SECTION 03300

CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Concrete formwork.
- B. Floors and slabs on grade.
- C. Concrete foundation walls.
- D. Concrete reinforcement.
- E. Underslab Vapor Retarder.
- F. Concrete curing.

1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings; American Concrete Institute International; 2005.
- B. ACI 302.1R Guide for Concrete Floor and Slab Construction; American Concrete Institute International; 2004 (errata 2007).
- C. ACI 304R Guide for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete; American Concrete Institute International; 2000.
- D. ACI 305R Hot Weather Concreting; American Concrete Institute International; 1999.
- E. ACI 306R Cold Weather Concreting; American Concrete Institute International; 1988 (Reapproved 2002).
- F. ACI 308R Guide to Curing Concrete; American Concrete Institute International; 2001 (Reapproved 2008).
- G. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary; American Concrete Institute International; 2008.
- H. ASTM A 615/A 615M Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement; 2007.
- ASTM C 39/C 39M Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens; 2005.
- J. ASTM C 94/C 94M Standard Specification for Ready-Mixed Concrete; 2007.
- K. ASTM C 143/C 143M Standard Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic-Cement Concrete; 2008.
- L. ASTM C 171 Standard Specification for Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete; 2007.
- M. ASTM C 1107/C 1107M Standard Specification for Packaged Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (Nonshrink); 2008.

N. ASTM E 1745 – Standard Specification for Plastic Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill under Concrete Slabs; 2009.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See administrative requirements given by the architect, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturers' data on manufactured products showing compliance with specified requirements.
- C. Samples: Submit samples of underslab vapor retarder to be used.
- D. Project Record Documents: Accurately record actual locations of embedded utilities and components that will be concealed from view upon completion of concrete work.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work of this section in accordance with ACI 301 and ACI 318.
- B. Follow recommendations of ACI 305R when concreting during hot weather.
- C. Follow recommendations of ACI 306R when concreting during cold weather.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 FORMWORK

- A. Forms For Exposed Finish Concrete: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood faced, or other acceptable panel-type materials, to provide continuous, straight, smooth, exposed surfaces.
- B. Forms For Unexposed Finish Concrete: Use plywood, lumber, metal, or other acceptable material. If lumber is used, it must be dressed on at least 2 edges and 2 sides for a tight fit.
- C. Form Coatings: Commercial formulation form coating compound with maximum VOC of 350 mg/l that will not bond with, stain, nor adversely affect concrete surfaces, will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.
- D. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, adjustable-length, removable or snap-off metal form ties, designed to prevent form deflection and to prevent spalling concrete upon removal. Provide units that will leave no metal closer than 1-1/2" to exposed surface.
 - 1. Provide ties that, when removed, will leave holes not larger than 1" diameter in concrete surface.

2.02 REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A 615/A 615M Grade 60 (420).
 - 1. Type: Deformed billet-steel bars.
 - 2. Finish: Unfinished, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Reinforcement Accessories:
 - 1. Tie Wire: Annealed, minimum 16 gage.
 - 2. Chairs, Bolsters, Bar Supports, Spacers: Sized and shaped for adequate support of reinforcement during concrete placement.

3. Provide galvanized components for placement within 1-1/2 inches of weathering surfaces.

2.03 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Underslab Vapor Retarder: Multi-layer, fabric-, cord-, grid-, or aluminum-reinforced polyethylene or equivalent, complying with ASTM E 1745, Class A; .012 Perms or less, stated by manufacturer as suitable for installation in contact with soil or granular fill under concrete slabs. Single ply polyethylene is prohibited.
 - Accessory Products: Vapor retarder manufacturer's recommended tape, adhesive, mastic, prefabricated boots, etc., for sealing seams and penetrations in vapor retarder.
 - Construct pipe boots from vapor barrier material, pressure sensitive tape and/or mastic per manufacturer's instructions.
 - 3. This specification shall not be used if the architect also specifies the underslab vapor retarder.
- B. Non-shrink Grout: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M; premixed compound consisting of non-metallic aggregate, cement, water reducing and plasticizing agents.
- C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171; regular curing paper, white curing paper, clear polyethylene, or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.

2.04 MIXING

A. Transmit Mixers: Comply with ASTM C 94/C 94M.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify lines, levels, and dimensions before proceeding with work of this section.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Formwork: Comply with requirements of ACI 301. Design and fabricate forms to support all applied loads until concrete is cured, and for easy removal without damage to concrete.
- B. Verify that forms are clean and free of rust before applying release agent.
- C. Coordinate placement of embedded items with erection of concrete formwork and placement of form accessories.
- D. Interior Slabs on Grade: Install vapor retarder under interior slabs on grade and under and up sides of grade beams and footings. Lap joints minimum 6 inches. Seal joints, seams and penetrations watertight with manufacturer's recommended products and follow manufacturer's written instructions. Repair damaged vapor retarder before covering.

3.03 INSTALLING REINFORCEMENT

A. Comply with requirements of ACI 301. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, and accurately position, support, and secure in place to achieve not less than minimum concrete coverage required for protection.

3.04 PLACING CONCRETE

A. Place concrete in accordance with ACI 304R.

- B. Place concrete for floor slabs in accordance with ACI 302.1R.
- C. Notify architect not less than 24 hours prior to commencement of placement operations for inspections.
- D. Ensure reinforcement, inserts, water stops, embedded parts, and formed construction joint devices will not be disturbed during concrete placement.
- E. Repair underslab vapor retarder damaged during placement of concrete reinforcing. Repair with vapor retarder material; lap over damaged areas minimum 6 inches and seal watertight.
- F. Separate slabs on grade from vertical surfaces with joint filler.
- G. Place joint filler in floor slab pattern placement sequence. Set top to required elevations. Secure to resist movement by wet concrete.
- H. Extend joint filler from bottom of slab to within 1/2 inch of finished slab surface. Conform to Section 07900 for finish joint sealer requirements.
- I. Maintain records of concrete placement. Record date, location, quantity, air temperature, and test samples taken.
- J. Place concrete continuously between predetermined expansion, control, and construction joints.
- K. Do not interrupt successive placement; do not permit cold joints to occur.
- L. Saw cut joints within 24 hours after placing. Use 3/16-inch-thick blade, cut into 1/4 depth of slab thickness.
- M. Screed floors level, maintaining surface flatness of maximum 1/4 inch in 10 ft.

3.05 CONCRETE FINISHING

- A. Repair surface defects, including tie holds, immediately after removing formwork.
- B. Unexposed Form Finish: Rub down or chip off fins or other raised areas 1/4 inch or more in height.
- C. Exposed Form Finish: Rub down or chip off and smooth fins or other raised areas 1/8 inch or more in height. Provide finish as follows:
 - 1. Grout Cleaned Finish: Finish to requirements of ACI 301. Wet areas to be cleaned and apply grout mixture by brush or spray; scrub immediately to remove excess grout. After drying, rub vigorously with clean burlap, and keep moist for 36 hours.
- D. Concrete Slabs: Finish to requirements of ACI 302.1R, and as follows:
 - Surfaces to Receive Thin Floor Coverings: "Steel trowel" as described in ACI 301.1R; thin floor coverings
 include carpeting, resilient flooring, seamless flooring, thin set quarry tile, and thin set ceramic tile.
 - 2. Other Surfaces to Be Left Exposed: "Steel trowel" as described in ACI 302.1R, minimizing burnish marks and other appearance defects.

3.06 CURING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with requirements of ACI 308R. Immediately after placement, protect concrete from premature drying, excessively hot or cold temperatures, and mechanical injury.
- B. Maintain concrete with minimal moisture loss at relatively constant temperature for period necessary for hydration of cement and hardening of concrete.
 - 1. Normal concrete: Not less than 7 days.

- C. Surfaces Not in Contact with Forms:
 - 1. Initial Curing: Start as soon as free water has disappeared and before surface is dry. Wet surface and cover with plastic sheeting secured in place. Keep covered and moist for five days.
 - 2. Final Curing: Begin after initial curing but before surface is dry.
 - a. Moisture-Retaining Cover: Seal in place with waterproof tape or adhesive.

3.07 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. An independent testing agency will perform quality control tests.
- B. Provide free access to concrete operations at project site and cooperate with appointed firm.
- C. Submit proposed mix design of each class of concrete to inspection and testing firm for review prior to commencement of concrete operations.
- D. Tests of concrete and concrete materials may be performed at any time to ensure conformance with specified requirements.
- E. Compressive Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M. For each test, mold and cure three concrete test cylinders. Obtain test samples for every 50 cu yd or less of each class of concrete placed.
- F. Take one additional test cylinder during cold weather concreting, cured on job site under same conditions as concrete it represents.
- G. Perform one slump test for each set of test cylinders taken, following procedures of ASTM C 143/C 143M.

3.08 DEFECTIVE CONCRETE

- A. Test Results: The testing agency shall report test results in writing to architect and general contractor within 24 hours of test.
- B. Defective Concrete: Concrete not conforming to required lines, details, dimensions, tolerances or specified requirements.
- C. Repair or replacement of defective concrete will be determined by the architect. The cost of additional testing shall be borne by general contractor when defective concrete is identified.
- D. Do not patch, fill, touch-up, repair, or replace exposed concrete except upon express direction of the architect for each individual area.

END OF SECTION