

Mode setting method



Setting

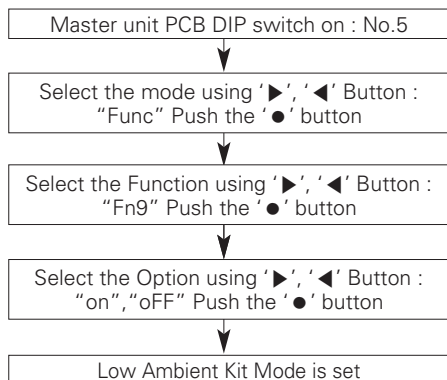
Mode	Purpose		Condensing temperature variation	Evaporating temperature variation
	Heat	Cool		
op1	Increase capacity	Increase capacity	+2 °C (35.6 °F)	-3 °C (37.4 °F)
op2	Decrease power consumption	Increase capacity	+2 °C (35.6 °F)	-1.5 °C (-34.7 °F)
op3	Decrease power consumption	Decrease power consumption	-4 °C (-39.2 °F)	+2.5 °C (36.5 °F)
op4	Decrease power consumption	Decrease power consumption	-6 °C (-42.8 °F)	-4.5 °C (-40.1 °F)

CAUTION

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.
- If do not use a function, set an off-mode.
- Change a power consumption or capacity.

Low Ambient Kit (Fn 9)

Mode setting method

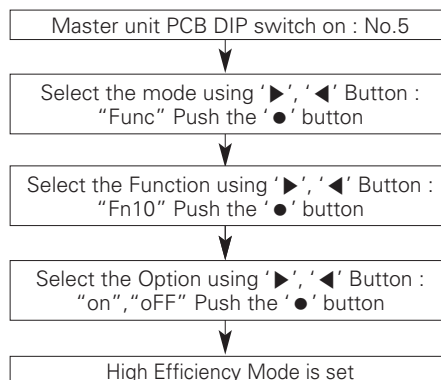


※ Reference for functional logic of I/O Module

High Efficiency Mode (Cooling Operation) (Fn 10)

Mode setting method

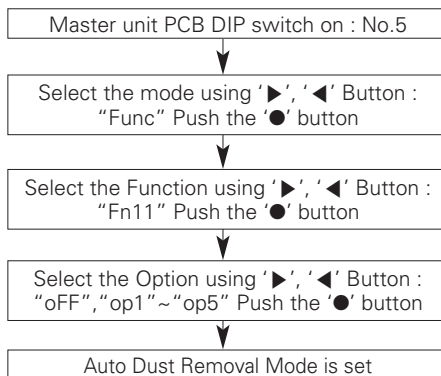
- Target low pressure will change according to ODU temperature during the cooling operation.



Auto Dust Removal Mode (Fn 11)

The ability to set reverse run outdoor fan to remove dust, heat exchanger.

Mode setting method

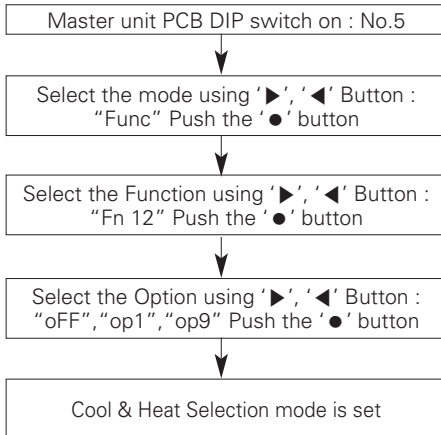


Mode Setting

Setting	Operation time	Operating time	Repeat cycle	Detail of function
op1	Stop +2 hours	5 minutes	2 hours	After product stopped 2 hours, fan operating 5 minutes. (Repeated every 2 hours)
op2	stop +5 minutes	3 minutes	Twice in 2 hours	After product stopped 5 minutes, fan operating 3 minutes. (Limited to two times within 2 hours)
op3	stop +5 minutes	3 minutes	1 time	After product stopped 2 hours, fan operating 5 minutes. (Repeated every 2 hours)
op4	Stop +1 minute	1 minute	1 time	After product stopped 5 minutes, fan operating 3 minutes. (when io module connection / one-time operation)
op5	Stop +1 minute	1 minute	Low speed	After product stopped 1 minute, fan operating 1 minute. (every time the product stops)

Compressor Max. Frequency Limit (Fn 12)

Mode setting method



Function setting

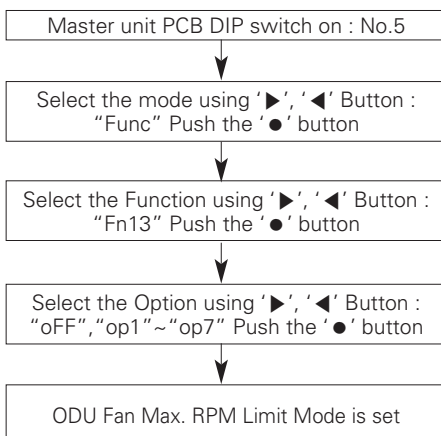
Setting	Frequency (Hz)
oFF	-
op1	143 Hz
op2	135 Hz
op3	128 Hz
op4	120 Hz
op5	113 Hz
op6	105 Hz
op7	98 Hz
op8	90 Hz
op9	83 Hz

CAUTION

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.
- If use a function, first install a Central controller.

ODU Fan Max. RPM Limit (Fn 13)

Mode setting method



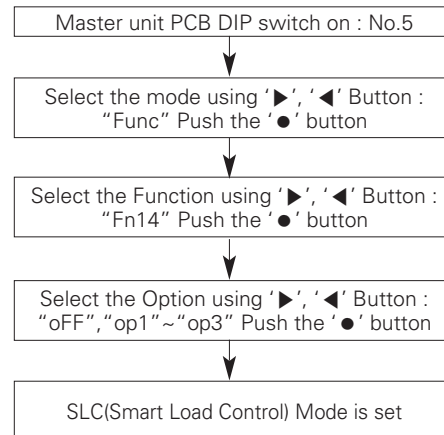
MAX. RPM Limit Setting

Chassis	UXA	UXB	
Fan MAX. RPM Limit (RPM)	oFF	880	1 000
	oP1	-20	-50
	oP2	-40	-100
	oP3	-60	-150
	oP4	-80	-200
	oP5	-100	-250
	oP6	-120	-300
	oP7	-140	-350

SLC (Smart Load Control) (Fn 14)

Function for set the variable target pressure which for the high efficiency and comport operation depend on ODU load.

Mode setting method

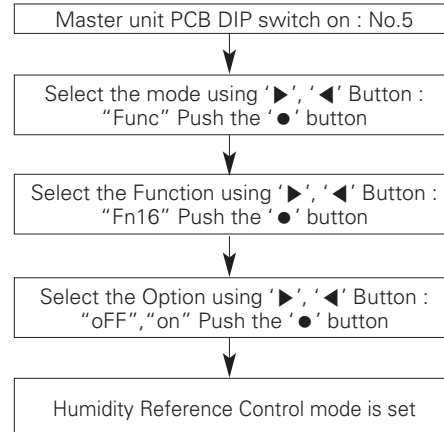


SLC(Smart Load Control) Mode

Setting	Mode	Detail of function
oFF	Not Setting	-
oP1	Smooth Mode	Slowly control, a target pressure value
oP2	Normal Mode	Normal control, a target pressure value
oP3	Peak Mode	Fast control, a target pressure value

Humidity Reference Control (Fn 16)

Mode setting method



Mode setting

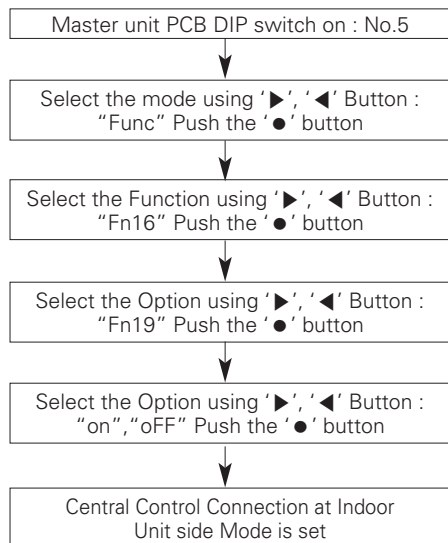
- on:using humidity sensor
- oFF:not setting

<Using of humidity sensor>

- When used cooling operation of SLC function, it will improve energy efficiency because evaporation temperature will be decreased
- When used heating operation in case of high humidity condition, defrost will be delayed because target high/low pressure will be changed.

Central Control Connection at Indoor Unit side (Fn 19)

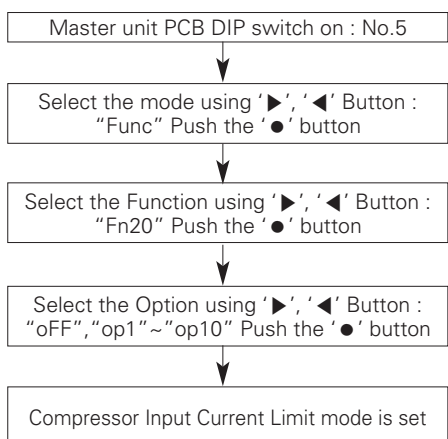
Mode setting method



Compressor Input Current Limit Mode (Fn 20)

System Input Current Control

Mode setting method



Compressor Input Current Limit

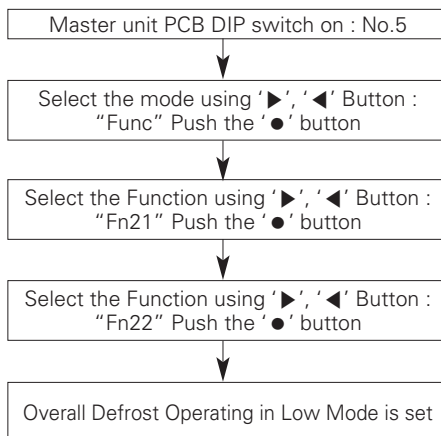
Mode	Compressor Input Current Limit
oFF	100 %
op1	95 %
op2	90 %
op3	85 %
op4	80 %
op5	75 %
op6	70 %
op7	65 %
op8	60 %
op9	55 %
op10	50 %

CAUTION

- Ask an authorized technician to setting a function.
- If do not use a function, set an off-mode.
- If use a function, capacity may go down.

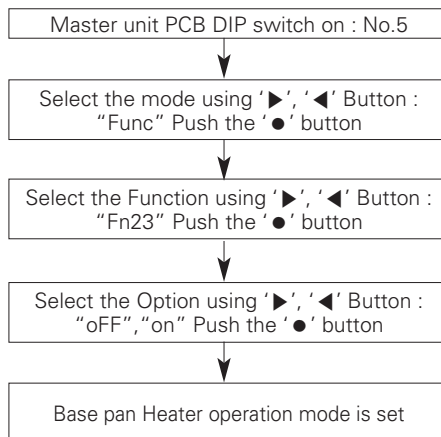
Overall Defrost Operating in Low temperature (Heating) (Fn 22)

Mode setting method



Setting	Detail of function
Default	OFF
Setting	ON/OFF Control

Base pan Heater operation (Fn 23)



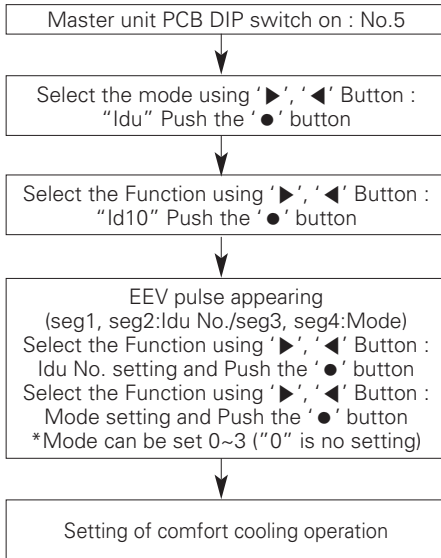
CAUTION

- Function to prevent freezing of ODU base pan in a cold area.
- Heater is accessory.(Sold separately)

Comfort Cooling operation (Id 10)

It is function to reduce the ODU energy consumption by the continuous operation without thermo off.

Mode setting method



Setting of comfort cooling operation

Mode setting	Effect
0	No setting
1	Cooling capacity low, Power consumption low
2	Cooling capacity mid, Power consumption mid
3	Cooling capacity high, Power consumption high

Self-Diagnosis Function

Error Indicator

- This function indicates types of failure in self-diagnosis and occurrence of failure for air condition.
- Error mark is displayed on display window of indoor units and wired remote controller, and 7-segment LED of outdoor unit control board as shown in the table.
- If more than two troubles occur simultaneously, lower number of error code is first displayed.
- After error occurrence, if error is released, error LED is also released simultaneously.

Error Display

1st,2nd,3rd LED of 7-segment indicates error number, 4th LED indicates unit number.(* = 1: Master, 2: Slave 1, 3: Slave 2)

Ex) 1051 : Error occurrence with error number 105 at No. 1 outdoor unit (=Master unit)
In case of indoor unit error occurrence, the error number is only shown at remote controller without 7 segment LED of outdoor unit.

Ex) CH → 01 : Error occurrence with error number 01 (at remote controller)
In case of compressor error occurrence, 7 segment LED of outdoor unit control board will display its error number alternately with compressor number.

Ex) 213 → C23 : It means that compressor error occurred with Error No. 21 at No. 3 Outdoor unit (=Slave 2)



* Refer to the DX-Ventilation manual for DX-Ventilation error code.

Display			Title	Cause of Error			
Indoor unit related error	0	1	-	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit	Air temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short		
	0	2	-	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short		
	0	3	-	Communication error : wired remote controller ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive wired remote controller signal in indoor unit PCB		
	0	4	-	Drain pump	Malfunction of drain pump		
	0	5	-	Communication error : outdoor unit ↔ indoor unit	Failing to receive outdoor unit signal in indoor unit PCB		
	0	6	-	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit	Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short		
	0	8	-	Hydro Kit Hot water storage tank Temperature sensor	Pipe temperature sensor is open or short		
	0	9	-	Indoor EEPROM Error	In case when the serial number marked on EEPROM of Indoor unit is 0 or FFFFFF		
	1	0	-	Poor fan motor operation	Disconnecting the fan motor connector / Failure of indoor fan motor lock		
	1	1	-	Communication error : Hydro Kit Indoor unit ↔ Inv.PCB	Failing to receive Inv. PCB signal in indoor unit		
	1	2	-	Hydro Kit Inv.PCB error	Hydro Kit Inv.PCB error		
	1	3	-	Hydro Kit Solar heat piping temperature sensor error	Pipe temperature sensor is open or short		
	1	4	-	Hydro Kit Indoor unit Flow switch error	Flow switch flow detection error		
	1	5	-	Hydro Kit Liquid pipe Strange overheat Error	Temperature sensor defective or hot water inflow		
	1	6	-	Hydro Kit Indoor unit Inlet and Outlet pipe Temperature sensor Error	Pipe temperature sensor is open or short		
	1	7	-	Hydro Kit Indoor unit Inlet pipe Temperature sensor Error Outside air Introduction duct Inlet pipe Temperature sensor Error	Pipe temperature sensor is open or short		
	1	8	-	Hydro Kit Indoor unit Outlet pipe Temperature sensor Error	Pipe temperature sensor is open or short		
	Outdoor unit related error	2	3	0	-	Error in refrigerant leakage detection	Occurs when a refrigerant leakage sensor is detecting refrigerant leakage
		2	3	7	-	Poor communication between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit	The indoor unit could not receive the communication signal from the outdoor unit for at least 3 consecutive minutes
2		3	8	-	Poor communication between the controlling part of the outdoor unit and the indoor unit.	The controlling part of the outdoor unit could not receive the signal for controlling the indoor unit	
2		1	*		Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor IPM Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Drive IPM Fault	
2		2	*		Inverter PCB Input Over Current(RMS) of Master Outdoor Unit	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter PCB Input Current excess (RMS)	
2		3	*		Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor DC Link Low or High Voltage	System is turned off by Master Outdoor Unit DC Link Low/High Voltage.	
2		4	*		Master Outdoor Unit High Pressure Switch	System is turned off by Master Outdoor Unit high pressure switch.	

Display				Title	Cause of Error
Outdoor unit related error	2	5	*	Master Outdoor Unit Input Voltage High/ Low Voltage	Master Outdoor Unit input voltage is over 537 V or below 247 V (ARUM***LTE5) Master Outdoor Unit input voltage is over 310 V or below 143 V (ARUM***BTE5) Master Outdoor Unit input voltage is over 598 V or below 320 V (ARUM***DTE5) Master Outdoor Unit input voltage is over 776 V or below 373 V (ARUM***CTE5)
	2	6	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Start Failure	The first start failure by Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor abnormality or Compressor locked
	2	9	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Over Current	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Fault or some bits in pipe.
	3	2	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor1 High Discharge Temperature	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor1 High Discharge Temperature
	3	3	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor2 High Discharge Temperature	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor2 High Discharge Temperature
	3	4	*	High Pressure of Master Outdoor Unit	High Pressure of Master Outdoor Unit
	3	5	*	Low Pressure of Master Outdoor Unit	Low Pressure of Master Outdoor Unit
	4	0	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor CT Sensor open or short
	4	1	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor1 Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	2	*	Master Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Low Pressure Sensor open or short
	4	3	*	Master Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit High Pressure Sensor open or short
	4	4	*	Master Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Air Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	5	*	Master Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor (Front side) Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(Front side) open or short
	4	6	*	Master Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Suction Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	7	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor2 Discharge Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Compressor2 Discharge Temperature Sensor open or short
	4	9	*	Master Outdoor Unit Faulty IPM Temperature Sensor	Master Outdoor Unit IPM Temperature Sensor short/open
	5	0	*	Omitting connection of R, S, T power of Master Outdoor Unit	Omitting connection of Master outdoor unit
	5	1	*	Excessive capacity of indoor units	Excessive connection of indoor units compared to capacity of Outdoor Unit
	5	2	*	Communication error : inverter PCB → Main PCB	Failing to receive inverter signal at main PCB of Master Outdoor Unit
	5	3	*	Communication error : indoor unit → Main PCB of Outdoor Unit	Failing to receive indoor unit signal at main PCB of Outdoor Unit.
	5	7	*	Communication error : Main PCB → inverter PCB	Failing to receive signal main PCB at inverter PCB of Master Outdoor Unit
	6	0	*	Inverter PCB EEPROM Error of Master Outdoor Unit	Access Error of Inverter PCB of Master Outdoor Unit
	6	2	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Heatsink High Temperature	System is turned off by Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Heatsink High Temperature
	6	5	*	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Heatsink Temperature Sensor Fault	Master Outdoor Unit Inverter Heatsink Temperature Sensor open or short
	6	7	*	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Lock	Restriction of Master Outdoor Unit
	7	1	*	Inverter CT Sensor Error of Master Outdoor Unit	Inverter CT Sensor open or short of Master Outdoor Unit
	7	5	*	Master Outdoor Unit Fan CT Sensor Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan CT Sensor open or short
	7	7	*	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Over Current Error	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Current is over 6A
	7	9	*	Master Outdoor Unit Fan Start Failure Error	The first start failure by Master Outdoor Unit Fan abnormality or Fan locked
	8	6	*	Master Outdoor Unit Main PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between Master Outdoor Unit Main MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM
8	7	*	Master Outdoor Unit Fan PCB EEPROM Error	Communication Fail Between Master Outdoor Unit Fan MICOM and EEPROM or omitting EEPROM	
1	0	4	*	Communication Error Between Master Outdoor Unit and Other Outdoor Unit	Failing to receive Slave Unit signal at main PCB of Master Outdoor Unit
1	0	5	*	Outdoor Unit Fan PCB Communication Error	Failing to receive fan signal at main PCB of Outdoor unit
1	0	6	*	Outdoor Unit Fan IPM Fault Error	Instant Over Current at Outdoor Unit Fan IPM

	Display				Title	Cause of Error
Outdoor unit related error	1	0	7	*	Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link Low Voltage Error	Outdoor Unit Fan DC Link Input Voltage is under 380 V
	1	1	3	*	Outdoor Unit Liquid pipe Temperature Sensor Error	Liquid pipe temperature sensor of Outdoor Unit is open or short
	1	1	4	*	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Inlet Temperature Sensor Error	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Inlet Temperature Sensor Error
	1	1	5	*	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor Error	Outdoor Unit Subcooling Outlet Temperature Sensor Error
	1	1	6	*	Outdoor Unit Oil Level Sensor Error	Oil Level Sensor of Outdoor Unit is open or short
	1	4	5	*	Outdoor unit Main Board - External Board communication Error	Outdoor unit Main Board - External Board communication Error
	1	5	0	*	Outdoor Unit Discharge Superheat not satisfied	Outdoor Unit Compressor Discharge Superheat not satisfied during 5 Min.
	1	5	1	*	Failure of operation mode conversion at Outdoor Unit	Failure of operation mode conversion at Outdoor Unit
	1	5	3	*	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor (upper part) Fault	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor (upper part) Fault
	1	5	4	*	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor (lower part) Fault	Outdoor Unit Heat Exchanger Temperature Sensor(lower part) open or short
	1	8	2	*	Outdoor unit External Board Main-Sub Micom communication Error	Outdoor Unit Main Board Main-Sub Micom communication failed
	1	8	7	*	Hydro - Kit P,HEX bursting error	Inlet water temperature is below 5 degree or water temperature error during defrosting operation.
	1	9	3	*	Outdoor Unit Fan Heatsink High Temperature	System is turned off by Outdoor Unit Fan Heatsink High Temperature
	1	9	4	*	Outdoor Unit Fan Heatsink Temperature Sensor Fault	Outdoor Unit Fan Heatsink Temperature Sensor open or short
HR Unit related error	2	0	0	1	Searching pipe Error	Failure of automatic addressing of valves
	2	0	1	#HR + h	HR unit1 Liquid sensor error	Liquid pipe sensor of HR unit open or short
	2	0	2	#HR + h	HR unit1 Sub Cooling Pipe sensor error	Sub Cooling Pipe In sensor of HR unit open or short
	2	0	3	#HR + h	HR unit1 Sub Cooling Pipe Out sensor error	Sub Cooling Pipe Out sensor of HR unit. open or short
	2	0	4	#HR + h	Communication error	Failing to receive HR unit signal at outdoor unit
	2	0	5	#HR + h	Communication error between HR unit and the upgraded 485 modem.	4 series upgraded 485 communication error between HR unit and HR unit modem
	2	0	6	#HR + h	Duplicate address error of HR unit	When the HR unit address is set duplicated at the 4 series upgraded 485 communication
	2	0	7	#HR + h	Communication error between Master and Slave Main PCB of HR Unit	When fail to communication between Master and Slave Main PCB of HR Unit
Network error	2	4	2	*	Network error of cntral controller	Communication wiring defect

h : HR unit # : HR unit number

CAUTION FOR REFRIGERANT LEAK

The installer and system specialist shall secure safety against leakage according to local regulations or standards. The following standards may be applicable if local regulations are not available.

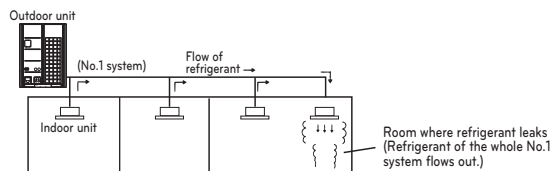
Introduction

Though the R410A refrigerant is harmless and incombustible itself, the room to equip the air conditioner should be large to such an extent that the refrigerant gas will not exceed the concentration limit even if the refrigerant gas leaks in the room.

Concentration limit

Concentration limit is the limit of Freon gas concentration where immediate measures can be taken without hurting human body when refrigerant leaks in the air. The Concentration limit shall be described in the unit of [kg/m³ (lbs/ft³)] (Freon gas weight per unit air volume) for facilitating calculation.

Concentration limit: 0.44 kg/m³ (0.028 lbs/ft³) (R410A)



Checking procedure of limiting concentration

Check concentration limit along following steps and take appropriate measure depending on the situation.

Calculate amount of all the replenished refrigerant [kg (lbs)] per each refrigerant system.

$$\text{Amount of pre-charged refrigerant per single} + \text{Amount of additional replenished refrigerant} = \text{Total amount of refrigerant in the system [kg (lbs)]}$$

Amount of replenished refrigerant at factory shipment

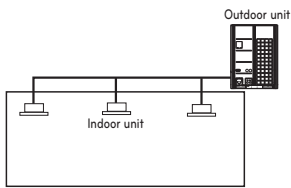
Amount of additionally replenished refrigerant depending on piping length or piping diameter by customer

Note : In case one refrigerant facility is divided into 2 or more refrigerant systems and each system is independent, amount of replenished refrigerant of each system shall be adopted.

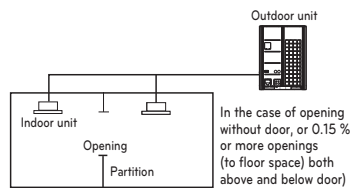
Calculate minimum room capacity

Calculate room capacity by regarding a portion as one room or the smaller room.

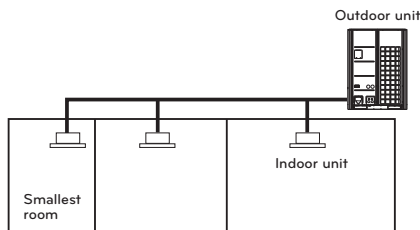
- Without partition



- With partition and with opening which serve as passage of air to adjoining room



- With partition and without opening which serve as passage of air to adjoining room



Calculate refrigerant concentration

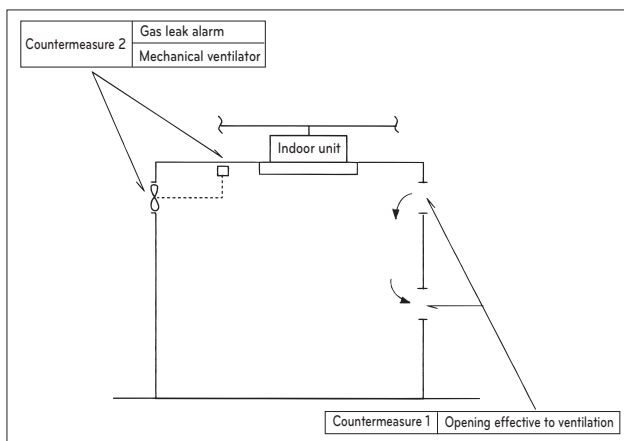
$$\frac{\text{Total amount of replenished refrigerant in refrigerant facility [kg(lbs)]}}{\text{Volume of smallest room where indoor unit is installed [m}^3\text{(ft}^3\text{)]}} = \text{Maximum concentration limit [kg/m}^3\text{ (lbs/ft}^3\text{)] (R410A)}$$

- In case the result of calculation exceeds the concentration limit, perform the same calculations by shifting to the second smallest, and the third smallest rooms until at last the result is below the concentration limit.

In case the concentration exceeds the limit

When the concentration exceeds the limit, change original plan or take one of the countermeasures shown below:

- Countermeasure 1
Provide opening for ventilation.
Provide 0.15 % or more size of opening to floor space both above and below door, or provide opening without door.
- Countermeasure 2
Provide gas leak alarm linked with mechanical ventilator.
- Countermeasure 3
Reducing the outdoor refrigerant qty by dividing into smaller separate system.



Pay a special attention to the place, such as a basement, etc. where refrigerant can stay, since refrigerant is heavier than air.

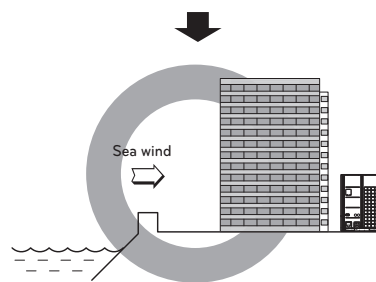
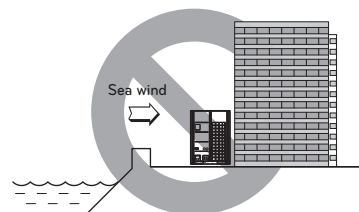
INSTALLATION GUIDE AT THE SEASIDE

CAUTION

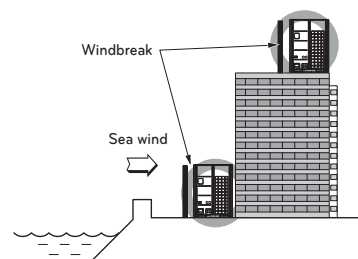
- Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid or alkaline gas, are produced.
- Do not install the product where it could be exposed to sea wind (salty wind) directly. It can result corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.
- If outdoor unit is installed close to the seaside, it should avoid direct exposure to the sea wind. Otherwise it needs additional anticorrosion treatment on the heat exchanger.

Selecting the location(Outdoor Unit)

If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the seaside, direct exposure to the sea wind should be avoided. Install the outdoor unit on the opposite side of the sea wind direction.



In case, to install the outdoor unit on the seaside, set up a windbreak not to be exposed to the sea wind.



- It should be strong enough like concrete to prevent the sea wind from the sea.
- The height and width should be more than 150 % of the outdoor unit.
- It should be kept more than 70 cm (2.3 ft) of distance between outdoor unit and the windbreak for smooth air flow.

Select a well-drained place.

- Periodic (1 times per 6 months) cleaning of the dust or salt particles stuck on the heat exchanger is necessary by using clean water

Model Designation

Product information

- Product Name : Air conditioner
- Model Name :

Product Sales Name	Model Factory Name
ARUx***yTE5 series	
x = N (Heat Pump), V (Cooling Only), M (Heat Recovery / Heat Pump)	
y = B (208/230 V) D (460 V) C (575 V)	
*** = Numeric; (Cooling capacity)	

- Additional information : Serial number is refer to the bar code on the product.



US	Please call the installing contractor of your product, as warranty service will be provided by them.
CANADA	Service call Number # : (888) LG Canada, (888) 542-2623 Numéro pour les appels de service : LG Canada, 1-888-542-2623

REVIEW OF MECHANICAL SUBMITTALS

Project: Arkansas Tech University – Jones Hall
Location: Russellville, Arkansas
Date of Receipt: Wednesday, March 8, 2023
Date of Review: Friday, March 10, 2023
Reviewed by: Adam Kelly
Email: akelly@pettitinc.com

P&P Job No. 21-108

Signed: 

Checking is for conformance with the design concept of the Project and compliance with the information given in the Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for dimensions to be confirmed and correlated at the job site; for information that pertains solely to the fabrication processes or to techniques of construction; and for coordination of the work of all trades.

Item	Approval Status	O	Comments
Section 23 81 28 - 01 Mini Splits	Approved as Corrected	O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - MCA and MOP do not match as scheduled values. Coordinate all required electrical changes with electrical contractor. - Provide layer of roofing material between unit support feet and existing roof. - Provide hail guards. - Contractor to provide simple wired thermostat in lieu of wireless remote device. - Contractor to carefully follow size and routing of refrigerant piping with manufacturer's instructions. Contractor to receive engineer's and manufacturer's approval for any changes to size / routing of piping that deviates from typical installations. Coordinate routing of piping with all trades. - Contractor to coordinate with controls contractor for integration of unit into central controller.






Note:



SUBMITTAL DATA

EQUIPMENT: LG Heat Pump Systems

TAGS: MSCU-1/MS-1 thru 3

PROJECT: ATU Jones Hall Renovation

LOCATION: Russellville, AR

ENGINEER:



CONTRACTOR:



DATE: 9/14/2022

SUBMITTED BY: Forrest Moseley
forrest@airetechcorp.com
(501) 425-6112

Date: 9/8/2022

For: File Resubmit
 Approval Other

PO No.:

Architect:

GC: AIRETECH CORPORATION

Engr: PETTIT & PETTIT

Mech:

Rep: Airetech Corporation
 (Company)

Tracy Parker
 (Project Manager)



LMU240HV

Multi F Inverter Heat Pump Outdoor Unit

Performance:

Cooling Capacity (Min.-Rated-Max., Btu/h)	8,400~23,600~25,000
Heating Capacity (Min.-Rated-Max., Btu/h)	10,080~24,600~29,000
Max. Heating Capacity at 5°F (Btu/h)	18,000
Max. Heating Capacity at 0°F (Btu/h)	16,200
Max. Heating Capacity at -4°F (Btu/h)	14,800
Cooling COP @95°F (Rated)	3.96
Heating COP @47°F (Rated)	4.20

Cooling Nominal Test Conditions:
 Indoor: 80°F DB / 67°F WB
 Outdoor: 95°F DB / 75°F WB

Heating Nominal Test Conditions:
 Indoor: 70°F DB / 60°F WB
 Outdoor: 47°F DB / 43°F WB

Operating Range:

Cooling (°F DB) ³	14 to 118
Heating (°F WB)	-4 to +64

Unit Data:

Refrigerant Type	R410A
Refrigerant Control	EEV
Sound Pressure (Cool / Heat) ±1 dB(A) ⁵	50 / 54
Net / Shipping Weight (lbs.)	101.4 / 110.2
Heat Exchanger Coating	Gold Fin™
Minimum No. of Indoor Units	2
Maximum No. of Indoor Units	3

Electrical:

Power Supply (V/Hz/Ø) ¹	208-230V, 60, 1
MOP (A)	20
MCA (A)	16.0
Recommended Fuse Size (A)	20
Cooling Rated Amps (A)	13.0
Heating Rated Amps (A)	13.0
Compressor (A)	12.0
Fan Motor (A)	0.40
Locked Rotor Amps (A)	16.0

MOP - Maximum Overcurrent Protection

MCA - Minimum Circuit Ampacity

Compressor:

Type	Twin Rotary
Quantity	1
Oil / Type	FVC68D

Fan:

Type	Propeller
Quantity	1
Motor / Drive	Brushless Digitally Controlled/Direct
Max. Airflow Rate (CFM)	1,766

Piping:

Refrigerant Charge (lbs.)	3.97
Liquid Line Connection (in., O.D.)	1/4 x 3
Vapor Line Connection (in., O.D.)	3/8 x 3
Maximum Total Piping ² (ft.)	230.0
Min. / Max. ODU to IDU Piping (ft.)	10.0 / 82.0
Piping Length (no add'l refrigerant, ft.)	98.4
Maximum Elevation between ODU and IDU (ft.)	49.2
Maximum Elevation between IDU and IDU (ft.)	24.6

ODU = Outdoor Unit

IDU = Indoor Unit

Features:

- Auto operation
- Auto restart
- Inverter (variable speed compressor)
- Defrost / Deicing
- Restart delay (three [3] minutes)
- Self diagnosis
- Soft start
- Low ambient cooling down to 14°F

Optional Accessories:

- PI-485 - PMNFP14A1
- MultiSITE Comm. Mgr. - PBACNBTR0A
- AC Smart 5 - PACS5A000
- ACP 5 - PACP5A000
- Power Distribution Indicator (PDI)

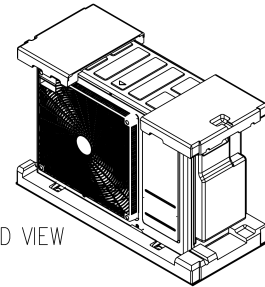
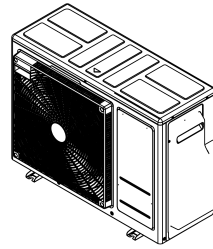
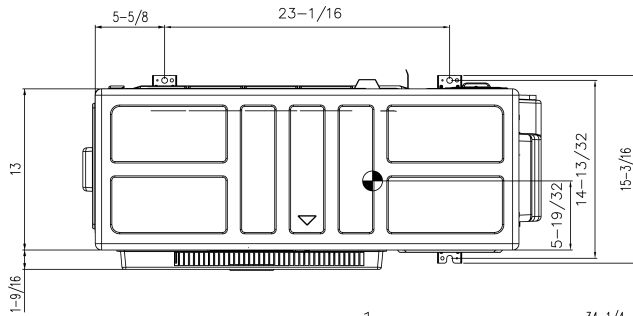
- Premium - PQNUD1S41
- Mobile LGMV - PLGMVW100
- Drain Pan Heater - PQSH1203
- Low Ambient Baffle Kit (Cooling operation to -4°F) - ZLABGP03A



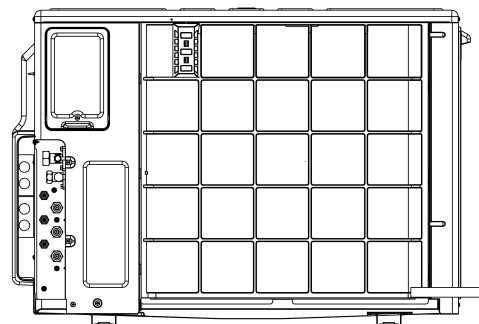
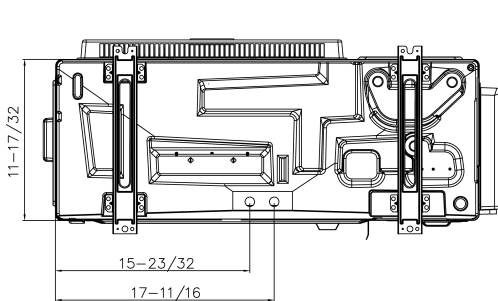
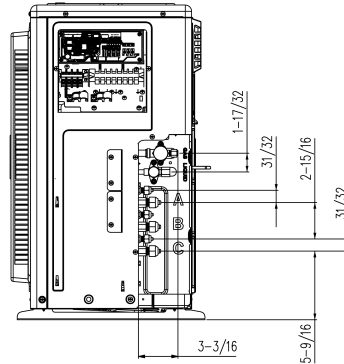
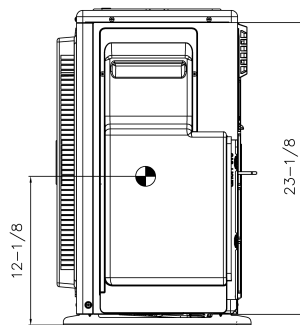
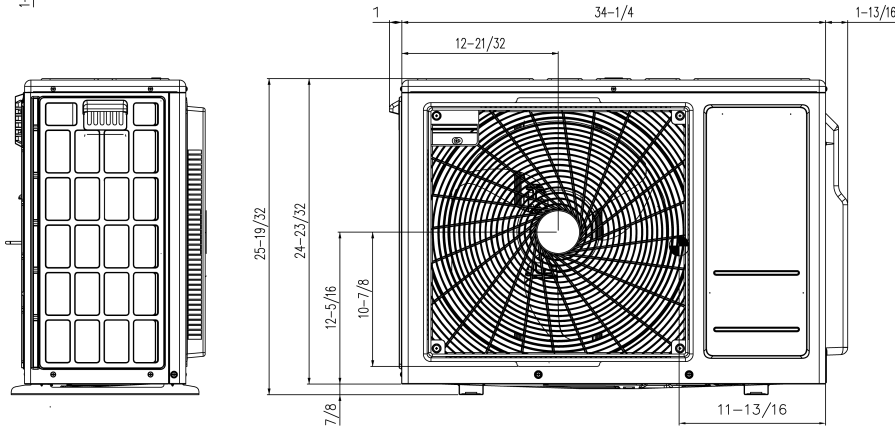
LMU240HV

Multi F Inverter Heat Pump Outdoor Unit

Unit: Inch
 Gravity point



3D VIEW



(BACK)

Notes:

1. Unit must be installed in compliance with the installation manual.
2. Unit must be grounded in accordance with the local or state regulations and applicable national codes.
3. All field-supplied electrical components and materials must comply with the local, state, and national codes.
4. Electrical characteristics must be considered for electrical work and design. The capacity of power cable and circuit breaker for the outdoor unit must follow local, state, national, and manufacturer requirements.
5. For LMU180HV Unit, ports A and B are available.
6. For LMU240HV Unit, ports A, B, and C are available.

Date: 9/8/2022

For: File Resubmit
 Approval Other_____

PO No.:



Architect: GC: AIRETECH CORPORATION

Engr: PETTIT & PETTIT Mech:

Rep: Airetech Corporation Tracy Parker
 (Company) (Project Manager)

LSN090HSV5
 Multi F Wall Mounted High Efficiency Indoor Unit
 9,000 Btu/h



Performance:

Nominal Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)	9,000
Nominal Heating Capacity (Btu/h)	10,900

Cooling Nominal Test Conditions:
 Indoor: 80°F DB / 67°F WB
 Outdoor: 95°F DB / 75°F WB

Heating Nominal Test Conditions:
 Indoor: 70°F DB / 60°F WB
 Outdoor: 47°F DB / 43°F WB

Electrical:

Power Supply (V)/Hz/Ø	208-230/60/1
Rated Amps (A)	0.4

Piping:

Installed Liquid Pipe (in., O.D.)	Ø1/4
Installed Vapor Pipe (in., O.D.)	Ø3/8
Liquid Connection (in., O.D.)	Ø1/4
Vapor Connection (in., O.D.)	Ø3/8
Drain (in., O.D. / I.D.)	27/32, 5/8
Temperature Sensor	Thermistor

Controls Features:

- 4-Way auto swing
- 24-Hour on/off timer
- Auto operation
- Auto restart
- Chaos wind
- Inverter (variable speed fan)
- Compatible with Single Zone HSV5 Outdoor Units
- Jet cool/Jet heat
- 3M Micro Dust Filter
- Self-cleaning indoor coil
- Sleep mode
- Condensate sensor connection
- Built-in Wi-Fi via Smart ThinQ app

Included Accessories:

- Wireless Remote Controller — AKB74955602

Optional Accessories:

- MultiSITE™ CRC1 - PREMTBVC0
- MultiSITE CRC1+ - PREMTBVC1
- Dry Contact - PDRYCB300

Entering Mixed Air:

Cooling (°F WB)	57 ~ 77
Heating (°F DB)	59 ~ 81

Unit Data:

Refrigerant Type	R410A
Refrigerant Control	EEV
Sound Pressure (H/M/L) (±3 dB[A]) ²	36 / 32 / 27
Primary Filter	Washable Pre-filter
Secondary Filter	3M Micro Dust
Net Weight (lbs.)	18.3
Shipping Weight (lbs.)	23.4

Fan:

Type	Cross Flow
Quantity	1
Motor/Drive	Brushless Digitally Controlled/Direct
Air Flow H/M/L (CFM)	268 / 218 / 169

Notes:

1. Acceptable operating voltage: 187V-253V.
2. Sound Pressure levels are tested in an anechoic chamber under ISO Standard 3745.
3. See Engineering Manual for sensible and latent capacities.
4. All communication / connection (power) cable from the outdoor unit to the indoor unit is field supplied and must be a minimum of four-conductor, 18 AWG, stranded, shielded or unshielded (if shielded, it must be grounded to the chassis of the outdoor unit only), and must comply with applicable local and national codes.
5. Power wiring cable size must comply with the applicable local and national code.
6. The indoor unit comes with a dry helium charge.
7. Corresponding refrigerant piping length is in accordance with standard length of each outdoor unit and the level difference is 0 ft. All capacities are net with a combination ratio between 95 - 105%.
8. Must follow installation instructions in the applicable LG installation manual.



LSN090HSV5
 Multi F Wall Mounted High Efficiency Indoor Unit
 9,000 Btu/h

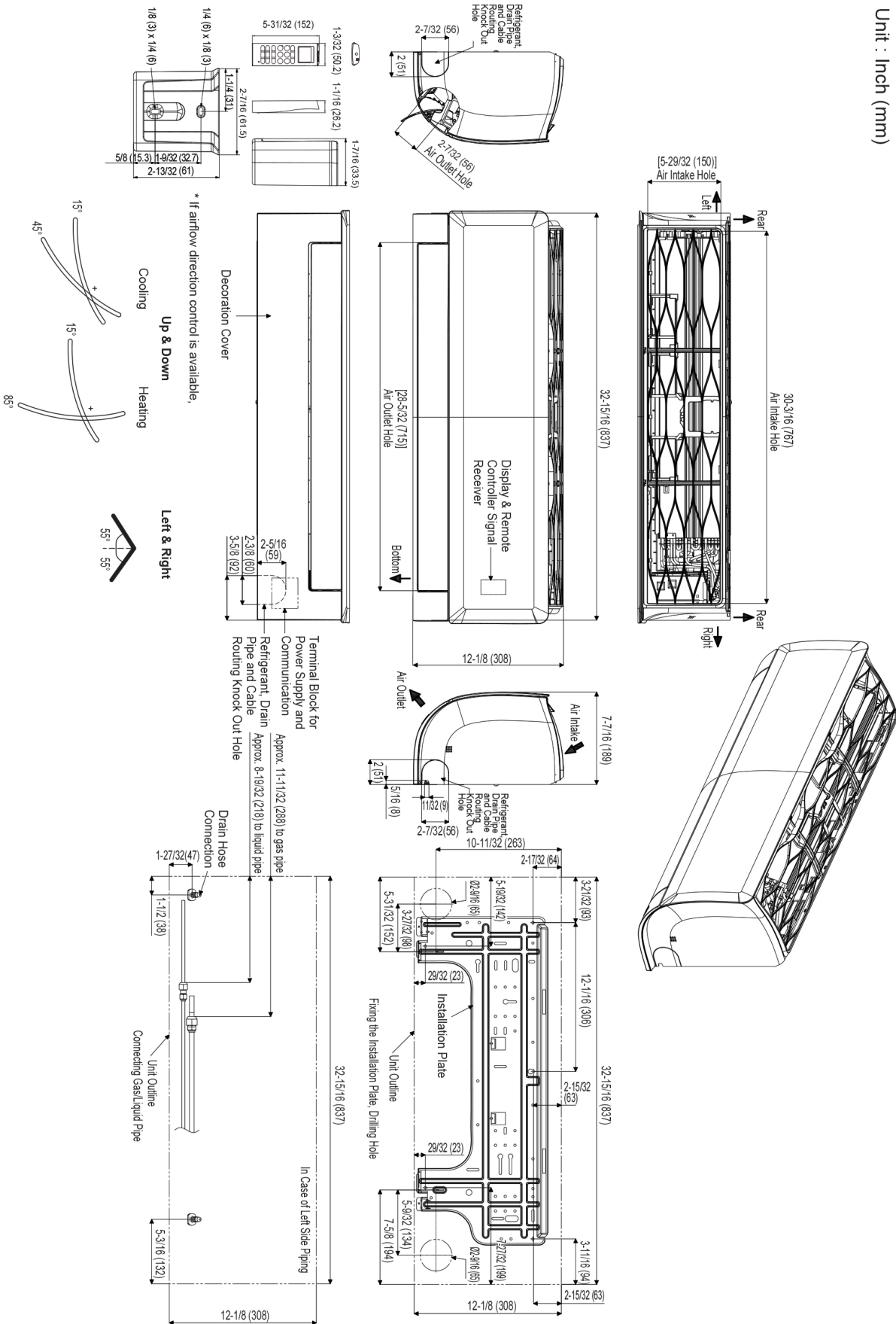


Tag No.: MS-1 thru 3

Date: 9/8/2022

PO No.: _____

Unit : Inch (mm)



Contents

1. Abbreviations
2. Building Load Summary
3. Model Selection - Summary
4. System Model Selection - ODU
5. System Model Section - IDU
6. System Tree Diagram
7. System Schematic Diagram

Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Description
TC	Total Cooling Capacity
SC	Sensible Cooling Capacity
HC	Heating Capacity
Capacity Ratio(%)	Corrected Capacity / Room Load
PI	Power Input
IDU	Indoor Unit
ODU	Outdoor Unit
DBT	Dry Bulb Temperature
WBT	Wet Bulb Temperature
IAT	Indoor Air Temperature
OAT	Outdoor Air Temperature
EWT	Entering Water Temperature
LWT	Leaving Water Temperature
RH	Relative Humidity
OA	Outdoor Air
RA	Return Air
SA	Supply Air
EA	Exhaust Air
MCA	Minimum Circuit Ampere
MFA	Maximum Fuse Ampere
MOP	Maximum rating of Overcurrent Protective device
FLA	Full Load Ampere
RLA	Rated Load Ampere
EER	Energy Efficiency Ratio
COP	Coefficient of Performance
ESP	External Static Pressure
AFR	Air Flow Rate
EDT	Estimated Discharge Temperature
Qty	Quantity
Liq	Liquid
WxHxD	Width x Height x Depth
H / M / L	High / Middle / Low
CR	Combination Ratio
Freq.	Frequency
Volt	Voltage
CF(%)	Correction Factor (Total Cooling Capacity / Total Rated Cooling Capacity)

Building Load Summary

1. Project name:ATU JONES HALL
2. Date:09/20/2022
3. Location :Nation(Little Rock, United States), Altitude(255ft)
4. Design conditions

		Cooling	Heating
OAT	DBT(°F)	95.0	16.0
	WBT(°F)	75.0	15.2
	RH(%)	40.0	87.3
IAT	DBT(°F)	80.0	70.0
	WBT(°F)	67.0	60.0
	RH(%)	51.3	56.2

5. Cooling and Heating Loads

Floor Name	Room Name	Cooling Load(kBtu/h)		Heating Load(kBtu/h)
		Total	Sensible	

Project Model Selection Summary

Date: 09/20/2022

1. Outdoor Units

Model Name	Quantity	Description
LMU240HV	1	
Total	1	

2. Indoor Units

Model Name	Quantity	Description
LSN090HSV5	3	
Total	3	

3. Pipes

Code	Diameter	Length(ft)
P0	1/4 : 3/8	29.5

4. BD Unit (Distributor Box)

Model No.	Quantity

5. Accessories

Model Name	Quantity	Description

Model Selection - Multi F1

System Name: Multi F1

Date: 09/20/2022

System No : 1/1

1. Design Conditions

	Cooling			Heating		
	DBT(°F)	WBT(°F)	RH(%)	DBT(°F)	WBT(°F)	RH(%)
OAT	95.0	75.0	40.0	16.0	15.2	87.3
IAT	80.0	67.0	51.3	70.0	60.0	56.2

2. Outdoor

Model Name	Max. Indoors Allowed	Max. Total Overload(%)	Combination Ratio (%)	Additional Refrigerant(lbs)
LMU240HV	3	31.2(130%)	1:1.13	0.00

Rated / Corrected Capa.(kBtu/h)		Rated / Corrected Pl(kW)	
Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
23.6/23.6	24.6/18.0	1.7/1.7	1.7/1.4

3. Indoors

Room	Room Load(kBtu/h)		Model Name	Type	Rated / Corrected TC(kBtu/h)			Capacity Ratio(%)	
	Cooling	Heating			Cooling	Heating	CF(%)	Cooling	Heating
Room	-	-	LSN090HSV5	Wall Mounted	9.0/7.9	7.5/6.0	87.4	-	-
Room	-	-	LSN090HSV5	Wall Mounted	9.0/7.9	7.5/6.0	87.4	-	-
Room	-	-	LSN090HSV5	Wall Mounted	9.0/7.9	7.5/6.0	87.4	-	-

#Notes: Correction factor is calculated using combination, temperature, and pipe length.

The result can be slightly different from Product Data Book due to simulation.

4. Pipes

Code	Diameter(Liq:Gas, inch)	Length(ft)
P0	1/4 : 3/8	29.5

5. BD Unit (Distributor Box)

Model No.	Quantity

Validation property

System Name: Multi F1

Date: 09/21/2022

System No : 1/1

6. Validation property

Contents	Limit	Current (Max. value: selected unit)
Total pipe length	229.7 ft	70.0 ft
Each branch pipe length	82.0 ft	31.0 ft
Height difference [ODU to IDU]	49.2 ft	24.0 ft
Height difference [IDU to IDU]	24.6 ft	14.2 ft

Note 1 : Except "Longest equivalent pipe length", the other pipe length limitations are actual length.

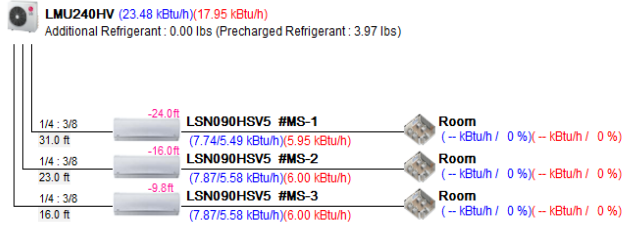
System Tree Diagram

System Name: Multi F1

Date: 09/21/2022

System No : 1/1

Multi F1



Two pipe : Liquid - Gas

Thermostat,
 Group Control,
 Dry Contact

Indoor Units : 3 of 3
Combination Ratio : 27.0 of 24.0 (112%)
Total Pipe : 70 of 230 ft

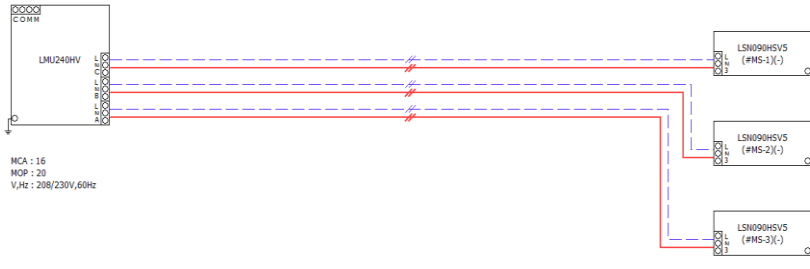
System Schematic Diagram

System Name: Multi F1

Date: 09/21/2022

System No : 1/1

- Power line(Outdoor unit)
- Power line(Indoor unit /HR unit)
- Communication line (ODU-IDU / ODU-ODU) : Twisted, Stranded and shielded AWG 14 x 4C
- Communication line (ODU-CEN) : Twisted, Stranded and shielded AWG 18 x 2C
- Communication line(Remote controller) : Twisted and stranded AWG 22 x 3C
- Ground shield wire at ODU only



Power wiring, breaker size, and disconnects should follow local code or NEC.

System Model Selection

System Name: Control System1

Date: 09/20/2022

System No : 1/1

1. Controllers

Model Name	Quantity	Description
PBACNA000	2	AC Smart BACnet
Total	2	

* PI 485 is mandatory when designing for control system. Please check the quantity of PI 485.

* Accessories selected from system: these are central control related accessories selected from Multi V, Multi, Single, and ERV system.

* ACS, ACU I/O module selected from Control System is listed on controllers table. ACS, ACU I/O module selected from Multi V, Multi, Single, ERV system is listed on accessories table.

* Watt, gas meters are not provided by LG electronics. Please buy it separately.

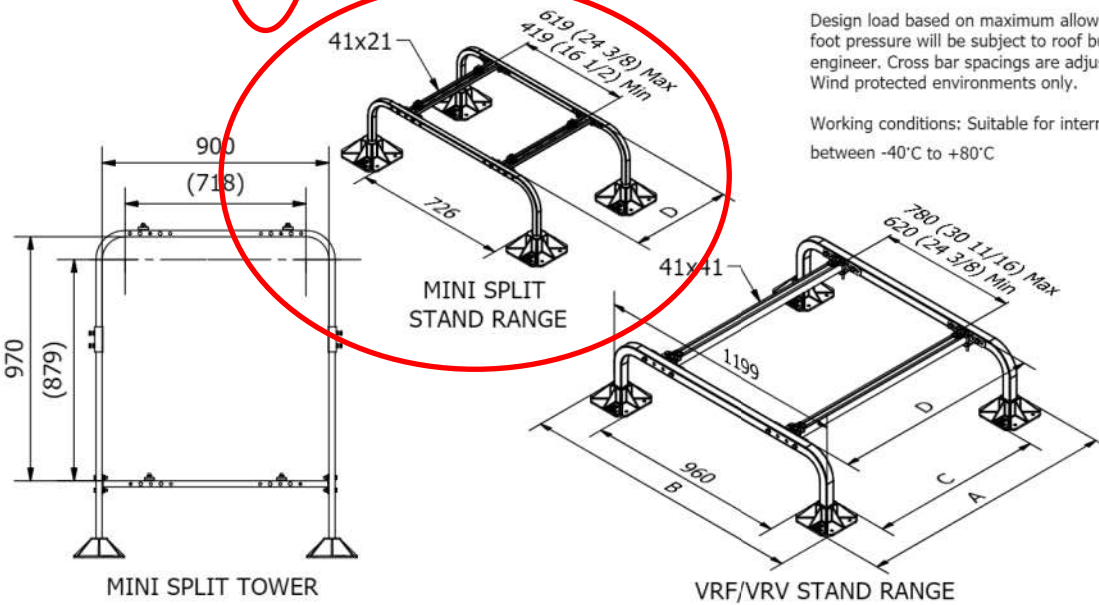
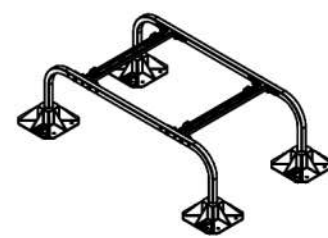
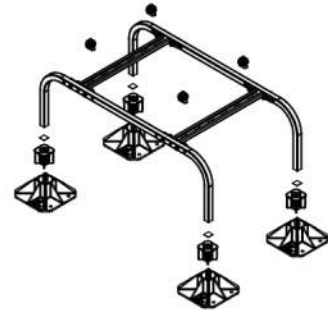
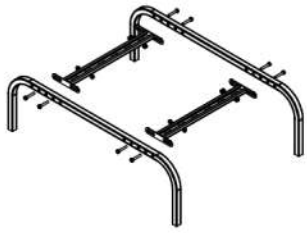
Pipe Summary

Date: 09/21/2022

1. Refrigerant Pipe

System Name		Length(ft)														
Diameter(inch)	Type	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1+1/8	1+1/4	1+3/8	1+1/2	1+5/8	1+3/4	2	2+1/8
Multi F1	Liquid	70.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Low Gas	-	70.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	SubTotal	70.0	70.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		70.0	70.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PROJECT REF: STAND RANGE		Material grade: BS EN 10219-1:2006 (S235JR). Welding standard: BS EN ISO 15614-1. Galvanizing standard: BS EN ISO 1461:2009 Reference specification document "Custom Fabrication Specification" (BF-SPEC-050411) for further information														
UNIT REF: N/A		Mini Split Stand Range							VRF/VRV Stand Range							
FOOT PRESSURE: N/A		Part Number	B5550	B5551	B5552	B5553	B5554	B5555	B5562	B5556	B5557	B5558	B5559	B5560	B5561	
UDL: N/A		Description	Mini Split Low	Mini Split High	Mini Split Tower	MS Low Extension	MS High Extension	MS Riser Kit 4 Pack	MS Riser Kit 2 Pack	VRF/VRV 990	VRF/VRV 1290	VRF/VRV 1450	VRF/VRV 990 Extension	VRF/VRV 1290 Extension	VRF/VRV 1450 Extension	
		Number of Feet	4	4	4	2	2	-	-	4	4	4	2	2	2	
1	A	Overall Length	mm	700	700	700	1060	1060	n/a	n/a	1230	1530	1690	1030	1330	1490
			inches	27 9/16	27 9/16	27 9/16	41 3/4	41 3/4	n/a	n/a	48 1/2	60 1/4	66 1/2	40 1/2	52 3/8	58 5/8
2	B	Overall Width	mm	1125	1125	1125	1125	1125	n/a	n/a	1360	1360	1360	1360	1360	1360
			inches	44 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/4	44 1/4	n/a	n/a	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
3	C	Distance Between Feet	mm	300	300	300	775	775	n/a	n/a	830	1130	1290	830	1130	1290
			inches	11 13/16	11 13/16	11 13/16	30 1/2	30 1/2	n/a	n/a	32 5/8	44 1/2	50 3/4	32 5/8	44 1/2	50 3/4
4	D	Crossbar Length	mm	475	475	475	950	950	n/a	n/a	990	1290	1450	990	1290	1450
			inches	18 11/16	18 11/16	18 11/16	37 2/5	37 2/5	n/a	n/a	32 5/8	44 1/2	50 3/4	32 5/8	44 1/2	50 3/4
5	A	Height	mm	305	450	305/1000	305	450	152	152	305	305	305	305	305	305
			inches	12	17 11/16	12/39 3/8	12	17 11/16	6	6	12	12	12	12	12	12
6	B	Frame Weight	kg	20	22	35	18	19	1.5	0.75	35	38	41	25	28	31
			lbs	44	49	77	40	42	3	2	77	84	90	55	62	68
7	C	Design Load	kg	175	175	300	175	175	-	-	600	500	400	600	500	400
			lbs	385	385	661	385	385	-	-	1323	1102	882	1323	1102	882



Design load based on maximum allowable deflection on cross members. Allowable foot pressure will be subject to roof build-up, typically detailed by a structural engineer. Cross bar spacings are adjustable to accommodate various unit sizes. Wind protected environments only.

Working conditions: Suitable for internal or external applications in temperatures between -40°C to +80°C



13 (x2) & 17mm
30Nm on frame bolts
10Nm on unit mounting bolts

Installation and application considerations should include health, safety and environmental needs, regulations and standards, codes of practice, climate conditions, installation location, product orientation, evaluation of the roof structure, composition, surface and condition, ancillary and complementary products and materials. Big Foot Systems recommend that all rooftop products are handled and installed by suitably qualified persons. All scheme designs are based on the use of Big Foot Systems' products and materials only. Terms and conditions available on request.

C	REV	DATE:	19/10/2016	SCALE: 1 : 15	A3
		DRAWN:	A SIMMANS		
		CHECKED:	S BIRCH		
				DIMENSIONS IN mm U.O.S	TOLERANCES: 0.0 ± 0.5mm U.O.S
				SHEET 1 OF 1	

TITLE:	Stand Range Product Information Sheet
DWG No.	BFP-SR.dwg
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